

Converting Colors

XYZ(39.0121, 34.2261, 46.6230)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(39.0121, 34.2261, 46.6230)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| XYZ(38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**XYZ(38.9003, 34.1565,
46.6621)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | BC91B2 |
| RGB | 188, 145, 178 |
| RGB Percent | 74%, 57%, 70% |
| CMY | 0.2627, 0.4314, 0.3020 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.23, 0.05, 0.26 |
| HSL | 314°, 24%, 65% |
| HSV | 314°, 23%, 74% |
| XYZ | 38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621 |
| YIQ | 161.6190, 15.0350, 19.3790 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

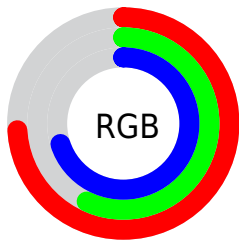
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 188, 145, 178 |
| Decimal | 12358066 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 65.09, 21.72, -10.98 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 65, 24.337, 333.174 |
| Yxy | 34.1565, 0.3249, 0.2853 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4290548146 (0xFFBC91B2) |
| YUV | 161.6190, 8.0758, 23.1361 |
| Hunter-Lab | 58.4436, 16.5342, -6.4274 |

Details

The XYZ color **38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **35.5780, 44.3537, 37.6982**, and the grayscale version is **34.1239, 35.9010, 39.0962**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.9309, 66.1998, 86.7759**, and **17.5359, 14.5544, 21.2871** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.8301, 28.7070, 43.5073**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.4619, 40.5653, 50.0505**.

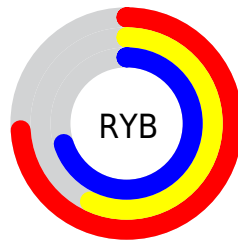
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (57%)

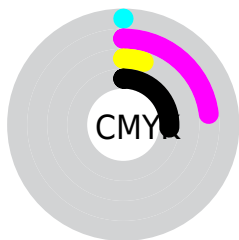
Blue (70%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (70%)

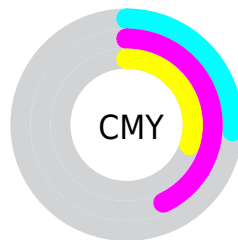


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)


Magenta (43%)


Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 38.9003, 34.1565,
46.6621

 38.9003, 34.1565,
46.6621

332.6809,
320.8293, 389.8188

 26.8626, 23.0139,
32.4162

 72.7810, 66.1770,
86.5537

 17.6061, 14.6037,
21.4121


 95.3547, 87.8236,
113.0365

 10.7655, 8.5418,
13.2314


122.1711,
113.7403, 144.4353

 5.9755, 4.4435,
7.4555

153.5955,
144.3115, 181.1687

 2.8707, 1.9246,
3.6658

189.9934,
179.9216, 223.6552

 1.0858, 0.5631,
1.4439

231.7300,

 0.0132, 0.0000,

220.9550, 272.3134

0.1756

279.1707,
267.7961, 327.5617

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 38.9003, 34.1565,
46.6621

■ 38.9003, 34.1565,
46.6621

■ 35.8301, 28.7070,
43.5073

■ 42.4619, 40.5653,
50.0505

■ 33.2247, 24.1656,
40.5756

■ 46.5338, 47.9725,
53.6782

■ 31.0597, 20.4829,
37.8584

■ 51.1374, 56.4205,
57.5535

■ 29.3072, 17.6033,
35.3458

■ 56.2922, 65.9478,
61.6835

■ 27.9358, 15.4645,
33.0267

■ 62.0165, 76.5911,
66.0748

■ 26.9097, 13.9949,
30.8885

■ 67.4267, 86.5824,
70.4334

■ 26.1858, 13.1087,
28.9161

■ 67.9594, 86.7955,
73.2389

■ 25.7945, 12.7136,
27.5909

■ 68.5071, 87.0146,
76.1227

■ 69.0696, 87.2396,
79.0853

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.3186, 34.1565, 55.9308



38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621



39.7176, 34.1565, 36.1257

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621



32.0907, 34.1565, 20.9737



27.1128, 34.1565, 48.8623

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621



35.5780, 44.3537, 37.6982

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.1534, 34.1565, 38.2763



38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621



28.8936, 34.1565, 23.1877

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621



35.6224, 34.1565, 22.4118



26.7812, 34.1565, 29.0963



29.4994, 34.1565, 57.3541

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621



39.1068, 34.1565, 30.0593



26.7812, 34.1565, 29.0963



26.6209, 34.1565, 45.3691

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.9013, 34.1580, 46.6628



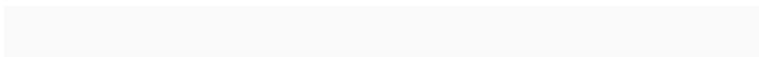
81.0870, 81.0184, 94.4383



32.5907, 30.7845, 51.8018



17.3419, 17.2489, 20.2237



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.9013, 34.1580, 46.6628



67.8499, 57.1793, 81.9028



36.9671, 33.3843, 36.4774



9.8325, 9.6573, 11.5067



17.5917, 8.6678, 18.9412



0.7126, 0.3490, 0.8660

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.9013, 34.1580, 46.6628



67.8499, 57.1793, 81.9028



37.4798, 45.1144, 47.7128



9.8325, 9.6573, 11.5067



17.5917, 8.6678, 18.9412



0.7126, 0.3490, 0.8660

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

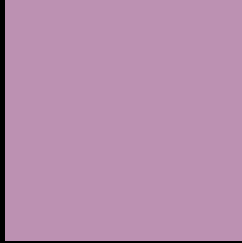
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 38.9003, 34.1565,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621

Protanopia

34.0568, 34.4314, 51.3053

Deuteranopia

34.9091, 34.2451, 45.8444



Tritanopia

37.1848, 34.1570, 37.8908

Trichromacy



Original Color

38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621

Protanomaly

35.6644, 34.3084, 49.5422

Deuteranomaly

36.2360, 34.1918, 46.2848

Tritanomaly

37.9023, 34.2223, 41.1671

Monochromacy



Original Color

38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621

Achromatopsia

34.3422, 36.1307, 39.3463

Achromatomaly

35.7509, 35.2620, 41.9678

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 145, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 145, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 145, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 145, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 145, 178) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 145, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 145, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 145, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 145, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 145,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 38.9003, 34.1565, 46.6621 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 145, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
145, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor