

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.5275, 50.6971, 7.7022)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.5275, 50.6971, 7.7022)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(39.4795, 50.6706,  
7.6996)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5C700
RGB	181, 199, 0
RGB Percent	71%, 78%, 0%
CMY	0.2902, 0.2196, 0.9999
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 1.00, 0.22
HSL	65°, 100%, 39%
HSV	65°, 100%, 78%
XYZ	39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996
YIQ	170.9320, 53.1510, -65.7050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

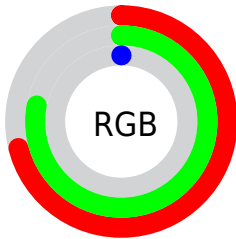
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 199, 18
Decimal	11912960
CIELab	76.48, -25.55, 76.74
CIELCh	76, 80.884, 108.417
Yxy	50.6706, 0.4035, 0.5178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290103040 (0xFFB5C700)
YUV	170.9320, -84.2695, 8.8296
Hunter-Lab	71.1833, -25.5715, 43.4151

# Details

The XYZ color **39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC00**. The color can be described as dark washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **10.5596, 4.2531, 54.3003**, and the grayscale version is **39.0683, 41.1029, 44.7611**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.5970, 90.8453, 21.8395**, and **18.2938, 24.4618, 3.7574** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.4800, 50.6726, 7.7000**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.0311, 50.9422, 8.3812**.

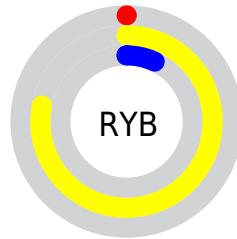
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (78%)

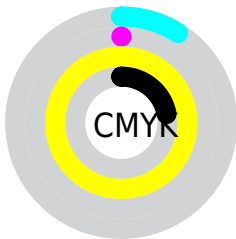
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (7%)

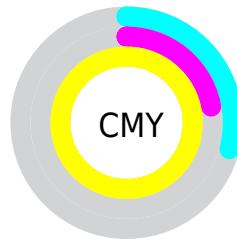


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (22%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 39.4795, 50.6706,  
7.6996


 39.4795, 50.6706,  
7.6996


335.0970,  
389.2826, 183.2022


 27.3154, 35.9465,  
3.8183


 73.6597, 91.1677,  
21.9038


 17.9480, 24.3929,  
1.5262


 96.4064, 117.7095,  
33.0637


 11.0121, 15.6253,  
0.2373


 123.4113,  
148.9593, 47.4870

 6.1424, 9.2594,  
0.0000

 155.0399,  
185.3015, 65.5922

 2.9733, 4.9108,  
0.0000

 191.6573,  
227.1206, 87.7977

 1.1397, 2.1950,  
0.0000

 233.6291,

 0.0579, 0.7173,

274.8009, 114.5222

0.0000

281.3206,  
328.7268, 146.1842

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 39.4795, 50.6706,  
7.6996

■ 39.4795, 50.6706,  
7.6996

■ 39.4800, 50.6726,  
7.7000

■ 40.0311, 50.9422,  
8.3812

■ 40.7161, 51.2659,  
9.7411

■ 41.5804, 51.6620,  
12.0171

■ 42.6477, 52.1399,  
15.3331

■ 43.9379, 52.7077,  
19.7942

■ 45.4686, 53.3723,  
25.4925

■ 47.2555, 54.1399,  
32.5106

■ 49.3129, 55.0165,  
40.9242

■ 51.6542, 56.0072,  
50.8032

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.2903, 50.6706, 7.0234



39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996



29.3915, 50.6706, 16.1021

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996



31.2058, 50.6706, 144.8210



82.9686, 50.6706, 73.8049

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996



10.5596, 4.2531, 54.3003

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.5871, 50.6706, 131.7651



39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996



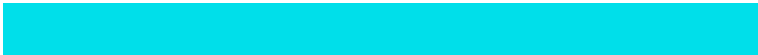
42.5111, 50.6706, 185.0716

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996



25.3566, 50.6706, 86.1774



58.0299, 50.6706, 179.3263



81.6753, 50.6706, 32.6689



# Rectangle

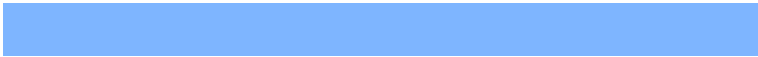
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996



25.7194, 50.6706, 29.6914



58.0299, 50.6706, 179.3263



80.8903, 50.6706, 92.1781

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.4807, 50.6729, 7.7007



82.5851, 94.7251, 56.3143



23.7490, 12.5316, 1.1678



17.3800, 20.1479, 10.8760



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.4807, 50.6729, 7.7007



69.0145, 88.6633, 13.4763



23.9860, 42.6851, 6.9755



11.4256, 12.3663, 11.3475



25.4238, 32.6018, 4.9528



1.2322, 1.5583, 0.2358



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.5596, 4.2531, 54.3003



18.4051, 7.4030, 95.0666



17.5248, 7.8438, 54.6263



10.1442, 10.3326, 13.3772



6.8220, 2.7511, 34.9158



0.3543, 0.1464, 1.6547



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.4795, 50.6706,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996

### Protanopia

45.6382, 50.5413, 7.3501

### Deuteranopia

51.6545, 50.5271, 8.4691



## Tritanopia

50.5392, 50.6038, 61.7474

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996

## Protanomaly

43.1574, 50.5574, 7.4839

## Deuteranomaly

46.3095, 49.9237, 7.9049

## Tritanomaly

43.7301, 49.4356, 27.3159

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996

## Achromatopsia

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

## Achromatomaly

36.9634, 43.2658, 20.8710

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 199, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 199, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 199, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 199, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 199, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 199, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 199, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 199, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 199, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 199,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.4795, 50.6706, 7.6996 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 199, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
199, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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