

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.3911, 56.4494, 76.9056)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.3911, 56.4494, 76.9056)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(39.4214, 56.4190,  
77.2188)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2CDBDD
RGB	44, 219, 221
RGB Percent	17%, 86%, 87%
CMY	0.8274, 0.1412, 0.1333
CMYK	0.80, 0.01, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	181°, 72%, 52%
HSV	181°, 80%, 87%
XYZ	39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188
YIQ	166.9030, -104.9420, -36.4780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

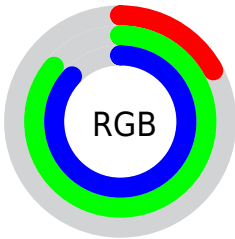
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	44, 132, 221
Decimal	2939869
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	79.85, -40.27, -13.09
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	80, 42.350, 198.009
Yxy	56.4190, 0.2278, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281129949 (0xFF2CDBDD)
YUV	166.9030, 26.6698, -107.7859
Hunter-Lab	75.1126, -37.7647, -8.3737

# Details

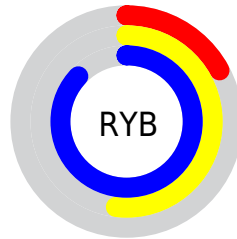
The XYZ color **39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **31.2517, 17.5095, 4.1170**, and the grayscale version is **36.5973, 38.5032, 41.9300**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.9784, 82.9510, 107.3523**, and **19.9801, 28.9476, 40.6108** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.6477, 55.9248, 77.1652**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.7035, 57.1779, 77.2987**.

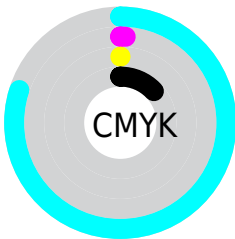
# Distribution



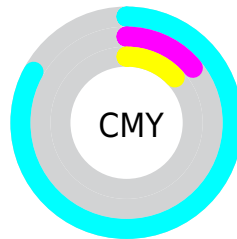
- Red (17%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (13%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 39.4214, 56.4190,  
77.2188


 39.4214, 56.4190,  
77.2188


334.8552,  
411.2686, 504.9672


 27.2699, 40.5390,  
56.9198


 73.5716, 99.6169,  
131.2241

 17.9137, 27.9590,  
40.5320


 96.3010, 127.7036,  
165.7676


 10.9873, 18.2948,  
27.6366


 123.2871,  
160.6280, 205.8962

 6.1256, 11.1618,  
17.8153

 154.8952,  
198.7744, 252.0287

 2.9630, 6.1758,  
10.6494

 191.4907,  
242.5273, 304.5835

 1.1342, 2.9523,  
5.7204

233.4390,

 0.0534, 1.1069,

292.2710, 363.9791

2.6098

281.1054,  
348.3900, 430.6342

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8975

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 39.4214, 56.4190,  
77.2188

■ 39.4214, 56.4190,  
77.2188

■ 38.6477, 55.9248,  
77.1652

■ 40.7035, 57.1779,  
77.2987

■ 38.2542, 55.6263,  
77.1284

■ 42.5592, 58.2314,  
77.4043

■ 45.0494, 59.6121,  
77.5395

■ 48.2260, 61.3468,  
77.7070

■ 52.1355, 63.4596,  
77.9087

■ 56.8205, 65.9722,  
78.1468

■ 62.3201, 68.9049,  
78.4230

■ 68.6709, 72.2766,  
78.7391

■ 75.9073, 76.1050,  
79.0966

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.0576, 56.4190, 52.1321



39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188



43.3317, 56.4190, 103.6416

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188



66.8383, 56.4190, 98.7521



57.1240, 56.4190, 25.8470

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188



31.2517, 17.5095, 4.1170

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.4305, 56.4190, 32.5907



39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188



71.4262, 56.4190, 71.7740

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188



58.8860, 56.4190, 118.1780



70.8852, 56.4190, 47.9561



48.6863, 56.4190, 26.5743



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188



47.6836, 56.4190, 116.4504



70.8852, 56.4190, 47.9561



60.0395, 56.4190, 27.2214

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.4231, 56.4211, 77.2202



75.7868, 89.7428, 107.9355



27.3512, 52.4315, 11.0632



15.7312, 18.9455, 23.0777



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.4231, 56.4211, 77.2202



53.0623, 77.0551, 106.6842



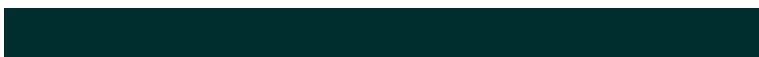
22.4112, 22.3973, 71.5495



13.4316, 14.8030, 16.8015



22.2282, 32.3258, 44.8064



1.4442, 2.1025, 2.9042



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.5071, 22.2896, 69.0293



58.9589, 28.5247, 94.6901



38.5946, 32.1953, 6.5647



13.6077, 13.2722, 16.4615



24.7151, 11.8871, 39.7413

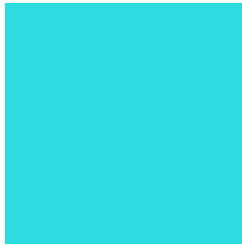


1.6033, 0.7709, 2.5856



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

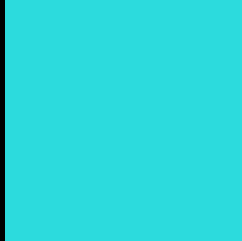
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

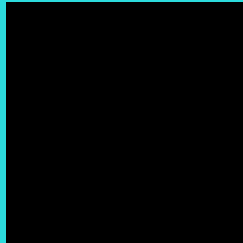
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

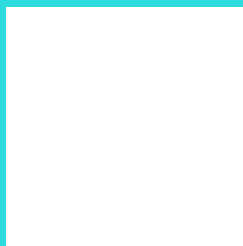
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188.



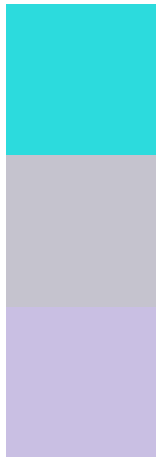
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.4214, 56.4190,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188

### Protanopia

53.6816, 55.3568, 66.2481

### Deuteranopia

56.5833, 55.2252, 80.3503



## Tritanopia

41.4391, 56.4646, 87.3120

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188



## Protanomaly

44.3352, 53.5516, 69.6278



## Deuteranomaly

45.9789, 53.1388, 79.0676



## Tritanomaly

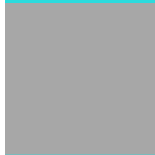
40.7705, 56.5860, 83.6363

# Monochromacy



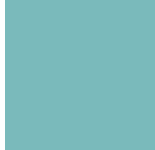
## Original Color

39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188



## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822



## Achromatomaly

34.5546, 42.8432, 53.4621

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 219, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 219, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 219, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 219, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 219, 221) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 219, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 219, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 219, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 219, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 219,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.4214, 56.4190, 77.2188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 219, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 219,  
221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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