

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.6156, 33.9442, 5.2719)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.6156, 33.9442, 5.2719)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(39.6746, 33.9268,  
5.2681)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DF8A17
RGB	223, 138, 23
RGB Percent	87%, 54%, 9%
CMY	0.1255, 0.4588, 0.9098
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.90, 0.13
HSL	35°, 81%, 48%
HSV	35°, 90%, 87%
XYZ	39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681
YIQ	150.3050, 87.5750, -17.7450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

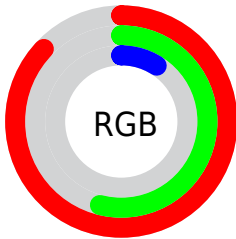
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	171, 223, 23
Decimal	14649879
CIELab	64.90, 24.95, 66.61
CIELCh	65, 71.132, 69.467
Yxy	33.9268, 0.5030, 0.4302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292839959 (0xFFDF8A17)
YUV	150.3050, -62.7614, 63.7535
Hunter-Lab	58.2467, 19.6531, 35.4102

# Details

The XYZ color **39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9933**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **19.0352, 16.2350, 71.9420**, and the grayscale version is **29.3528, 30.8814, 33.6298**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.6126, 59.5685, 16.2332**, and **18.3900, 14.6608, 1.8606** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.2235, 31.2662, 4.0407**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **41.4199, 36.8978, 7.4526**.

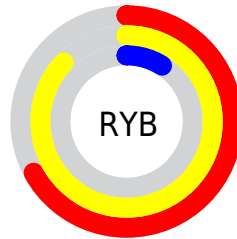
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (54%)

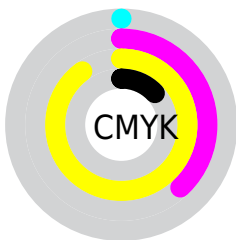
Blue (9%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (9%)

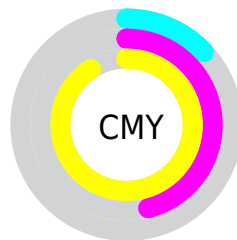


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (46%)


Yellow (91%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 39.6746, 33.9268,  
5.2681


 39.6746, 33.9268,  
5.2681


335.9081,  
319.8055, 161.4213

 27.4680, 22.8374,  
2.3439


 73.9552, 65.8198,  
16.8424


 18.0634, 14.4735,  
0.7557


 96.7600, 87.3922,  
26.3295


 11.0955, 8.4507,  
0.0000


 123.8282,  
113.2277, 38.8415

 6.1989, 4.3847,  
0.0000

 155.5252,  
143.7107, 54.7967

 3.0082, 1.8910,  
0.0000

 192.2163,  
179.2256, 74.6138

 1.1581, 0.5430,  
0.0000

 234.2670,

 0.0729, 0.0000,

220.1567, 98.7112

0.0000

282.0424,  
266.8886, 127.5075

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 39.6746, 33.9268,  
5.2681

■ 39.6746, 33.9268,  
5.2681

■ 38.2235, 31.2662,  
4.0407

■ 41.4199, 36.8978,  
7.4526

■ 38.1803, 31.1860,  
4.0072

■ 43.5129, 40.2010,  
10.8723

■ 45.9886, 43.8563,  
15.6933

■ 48.8760, 47.8795,  
22.0552

■ 52.2007, 52.2853,  
30.0807

■ 55.9862, 57.0870,  
39.8798

■ 60.2538, 62.2971,  
51.5531

■ 65.0234, 67.9275,  
65.1935

■ 70.3138, 73.9894,  
80.8877

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.0045, 33.9268, 11.4048



39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681



29.1086, 33.9268, 4.5351

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681



16.4361, 33.9268, 47.0367



46.4854, 33.9268, 99.9963

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681



19.0352, 16.2350, 71.9420

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.6020, 33.9268, 125.4227



39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681



19.2859, 33.9268, 85.7626

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681



17.0726, 33.9268, 20.4527



25.8086, 33.9268, 119.1581



54.4798, 33.9268, 60.5191



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681



23.4810, 33.9268, 6.3502



25.8086, 33.9268, 119.1581



42.9597, 33.9268, 111.2199

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.6754, 33.9286, 5.2687



77.2446, 79.0630, 57.7275



33.5343, 17.4196, 16.2527



16.1284, 16.4203, 11.2721



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.6754, 33.9286, 5.2687



51.6163, 42.0126, 5.3888



53.0257, 66.4896, 10.8500



14.3584, 15.0027, 14.4458



22.5639, 18.5656, 2.3943



1.6522, 1.4632, 0.1954



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.0352, 16.2350, 71.9420



23.4517, 18.0233, 96.8506



14.3652, 6.3219, 70.2747



13.4285, 14.1961, 17.4201



10.3324, 8.1343, 42.0739



0.8035, 0.7385, 2.9454



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.6746, 33.9268,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681

### Protanopia

30.8087, 34.0074, 6.1027

### Deuteranopia

34.7696, 34.1096, 4.9810



## Tritanopia

44.3015, 33.7673, 28.2276

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681

**Protanomaly**

33.5126, 33.6817, 5.7718

**Deuteranomaly**

36.3640, 33.9967, 5.0262

**Tritanomaly**

41.7266, 33.5158, 15.3363

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681

**Achromatopsia**

28.9890, 30.4987, 33.2131

**Achromatomaly**

30.9090, 30.9044, 17.4328

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 138, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 138, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 138, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 138, 23) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 138, 23) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 138, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 138, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 138, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 138, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 138,  
23) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.6746, 33.9268, 5.2681 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 138, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
138, 23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor