

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.4144, 55.5103, 34.8257)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.4144, 55.5103, 34.8257)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(39.3971, 55.4251,  
35.0072)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	89D690
RGB	137, 214, 144
RGB Percent	54%, 84%, 56%
CMY	0.4627, 0.1608, 0.4353
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.33, 0.16
HSL	125°, 48%, 69%
HSV	125°, 36%, 84%
XYZ	39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072
YIQ	182.9970, -23.4220, -38.0940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

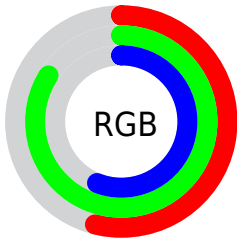
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	137, 208, 214
Decimal	9033360
CIELab	79.29, -37.91, 27.27
CIELCh	79, 46.701, 144.270
Yxy	55.4251, 0.3035, 0.4269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287223440 (0xFF89D690)
YUV	182.9970, -19.2255, -40.3394
Hunter-Lab	74.4480, -35.8238, 24.2341

# Details

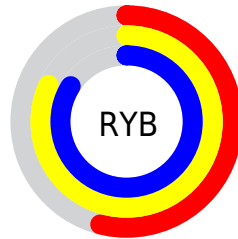
The XYZ color **39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **47.9415, 36.6935, 63.5892**, and the grayscale version is **45.1206, 47.4703, 51.6952**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.9454, 86.9347, 66.6251**, and **17.9412, 27.4256, 14.7040** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.8699, 53.2501, 27.6912**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.8792, 58.0659, 43.7078**.

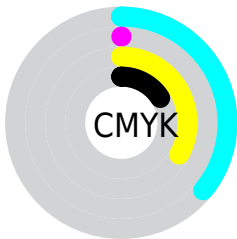
# Distribution



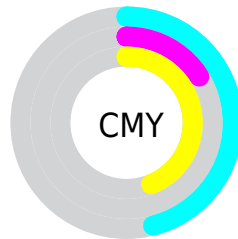
- Red (54%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 39.3971, 55.4251,  
35.0072


 39.3971, 55.4251,  
35.0072


334.7540,  
407.5213, 339.5053


 27.2509, 39.7422,  
23.3848


 73.5348, 98.1635,  
68.6486

 17.8993, 27.3376,  
14.6700


 96.2569, 125.9878,  
91.5047

 10.9770, 17.8269,  
8.4440


 123.2351,  
158.6280, 118.9425

 6.1185, 10.8258,  
4.2885

154.8347,  
196.4685, 151.3805

 2.9586, 5.9498,  
1.7849

191.4210,  
239.8936, 189.2373

 1.1319, 2.8146,  
0.4180

233.3594,

 0.0516, 1.0357,

289.2879, 232.9313

0.0000

281.0153,  
345.0357, 282.8811

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 39.3971, 55.4251,  
35.0072

■ 39.3971, 55.4251,  
35.0072

■ 34.8699, 53.2501,  
27.6912

■ 44.8792, 58.0659,  
43.7078

■ 31.2389, 51.5074,  
21.6851

■ 51.3620, 61.1900,  
53.8552

■ 28.4453, 50.1700,  
16.9124

■ 58.8935, 64.8225,  
65.5127

■ 26.4219, 49.2050,  
13.2876

■ 67.5176, 68.9846,  
78.7382

■ 25.0907, 48.5744,  
10.7141

■ 77.2753, 73.6963,  
93.5870

■ 24.3563, 48.2312,  
9.0794

■ 83.3377, 76.5753,  
104.9959

■ 24.1691, 48.1439,  
8.6556

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.6333, 55.4251, 24.5394



39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072



36.7460, 55.4251, 55.3544

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072



50.9060, 55.4251, 127.4070



70.8189, 55.4251, 41.5698

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072



47.9415, 36.6935, 63.5892

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.6598, 55.4251, 65.6343



39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072



60.4169, 55.4251, 120.4744

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072



42.8672, 55.4251, 112.5098



68.6558, 55.4251, 95.6682



63.8863, 55.4251, 27.4692

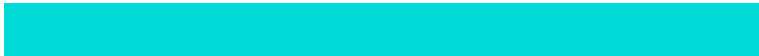


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072



37.1127, 55.4251, 73.9439



68.6558, 55.4251, 95.6682



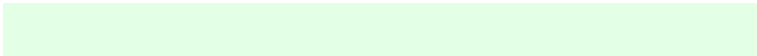
72.0855, 55.4251, 48.5309

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.3985, 55.4274, 35.0084



81.6356, 93.5279, 88.2456



54.4596, 63.2516, 33.0057



17.1490, 19.8624, 18.3856



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

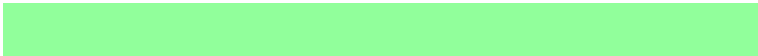


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.3985, 55.4274, 35.0084



53.4421, 79.9489, 43.7662



42.7995, 56.7878, 52.9178



12.3078, 13.9141, 13.4354



14.6247, 29.1052, 5.3192



0.8983, 1.7620, 0.4059



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.9415, 36.6935, 63.5892



67.9051, 48.2124, 92.1376



43.8481, 35.0562, 42.0338



12.9021, 12.6123, 15.4245



22.7049, 11.0183, 32.0798

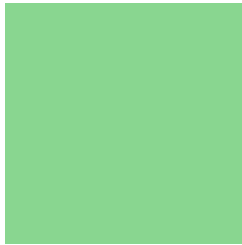


1.3840, 0.6704, 2.0116



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

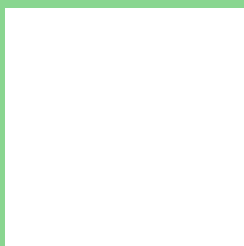
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072.



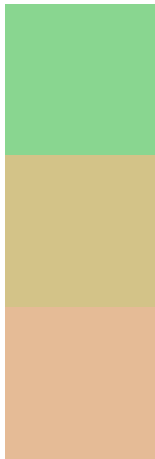
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.3971, 55.4251,

35.0072.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072

### Protanopia

50.8230, 54.6567, 31.1637

### Deuteranopia

55.5884, 54.4007, 36.4247



## Tritanopia

47.5929, 55.0816, 76.5300

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072

## Protanomaly

45.5479, 54.2955, 32.5055

## Deuteranomaly

48.0765, 53.8064, 35.8687

## Tritanomaly

44.2141, 55.1651, 58.7697

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072

## Achromatopsia

45.0092, 47.3531, 51.5676

## Achromatomaly

42.1791, 49.5551, 44.8781

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 214, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 214, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 214, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 214, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 214, 144) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 214, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 214, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 214, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 214, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 214,  
144) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.3971, 55.4251, 35.0072 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 214, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
214, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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