

# Converting Colors

XYZ(38.8952, 40.7494, 44.5370)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(38.8952, 40.7494, 44.5370)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(38.9269, 40.8368,  
44.3587)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	ACABAB
RGB	172, 171, 171
RGB Percent	67%, 67%, 67%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3294, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.33
HSL	0°, 1%, 67%
HSV	0°, 1%, 67%
XYZ	38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587
YIQ	171.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

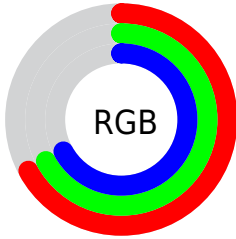
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	172, 171, 171
Decimal	11316139
CIELab	70.06, 0.36, 0.12
CIElCh	70, 0.378, 18.145
Yxy	40.8368, 0.3136, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289506219 (0xFFACABAB)
YUV	171.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148
Hunter-Lab	63.9037, -3.0982, 3.5765

# Details

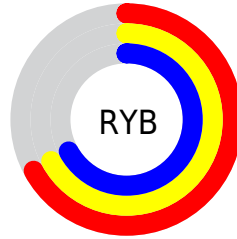
The XYZ color **38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **38.9936, 41.1410, 44.9162**, and the grayscale version is **38.8605, 40.8843, 44.5230**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.6024, 76.2146, 82.8358**, and **17.6723, 18.5186, 20.0958** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.3617, 34.1612, 35.2678**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.1280, 48.4417, 54.7152**.

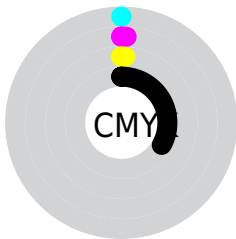
# Distribution



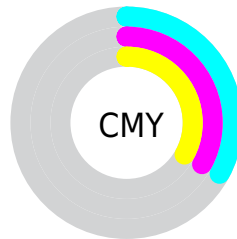
- Red (67%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 38.9269, 40.8368,  
44.3587

■ 38.9269, 40.8368,  
44.3587

332.7921,  
349.6381, 380.2541

■ 26.8833, 28.1916,  
30.6133

■ 72.8214, 76.4361,  
83.0654

■ 17.6218, 18.4701,  
20.0486

95.4031, 100.1590,  
108.8639

■ 10.7768, 11.2880,  
12.2460

122.2282,  
128.3432, 139.5172

■ 5.9831, 6.2609,  
6.7868

153.6620,  
161.3731, 175.4438

■ 2.8754, 3.0044,  
3.2527

190.0700,  
199.6332, 217.0622

■ 1.0882, 1.1340,  
1.2251

231.8174,

■ 0.0152, 0.0068,

243.5077, 264.7911

0.0000

279.2697,  
293.3812, 319.0489

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 38.9269, 40.8368,  
44.3587

■ 38.9269, 40.8368,  
44.3587

■ 34.3617, 34.1612,  
35.2678

■ 44.1280, 48.4417,  
54.7152

■ 30.4047, 28.3743,  
27.3914

■ 49.9845, 57.0040,  
66.3804

■ 27.0313, 23.4401,  
20.6789

■ 56.5193, 66.5573,  
79.3987

■ 24.2140, 19.3184,  
15.0752

■ 63.7531, 77.1319,  
93.8115

■ 21.9228, 15.9657,  
10.5207

■ 70.8235, 87.5108,  
107.7662

■ 20.1252, 13.3344,  
6.9500

■ 18.7849, 11.3715,  
4.2908

■ 17.8607, 10.0169,  
2.4605

■ 17.3040, 9.1997,  
1.3618

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.9303, 40.8368, 44.5341



38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587



38.8933, 40.8368, 44.2120

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587



38.7259, 40.8368, 44.2382



38.7898, 40.8368, 44.7974

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587



38.9936, 41.1410, 44.9162

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.7351, 40.8368, 44.7177



38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587



38.6983, 40.8368, 44.3946

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587



38.7773, 40.8368, 44.1425



38.7016, 40.8368, 44.5701



38.8511, 40.8368, 44.7877



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587



38.8583, 40.8368, 44.1500



38.7016, 40.8368, 44.5701



38.7700, 40.8368, 44.7801

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.9281, 40.8386, 44.3596



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



39.0232, 40.8757, 44.8634



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.9281, 40.8386, 44.3596



70.2349, 73.5227, 79.7064



39.0221, 41.0267, 44.3909



8.8902, 9.3104, 10.0974



12.6656, 6.5368, 0.5942



0.3530, 0.1831, 0.0167



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.9936, 41.1410, 44.9162



70.4423, 74.4807, 81.4693



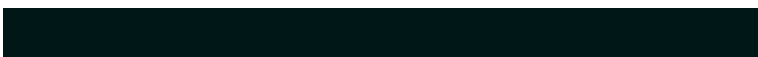
38.8991, 40.9522, 44.8847



8.9142, 9.4212, 10.3013



16.4461, 24.0260, 32.8152

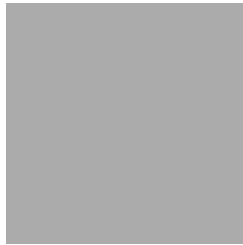


0.4582, 0.6697, 0.9131



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

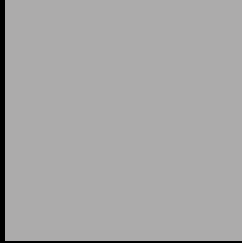
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

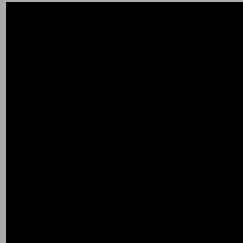
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

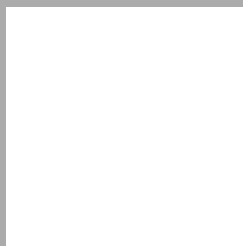


**XYZ 38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587.



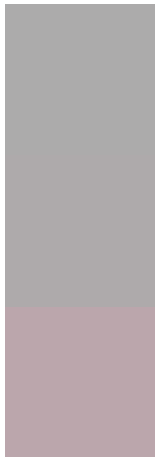
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.9269, 40.8368,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587

### Protanopia

39.1810, 40.6884, 44.3167

### Deuteranopia

41.5761, 40.8158, 44.7167



## Tritanopia

40.1908, 40.7935, 50.5554

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587

## Protanomaly

38.9590, 40.5740, 44.3063

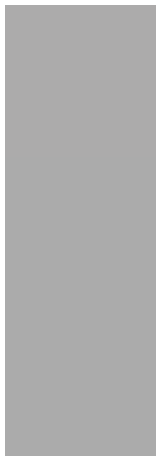
## Deuteranomaly

40.7404, 40.9289, 44.7825

## Tritanomaly

39.7450, 40.8884, 48.4453

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587

## Achromatopsia

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

## Achromatomaly

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 171, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 171, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 171, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 171, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

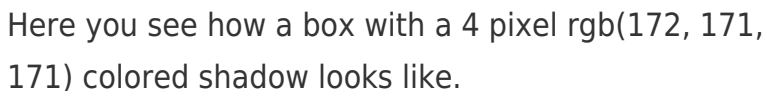
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 171, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 171, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 171, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 171, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 171, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 171,  
171) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.9269, 40.8368, 44.3587 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 171, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
171, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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