

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.1103, 52.7064, 4.1845)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.1103, 52.7064, 4.1845)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(39.7358, 52.8927,  
8.1150)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B0CD00
RGB	176, 205, 0
RGB Percent	69%, 80%, 0%
CMY	0.3098, 0.1961, 0.9999
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 1.00, 0.20
HSL	68°, 100%, 40%
HSV	68°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150
YIQ	172.9590, 48.5210, -69.9030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 205, 29
Decimal	11586816
CIELab	77.81, -30.49, 77.58
CIELCh	78, 83.355, 111.458
Yxy	52.8927, 0.3944, 0.5250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289776896 (0xFFB0CD00)
YUV	172.9590, -85.2688, 2.6670
Hunter-Lab	72.7274, -29.7465, 44.2935

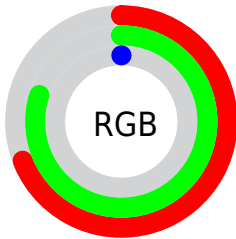
# Details

The XYZ color **39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC00**.

The color can be described as dark washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **11.5278, 4.6702, 58.0546**, and the grayscale version is **40.1061, 42.1947, 45.9501**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.6212, 89.8223, 21.9501**, and **18.5378, 25.9848, 4.0385** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.7361, 52.8947, 8.1154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.5309, 53.2892, 8.8362**.

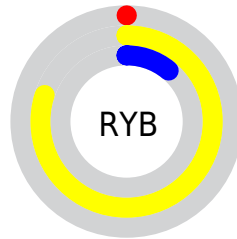
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (80%)

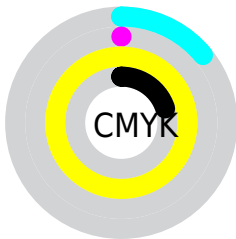
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (11%)

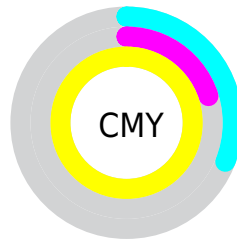


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 39.7358, 52.8927,  
8.1150

■ 39.7358, 52.8927,  
8.1150

336.1623,  
397.8733, 186.5994

■ 27.5159, 37.7171,  
4.0798

■ 74.0479, 94.4465,  
22.7335

■ 18.0996, 25.7632,  
1.6692

■ 96.8709, 121.5934,  
34.1538

■ 11.1217, 16.6466,  
0.3395

■ 123.9589,  
153.4996, 48.8729

■ 6.2166, 9.9828,  
0.0000

■ 155.6773,  
190.5495, 67.3094

■ 3.0192, 5.3876,  
0.0000

■ 192.3915,  
233.1274, 89.8817

■ 1.1639, 2.4764,  
0.0000

■ 234.4668,

■ 0.0776, 0.8648,

281.6178, 117.0085

0.0000

282.2686,  
336.4049, 149.1082

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 39.7358, 52.8927,  
8.1150

■ 39.7358, 52.8927,  
8.1150

■ 39.7361, 52.8947,  
8.1154

■ 40.5309, 53.2892,  
8.8362

■ 41.4777, 53.7462,  
10.2881

■ 42.6248, 54.2849,  
12.7209

■ 43.9978, 54.9156,  
16.2687

■ 45.6183, 55.6470,  
21.0443

■ 47.5050, 56.4865,  
27.1469

■ 49.6751, 57.4410,  
34.6657

■ 52.1439, 58.5168,  
43.6818

■ 54.9260, 59.7195,  
54.2705

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.0338, 52.8927, 6.7907



39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150



29.6659, 52.8927, 18.0199

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150



33.2828, 52.8927, 159.0764



87.7114, 52.8927, 71.8550

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150



11.5278, 4.6702, 58.0546

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.7213, 52.8927, 132.7925



39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150



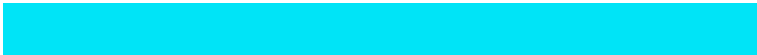
45.7949, 52.8927, 198.1400

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150



26.5342, 52.8927, 96.6897



62.5254, 52.8927, 186.5592



85.1142, 52.8927, 30.7739



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150



26.1824, 52.8927, 33.6633



62.5254, 52.8927, 186.5592



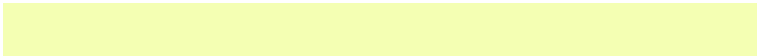
85.8851, 52.8927, 90.7996

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.7370, 52.8951, 8.1161



81.2152, 94.0189, 56.2501



25.5785, 13.7801, 1.3124



17.0478, 19.9767, 10.8604



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.7370, 52.8951, 8.1161



64.9483, 86.5671, 13.2860



24.7487, 45.1683, 7.4147



11.9917, 13.0131, 11.9592



24.7970, 32.9586, 5.0547



1.3231, 1.7229, 0.2628



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.5278, 4.6702, 58.0546



18.7805, 7.5966, 95.0842



20.2025, 9.1421, 58.4606



10.7470, 10.9189, 14.1115



7.2239, 2.9316, 36.1414



0.4217, 0.1765, 1.8668



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.7358, 52.8927,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150

### Protanopia

47.4649, 52.4510, 7.6224

### Deuteranopia

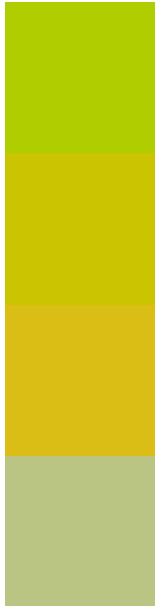
53.6493, 52.4545, 8.8872



## Tritanopia

51.5096, 52.9243, 65.8931

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150

## Protanomaly

44.3234, 52.4891, 7.7953

## Deuteranomaly

47.4717, 51.7903, 8.2535

## Tritanomaly

44.0864, 51.5577, 29.1008

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150

## Achromatopsia

39.7200, 41.7885, 45.5077

## Achromatomaly

37.6190, 44.8224, 21.4207

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 205, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 205, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 205, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 205, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 205, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 205, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 205, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 205, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 205, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 205,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.7358, 52.8927, 8.1150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 205, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
205, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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