

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.1286, 37.7620, 65.6130)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.1286, 37.7620, 65.6130)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(39.1538, 37.7746,  
65.5492)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A2A1D1
RGB	162, 161, 209
RGB Percent	64%, 63%, 82%
CMY	0.3647, 0.3686, 0.1804
CMYK	0.22, 0.23, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	241°, 34%, 73%
HSV	241°, 23%, 82%
XYZ	39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492
YIQ	166.7710, -14.8120, 15.1400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

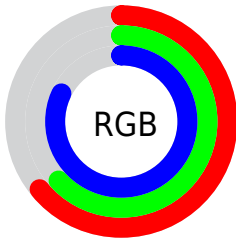
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	162, 161, 209
Decimal	10658257
CIE Lab	67.85, 10.59, -24.30
CIE LCh	68, 26.508, 293.554
Yxy	37.7746, 0.2748, 0.2651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288848337 (0xFFA2A1D1)
YUV	166.7710, 20.8189, -4.1842
Hunter-Lab	61.4610, 6.1567, -20.2110

# Details

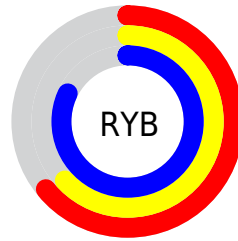
The XYZ color **39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **55.2471, 61.5850, 42.6951**, and the grayscale version is **36.5274, 38.4296, 41.8499**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.2211, 71.0834, 104.5745**, and **17.7153, 16.7362, 32.8686** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.9780, 29.0999, 64.2536**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.6190, 48.0221, 67.0816**.

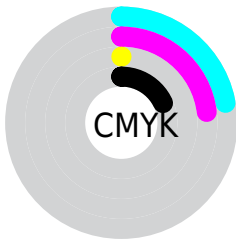
# Distribution



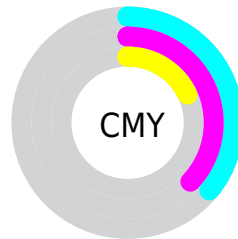
- Red (64%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 39.1538, 37.7746,  
65.5492

■ 39.1538, 37.7746,  
65.5492

333.7399,  
336.6521, 463.1231

■ 27.0607, 25.8078,  
47.4524

■ 73.1658, 71.7625,  
114.4599

■ 17.7556, 16.6799,  
33.0365

■ 95.8153, 94.5524,  
146.1108

■ 10.8733, 10.0065,  
21.8831

122.7144,  
121.7188, 183.1169

■ 6.0484, 5.4033,  
13.5735

154.2283,  
153.6461, 225.8967

■ 2.9154, 2.4858,  
7.6893

190.7225,  
190.7187, 274.8686

■ 1.1092, 0.8695,  
3.8119

232.5622,

■ 0.0328, 0.0000,

233.3210, 330.4513

1.5227

280.1129,  
281.8373, 393.0633

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.2348

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 39.1538, 37.7746,  
65.5492

■ 39.1538, 37.7746,  
65.5492

■ 31.9780, 29.0999,  
64.2536

■ 47.6190, 48.0221,  
67.0816

■ 26.0251, 21.9158,  
63.1807

■ 57.4287, 59.9098,  
68.8592

■ 21.2278, 16.1398,  
62.3187

■ 68.6391, 73.5070,  
70.8928

■ 17.5112, 11.6795,  
61.6537

■ 81.3022, 88.8776,  
73.1922

■ 14.7914, 8.4315,  
61.1701

■ 88.5087, 97.3835,  
74.4542

■ 12.9724, 6.2768,  
60.8501

■ 11.9390, 5.0727,  
60.6721

■ 11.5632, 4.6316,  
60.6068

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.0241, 37.7746, 67.9547



39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492



42.6403, 37.7746, 56.0866

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492



40.8037, 37.7746, 25.4836



28.6123, 37.7746, 38.6424

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492



55.2471, 61.5850, 42.6951

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.9167, 37.7746, 29.1012



39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492



36.7977, 37.7746, 22.4968

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492



43.6426, 37.7746, 32.7356



32.8385, 37.7746, 23.6820



29.1383, 37.7746, 50.8494



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492



44.0252, 37.7746, 47.8731



32.8385, 37.7746, 23.6820



28.8478, 37.7746, 35.0521

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.1550, 37.7761, 65.5501



83.4771, 85.9697, 106.8018



48.8123, 57.3908, 68.8271



17.6649, 18.1555, 22.8233



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.1550, 37.7761, 65.5501



55.1358, 51.6600, 101.6731



44.4559, 40.5088, 65.7981



11.1861, 11.4292, 14.8601



7.1397, 2.8609, 37.3684



0.4074, 0.1642, 2.0898



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.4257, 43.6006, 65.4339



76.1092, 62.4997, 101.4108



49.0497, 58.3901, 42.4051



12.2997, 12.0046, 14.8543



22.9855, 11.0671, 36.4256

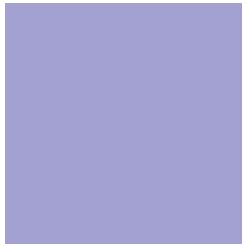


1.2887, 0.6202, 2.0549



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.1538, 37.7746,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492

### Protanopia

37.9919, 37.6698, 66.8966

### Deuteranopia

38.7270, 37.8150, 65.5795



## Tritanopia

35.5847, 37.6356, 48.5689

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492

## Protanomaly

38.2635, 37.5617, 66.2062

## Deuteranomaly

38.9262, 37.9177, 65.5888

## Tritanomaly

36.7800, 37.5816, 54.6057

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492

## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

## Achromatomaly

37.4157, 38.2870, 49.6741

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 161, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 161, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 161, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 161, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 161, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 161, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 161, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 161, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 161, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 161,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.1538, 37.7746, 65.5492 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 161, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
161, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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