

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.8059, 44.6693,  
84.4186)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CBBEA
RGB	108, 187, 234
RGB Percent	42%, 73%, 92%
CMY	0.5764, 0.2667, 0.0823
CMYK	0.54, 0.20, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	202°, 75%, 67%
HSV	202°, 54%, 92%
XYZ	38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186
YIQ	168.7370, -62.1710, -2.1310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

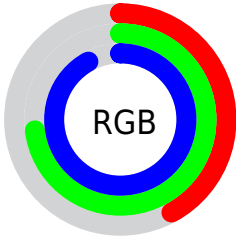
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	108, 157, 234
Decimal	7125994
CIELab	72.67, -11.29, -30.85
CIELCh	73, 32.848, 249.905
Yxy	44.6693, 0.2311, 0.2661
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285316074 (0xFF6CBBEA)
YUV	168.7370, 32.1747, -53.2663
Hunter-Lab	66.8351, -13.3205, -28.1039

# Details

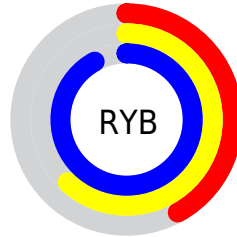
The XYZ color **38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **48.3611, 42.0194, 19.7506**, and the grayscale version is **37.4517, 39.4022, 42.9089**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.0369, 79.5367, 106.4793**, and **17.5572, 20.7781, 45.2047** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.5371, 39.8035, 83.7052**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.9539, 50.1571, 85.2074**.

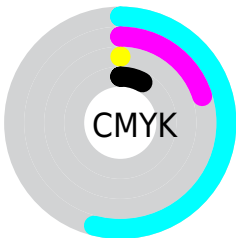
# Distribution



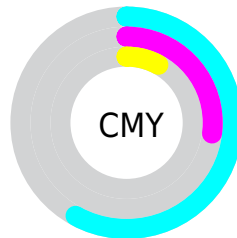
- Red (42%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.8059, 44.6693,  
84.4186

■ 38.8059, 44.6693,  
84.4186

332.2859,  
365.4326, 529.7966

■ 26.7888, 31.1970,  
62.8137

■ 72.6377, 82.2239,  
141.4275

■ 17.5504, 20.7489,  
45.2505

■ 95.1831, 107.0751,  
177.6686

■ 10.7254, 12.9406,  
31.3104

■ 121.9686,  
136.4880, 219.6256

■ 5.9485, 7.3877,  
20.5749

153.3597,  
170.8470, 267.7169

■ 2.8541, 3.7057,  
12.6254

189.7216,  
210.5366, 322.3611

■ 1.0771, 1.5103,  
7.0434

231.4197,

■ 0.0058, 0.2960,

255.9411, 383.9768

3.4104

278.8193,  
307.4450, 452.9824

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.3078

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0682

■ 38.8059, 44.6693,  
84.4186

■ 38.8059, 44.6693,  
84.4186

■ 34.5371, 39.8035,  
83.7052

■ 43.9539, 50.1571,  
85.2074

■ 31.0783, 35.5186,  
83.0605

■ 50.0341, 56.2947,  
86.0716

■ 28.3565, 31.7748,  
82.4813

■ 57.1006, 63.1134,  
87.0153

■ 26.2815, 28.5224,  
81.9629

■ 65.2014, 70.6408,  
88.0413

■ 25.2409, 26.7195,  
81.6697

■ 74.3816, 78.9029,  
89.1521

■ 84.6833, 87.9238,  
90.3504

■ 89.6905, 94.3987,  
91.3363

■ 91.8514, 98.7206,  
92.0566

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.6012, 44.6693, 71.6481



38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186



44.3678, 44.6693, 86.5170

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186



54.1787, 44.6693, 43.4414



35.8145, 44.6693, 28.3346

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186



48.3611, 42.0194, 19.7506

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.6015, 44.6693, 23.8301



38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186



51.4196, 44.6693, 31.1705

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186



53.5889, 44.6693, 60.2228



46.3299, 44.6693, 24.7369



32.9842, 44.6693, 38.6419



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186



48.1515, 44.6693, 81.1883



46.3299, 44.6693, 24.7369



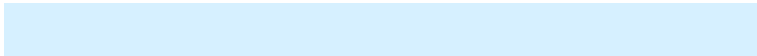
37.2298, 44.6693, 26.2089

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.8074, 44.6709, 84.4197



76.9356, 83.7376, 106.7158



41.4579, 64.3746, 40.9015



16.0217, 17.5116, 22.7856



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.8074, 44.6709, 84.4197



41.3020, 47.5726, 101.6133



28.3454, 23.7470, 80.9324



15.0181, 16.1227, 19.2427



14.3084, 15.2639, 45.9351



1.2153, 1.3820, 3.6376



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.2651, 31.8069, 50.6108



54.4781, 32.3044, 53.9173



61.5040, 68.3052, 24.1315



15.4627, 15.2129, 17.7219



22.0775, 11.0337, 16.7415

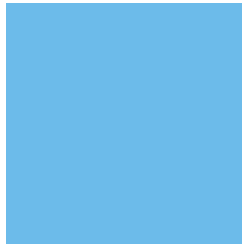


1.7799, 0.8849, 1.5584



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

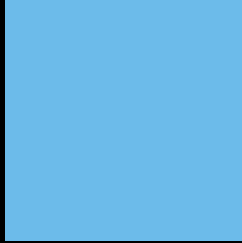
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

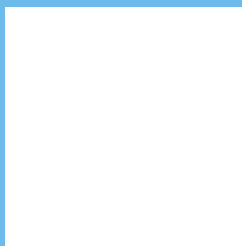
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.8059, 44.6693,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186

### Protanopia

44.5745, 44.1503, 78.1240

### Deuteranopia

45.5163, 44.4558, 86.3026



## Tritanopia

35.1491, 44.8009, 65.8264

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186

**Protanomaly**

41.7646, 43.8266, 80.3869

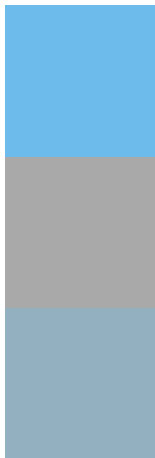
**Deuteranomaly**

42.4158, 44.0471, 85.6233

**Tritanomaly**

36.4173, 44.6614, 72.3468

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186

**Achromatopsia**

37.7116, 39.6755, 43.2066

**Achromatomaly**

37.1836, 41.1040, 56.4262

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 187, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 187, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 187, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 187, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

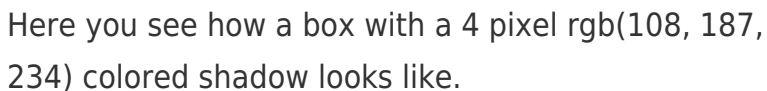
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 187, 234) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 187, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 187, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 187, 234); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 187, 234); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 187, 234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.8059, 44.6693, 84.4186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 187, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
187, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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