

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.8261, 21.0462, 8.6201)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.8261, 21.0462, 8.6201)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.6809, 20.9711,  
8.6657)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2294B
RGB	242, 41, 75
RGB Percent	95%, 16%, 29%
CMY	0.0510, 0.8391, 0.7059
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.69, 0.05
HSL	350°, 89%, 55%
HSV	350°, 83%, 95%
XYZ	38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657
YIQ	104.9750, 108.8820, 53.1860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

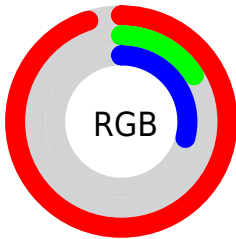
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">242, 41, 75</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15870283</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">52.92, 73.47, 32.79</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">53, 80.457, 24.055</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">20.9711, 0.5662, 0.3070</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294060363</a> (0xFFFF2294B)
YUV	<a href="#">104.9750, -14.7777, 120.1709</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">45.7942, 70.6333, 20.8364</a>

# Details

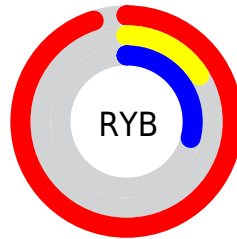
The XYZ color **38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **44.0547, 68.5307, 70.5925**, and the grayscale version is **13.4410, 14.1410, 15.3995**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.3467, 33.6525, 22.9108**, and **18.3922, 9.4514, 2.2214** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.5024, 19.5473, 5.3973**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.5912, 23.5112, 13.2511**.

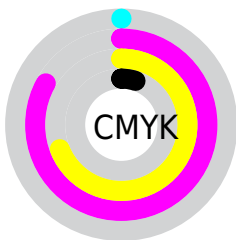
# Distribution



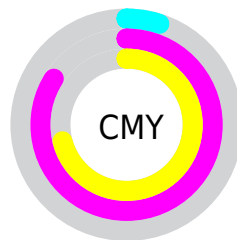
- Red (95%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (71%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 38.6809, 20.9711,  
8.6657


 38.6809, 20.9711,  
8.6657


331.7625,  
257.1249, 190.9894


 26.6912, 13.1029,  
4.4300


 72.4478, 45.0394,  
23.8209


 17.4768, 7.4994,  
1.8641


 94.9557, 62.0083,  
35.5774


 10.6724, 3.7764,  
0.4697


 121.7003, 82.7796,  
50.6779

 5.9127, 1.5493,  
0.0000

 153.0471,  
107.7376, 69.5409

 2.8322, 0.3230,  
0.0000

 189.3613,  
137.2667, 92.5851

 1.0657, 0.0000,  
0.0000

231.0084,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

171.7514, 120.2288

0.0000

278.3537,  
211.5760, 152.8908

■ 38.6809, 20.9711,  
8.6657

■ 38.6809, 20.9711,  
8.6657

■ 37.5024, 19.5473,  
5.3973

■ 40.5912, 23.5112,  
13.2511

■ 37.0165, 19.0367,  
3.8136


■ 43.3322, 27.3347,  
19.2775


■ 46.9884, 32.5846,  
26.8548


■ 51.6332, 39.3835,  
36.0820

■ 57.3327, 47.8411,  
47.0496

 64.1469, 58.0571,  
59.8413

 72.1315, 70.1230,  
74.5357

 81.3382, 84.1244,  
91.2063

 90.4278, 97.6171,  
108.6837

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.7701, 20.9711, 27.9831



38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657



31.0311, 20.9711, 2.1062

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657



9.4856, 20.9711, 4.9947



18.3015, 20.9711, 107.0123

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657



44.0547, 68.5307, 70.5925

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.8567, 20.9711, 84.7306



38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657



7.7736, 20.9711, 18.3587

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657



14.0329, 20.9711, 1.2698



8.4993, 20.9711, 47.4383



27.2895, 20.9711, 96.7753



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657



24.7209, 20.9711, 0.9702



8.4993, 20.9711, 47.4383



15.8060, 20.9711, 102.7705

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.6814, 20.9724, 8.6660



70.5894, 62.8964, 64.3146



42.0396, 20.9989, 85.8414



14.5186, 12.5763, 12.6604



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.6814, 20.9724, 8.6660



41.6781, 21.4353, 4.2372



42.0357, 29.0721, 5.4956



15.8818, 15.8024, 16.9340



19.9193, 10.2402, 2.2259



1.6884, 0.8644, 0.3502



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.6814, 20.9724, 8.6660



41.6781, 21.4353, 4.2372



32.9335, 38.8652, 89.7699



15.8818, 15.8024, 16.9340



19.9193, 10.2402, 2.2259



1.6884, 0.8644, 0.3502



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.6809, 20.9711,

8.6657.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657

### Protanopia

20.0224, 21.2877, 16.6893

### Deuteranopia

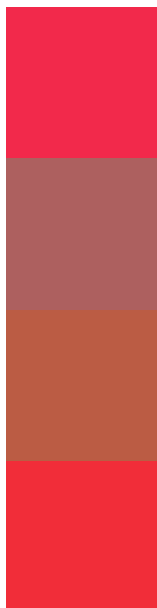
21.4731, 21.1128, 7.7939



## Tritanopia

37.8052, 20.9390, 4.7384

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657

## Protanomaly

23.4820, 18.0762, 13.0779

## Deuteranomaly

25.3641, 18.6364, 7.7292

## Tritanomaly

37.9525, 20.8730, 5.8995

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657

## Achromatopsia

13.4271, 14.1263, 15.3836

## Achromatomaly

18.5552, 13.8113, 12.2776

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 41, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 41, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 41, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 41, 75) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 41, 75) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 41, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 41, 75)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 41, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 41, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 41,  
75) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.6809, 20.9711, 8.6657 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 41, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242, 41,  
75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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