

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.1363, 54.3723, 86.7268)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.1363, 54.3723, 86.7268)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(39.2958, 54.5990,  
87.0648)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00D7EB
RGB	0, 215, 235
RGB Percent	0%, 84%, 92%
CMY	0.9998, 0.1569, 0.0784
CMYK	1.00, 0.09, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	185°, 100%, 46%
HSV	185°, 100%, 92%
XYZ	39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648
YIQ	152.9950, -134.5600, -39.3600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

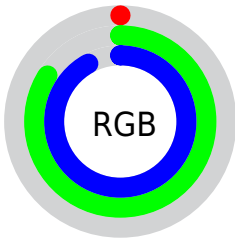
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	0, 112, 235
Decimal	55275
CIELab	78.81, -36.18, -22.17
CIELCh	79, 42.432, 211.497
Yxy	54.5990, 0.2172, 0.3017
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278245355 (0xFF00D7EB)
YUV	152.9950, 40.4285, -134.1766
Hunter-Lab	73.8911, -34.3820, -18.1367

# Details

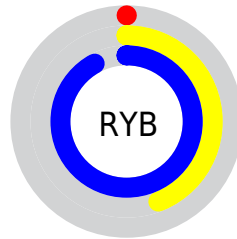
The XYZ color **39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **34.5130, 18.1650, 1.6889**, and the grayscale version is **30.1564, 31.7268, 34.5505**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.6201, 82.2507, 107.2887**, and **20.7075, 28.3963, 47.0375** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.2954, 54.5979, 87.0657**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.1756, 55.8145, 87.2541**.

# Distribution



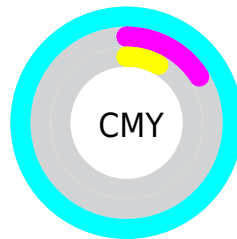
- Red (0%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



39.2958, 54.5990,  
87.0648

39.2958, 54.5990,  
87.0648

334.3320,  
404.3901, 538.7575

27.1717, 39.0808,  
64.9889

73.3812, 96.9532,  
145.1541

17.8395, 26.8226,  
47.0008

96.0731, 124.5579,  
182.0046

10.9338, 17.4400,  
32.6819

123.0184,  
156.9603, 224.6171

6.0893, 10.5487,  
21.6138

154.5823,  
194.5446, 273.4100

2.9406, 5.7643,  
13.3778

191.1303,  
237.6954, 328.8020

1.1224, 2.7023,  
7.5554

233.0277,

0.0438, 0.9783,

286.7970, 391.2115

3.7282

280.6398,  
342.2337, 461.0572

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.4774

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.2010

■ 39.2958, 54.5990,  
87.0648

■ 39.2958, 54.5990,  
87.0648

■ 39.2954, 54.5979,  
87.0657

■ 40.1756, 55.8145,  
87.2541

■ 41.5032, 57.2690,  
87.4649

■ 43.4196, 59.0364,  
87.7050

■ 46.0069, 61.1589,  
87.9783

■ 49.3340, 63.6722,  
88.2881

■ 53.4612, 66.6074,  
88.6371

■ 58.4427, 69.9924,  
89.0279

■ 64.3277, 73.8527,  
89.4629

■ 71.1619, 78.2118,  
89.9440

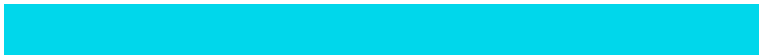
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.3546, 54.5990, 60.6670



39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648



44.5568, 54.5990, 110.1190

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648



67.4359, 54.5990, 84.3904



51.4734, 54.5990, 24.1401

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648



34.5130, 18.1650, 1.6889

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.9971, 54.5990, 27.3402



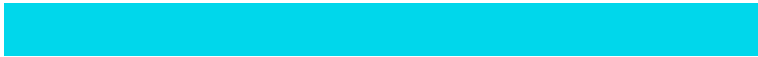
39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648



69.7893, 54.5990, 58.2474

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648



60.8066, 54.5990, 108.3044



66.9341, 54.5990, 38.3938



43.8991, 54.5990, 28.0674

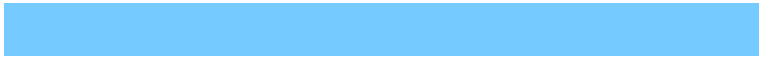


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648



49.5412, 54.5990, 117.9954



66.9341, 54.5990, 38.3938



54.3216, 54.5990, 24.4115

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.2975, 54.6010, 87.0661



70.2427, 84.1796, 107.1538



29.8326, 59.4671, 10.5511



14.4652, 17.6348, 22.8914



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.2975, 54.6010, 87.0661



47.2722, 65.6644, 104.7907



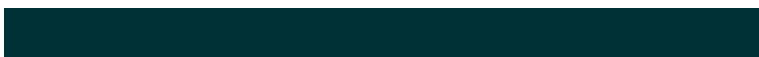
19.3597, 14.7253, 80.4202



15.4016, 16.8897, 19.3705



21.9163, 30.4795, 48.4710



1.7533, 2.4581, 3.8169



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.5282, 22.5702, 66.1961



55.9900, 27.1600, 79.6025



43.2230, 35.5851, 4.5923



15.6563, 15.2904, 18.7413



25.9176, 12.5697, 36.9631



2.0515, 0.9936, 2.9885



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

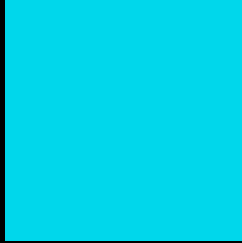
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

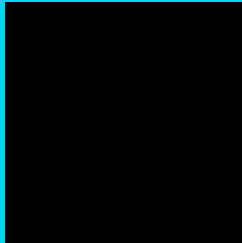
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648.



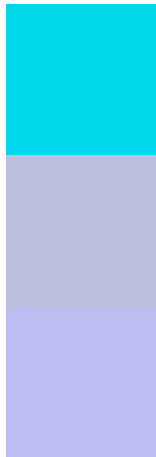
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.2958, 54.5990,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

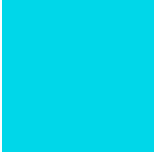
39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648

### Protanopia

52.7542, 53.6854, 75.2920

### Deuteranopia

55.0297, 53.8692, 90.7165



## **Tritanopia**

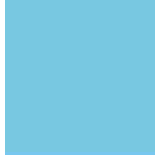
39.0084, 54.4841, 85.5513

# Trichromacy



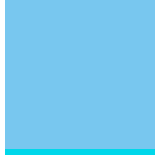
## Original Color

39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648



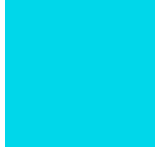
## Protanomaly

41.9906, 50.7379, 78.8144



## Deuteranomaly

43.7491, 51.0719, 89.2134



## Tritanomaly

39.1517, 54.5414, 86.3059

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648



## Achromatopsia

30.2779, 31.8547, 34.6897



## Achromatomaly

29.0023, 37.0110, 50.4150

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 215, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 215, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 215, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 215, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 215, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 215, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 215, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 215, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 215, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 215,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.2958, 54.5990, 87.0648 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 215, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 215,  
235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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