

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.0464, 43.7186, 8.3005)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.0464, 43.7186, 8.3005)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(39.0516, 43.7230,  
8.3006)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4B227
RGB	196, 178, 39
RGB Percent	77%, 70%, 15%
CMY	0.2314, 0.3019, 0.8470
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.80, 0.23
HSL	53°, 67%, 46%
HSV	53°, 80%, 77%
XYZ	39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006
YIQ	167.5360, 55.3470, -39.4130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

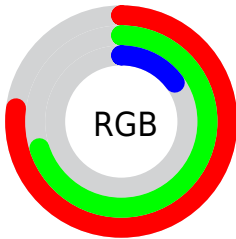
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">59, 196, 39</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12890663</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.04, -7.79, 66.99</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">72, 67.446, 96.629</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">43.7230, 0.4288, 0.4801</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291080743 (0xFFC4B227)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">167.5360, -63.3682, 24.9629</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">66.1234, -10.2961, 38.8436</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC33**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **12.2639, 7.3433, 52.9954**, and the grayscale version is **37.2747, 39.2159, 42.7061**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.5366, 80.4009, 23.0051**, and **17.9421, 20.3250, 2.9775** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.3640, 42.7402, 6.8621**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.9162, 44.7916, 10.6261**.

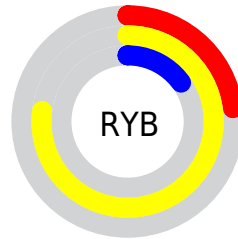
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (70%)

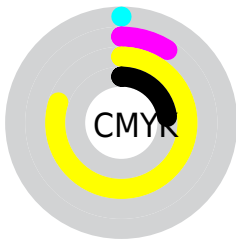
Blue (15%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (15%)

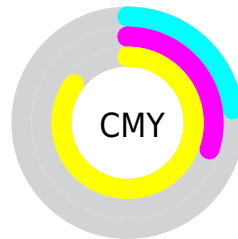


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (80%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (30%)


Yellow (85%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 39.0516, 43.7230,  
8.3006


 39.0516, 43.7230,  
8.3006


333.3132,  
361.5767, 188.0929


 26.9808, 30.4528,  
4.1974


 73.0107, 80.8008,  
23.1015


 17.6953, 20.1825,  
1.7342


 95.6297, 105.3771,  
34.6362

 10.8298, 12.5278,  
0.3840


 122.4955,  
134.4910, 49.4852

 6.0190, 7.1042,  
0.0000

 153.9733,  
168.5267, 68.0670

 2.8974, 3.5274,  
0.0000

 190.4287,  
207.8688, 90.8001

 1.0997, 1.4129,  
0.0000

 232.2269,

 0.0249, 0.2262,

252.9016, 118.1031

0.0000

279.7333,  
304.0094, 150.3945

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 39.0516, 43.7230,  
8.3006

■ 39.0516, 43.7230,  
8.3006

■ 38.3640, 42.7402,  
6.8621

■ 39.9162, 44.7916,  
10.6261

■ 37.8111, 41.8282,  
6.0808

■ 40.9776, 45.9491,  
13.9558

■ 42.2559, 47.2051,  
18.3917

■ 43.7682, 48.5666,  
24.0225

■ 45.5295, 50.0396,  
30.9281

■ 47.5537, 51.6298,  
39.1814

■ 49.8537, 53.3424,  
48.8497

■ 52.4414, 55.1821,  
59.9960

■ 55.3282, 57.1536,  
72.6793

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.9810, 43.7230, 9.8843



39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006



29.6898, 43.7230, 12.6818

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006



26.1914, 43.7230, 96.3909



65.3956, 43.7230, 77.4763

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006



12.2639, 7.3433, 52.9954

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.2286, 43.7230, 118.8484



39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006



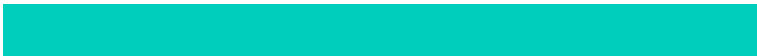
33.3731, 43.7230, 132.8458

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006



23.2050, 43.7230, 55.3148



44.1682, 43.7230, 142.5511



67.6807, 43.7230, 40.6505



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006



25.6637, 43.7230, 20.5377



44.1682, 43.7230, 142.5511



62.9440, 43.7230, 91.7373

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.0526, 43.7251, 8.3015



84.5180, 92.2718, 64.2769



24.2372, 13.4858, 5.2387



17.8105, 19.5287, 12.6211



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.0526, 43.7251, 8.3015



68.7489, 76.1883, 11.3753



30.2301, 44.8453, 8.9827



10.8117, 11.5548, 10.7223



24.3357, 26.9572, 3.9206



1.0800, 1.2218, 0.1789



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.2639, 7.3433, 52.9954



18.8791, 8.6887, 95.2898



15.8555, 8.1001, 52.9522



9.6192, 9.9298, 12.6945



6.6253, 3.0070, 33.7878



0.3179, 0.1931, 1.4704



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.0516, 43.7230,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006

### Protanopia

39.6415, 43.7329, 8.2714

### Deuteranopia

44.5815, 43.7167, 8.4713



## Tritanopia

47.2265, 43.6489, 48.5838

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006

## Protanomaly

39.3771, 43.5965, 8.2590

## Deuteranomaly

42.6110, 43.8183, 8.4024

## Tritanomaly

42.6281, 42.8645, 26.4490

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006

## Achromatopsia

37.2190, 39.1572, 42.6422

## Achromatomaly

36.5638, 40.3505, 23.9505

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 178, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 178, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 178, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 178, 39) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 178, 39) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 178, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 178, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 178, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 178, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 178,  
39) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.0516, 43.7230, 8.3006 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 178, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
178, 39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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