

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.5591, 60.2530, 50.4823)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.5591, 60.2530, 50.4823)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(39.6199, 60.2969,  
50.6246)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5BE3B0
RGB	91, 227, 176
RGB Percent	36%, 89%, 69%
CMY	0.6431, 0.1098, 0.3098
CMYK	0.60, 0.00, 0.22, 0.11
HSL	157°, 71%, 62%
HSV	157°, 60%, 89%
XYZ	39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246
YIQ	180.5220, -64.6850, -44.6930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

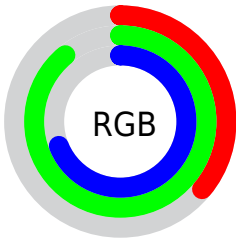
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">91, 175, 227</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6022064</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">82.00, -48.91, 14.02</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">82, 50.878, 164.000</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">60.2969, 0.2632, 0.4005</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284212144 (0xFF5BE3B0)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">180.5220, -2.2293, -78.5108</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">77.6511, -44.8134, 15.7017</a>

# Details

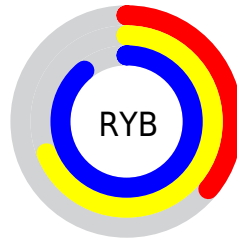
The XYZ color **39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. The color can be described as light muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **40.3040, 25.7674, 28.4426**, and the grayscale version is **43.7010, 45.9769, 50.0688**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.2744, 84.0216, 89.2268**, and **18.1381, 30.5559, 23.6808** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.8956, 58.9883, 46.2380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.0769, 61.9802, 55.3239**.

# Distribution



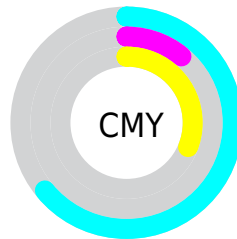
- Red (36%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (31%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 39.6199, 60.2969,  
50.6246


 39.6199, 60.2969,  
50.6246


335.6809,  
425.6913, 405.9083


 27.4252, 43.6580,  
35.5353


 73.8724, 105.2602,  
92.5054


 18.0311, 30.4017,  
23.7887


 96.6609, 134.3535,  
120.1340

 11.0721, 20.1437,  
14.9662


 123.7114,  
168.3669, 152.7795

 6.1830, 12.4995,  
8.6493

 155.3892,  
207.6850, 190.8603

 2.9984, 7.0849,  
4.4195

192.0597,  
252.6920, 234.7951

 1.1529, 3.5152,  
1.8582

234.0882,

 0.0687, 1.4063,

303.7725, 285.0023

0.4659

281.8402,  
361.3108, 341.9006

■ 0.0000, 0.2213,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 39.6199, 60.2969,  
50.6246

■ 39.6199, 60.2969,  
50.6246

■ 36.8956, 58.9883,  
46.2380

■ 43.0769, 61.9802,  
55.3239

■ 34.8350, 58.0144,  
42.1519


■ 47.3180, 64.0600,  
60.3393


■ 33.3637, 57.3383,  
38.3591


■ 52.3953, 66.5645,  
65.6792


■ 32.3514, 56.8931,  
34.8480


■ 58.3551, 69.5175,  
71.3504


 32.3432, 56.8896,  
34.8180

 65.2399, 72.9409,  
77.3596

 73.0897, 76.8551,  
83.7129

 81.9420, 81.2794,  
90.4165

 85.0553, 82.7384,  
97.1591

 86.3790, 83.2679,  
104.1297

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.0951, 60.2969, 31.5642



39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246



39.4738, 60.2969, 81.0711

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246



62.4675, 60.2969, 141.6502



73.5349, 60.2969, 32.4714

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246



40.3040, 25.7674, 28.4426

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.8436, 60.2969, 52.3254



39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246



72.9328, 60.2969, 118.2241

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246



51.7896, 60.2969, 140.7571



79.6104, 60.2969, 83.3953



63.2102, 60.2969, 23.5524

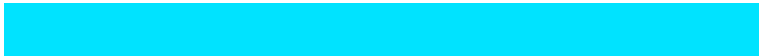


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246



41.7994, 60.2969, 104.7149



79.6104, 60.2969, 83.3953



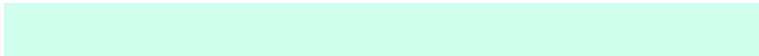
76.2501, 60.2969, 37.7597

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.6215, 60.2993, 50.6260



77.4841, 91.2504, 94.2541



40.7100, 61.5476, 19.6325



16.0588, 19.2702, 19.6969



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.6215, 60.2993, 50.6260



47.2666, 76.4262, 58.7973



41.5087, 54.4273, 80.9937



14.5662, 16.2399, 17.2466



18.9203, 33.2002, 20.6123



1.4428, 2.4713, 1.7585



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.3040, 25.7674, 28.4426



48.2710, 27.7184, 27.7146



38.8124, 27.5752, 13.1752



14.5994, 14.4570, 16.0910



19.4864, 9.9288, 6.1901

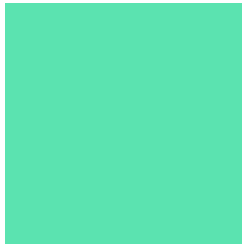


1.4839, 0.7513, 0.6885



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

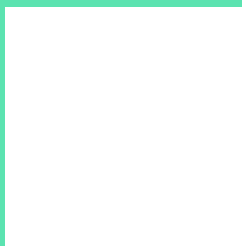
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.6199, 60.2969,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246

### Protanopia

55.8457, 59.3685, 43.6378

### Deuteranopia

60.3754, 59.1071, 53.0264



## Tritanopia

47.2997, 60.2222, 89.2519

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246



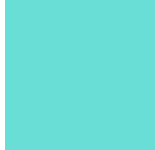
## Protanomaly

46.9397, 57.9617, 45.7595



## Deuteranomaly

49.1414, 57.5046, 51.6895



## Tritanomaly

44.0959, 60.0919, 73.5648

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246



## Achromatopsia

43.9204, 46.2077, 50.3202



## Achromatomaly

40.5435, 49.9387, 50.1501

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 227, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 227, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 227, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 227, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 227, 176) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 227, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 227, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 227, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 227, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 227,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.6199, 60.2969, 50.6246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 227, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 227,  
176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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