

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.6849, 67.1260, 50.9713)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.6849, 67.1260, 50.9713)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(39.6906, 67.1572,  
50.9151)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00F3AE
RGB	0, 243, 174
RGB Percent	0%, 95%, 68%
CMY	0.9999, 0.0470, 0.3176
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.28, 0.05
HSL	163°, 100%, 48%
HSV	163°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151
YIQ	162.4770, -122.6790, -72.9750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

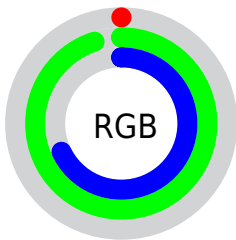
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 142, 243
Decimal	62382
CIELab	85.58, -64.13, 19.91
CIELCh	86, 67.152, 162.755
Yxy	67.1572, 0.2516, 0.4257
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278252462 (0xFF00F3AE)
YUV	162.4770, 5.6808, -142.4923
Hunter-Lab	81.9495, -56.9587, 20.5279

# Details

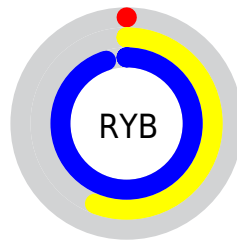
The XYZ color **39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFCC**. The color can be described as middle saturated spring green. A complement of this color would be **38.0392, 19.4863, 7.3924**, and the grayscale version is **34.5875, 36.3888, 39.6274**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.8530, 80.7439, 87.4516**, and **20.8002, 36.0784, 23.9567** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.6910, 67.1592, 50.9116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.7670, 67.6341, 54.5701**.

# Distribution



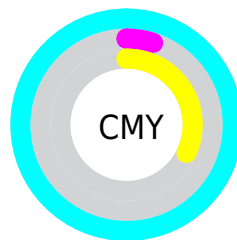
- Red (0%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



39.6906, 67.1572,  
50.9151

39.6906, 67.1572,  
50.9151

335.9746,  
450.5041, 407.0710

27.4805, 49.2124,  
35.7648

73.9795, 115.1456,  
92.9395

18.0729, 34.7880,  
23.9643

96.7890, 145.9580,  
120.6506

11.1023, 23.4996,  
15.0952

123.8624,  
181.8284, 153.3858

6.2035, 14.9628,  
8.7389

155.5650,  
223.1412, 191.5635

3.0111, 8.7933,  
4.4768

192.2621,  
270.2808, 235.6024

1.1596, 4.6066,  
1.8904

234.3192,

0.0741, 2.0184,

323.6315, 285.9209

0.4866

282.1016,  
383.5778, 342.9376

■ 0.0000, 0.6181,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 39.6906, 67.1572,  
50.9151

■ 39.6906, 67.1572,  
50.9151

■ 39.6910, 67.1592,  
50.9116

■ 40.7670, 67.6341,  
54.5701

■ 42.3569, 68.3699,  
58.4308

■ 44.6116, 69.4443,  
62.5083

■ 47.6209, 70.9036,  
66.8092

■ 51.4601, 72.7865,  
71.3396

■ 56.1952, 75.1269,  
76.1051

■ 61.8854, 77.9555,  
81.1107

■ 68.5848, 81.2998,  
86.3612

■ 76.3431, 85.1857,  
91.8614

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.8976, 67.1572, 27.1200



39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151



39.2584, 67.1572, 93.3087

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151



70.5369, 67.1572, 189.6550



87.9143, 67.1572, 29.5970

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151



38.0392, 19.4863, 7.3924

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.9724, 67.1572, 56.0807



39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151



85.9156, 67.1572, 153.8979

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151



55.5144, 67.1572, 186.4538



96.1875, 67.1572, 100.9988



72.9391, 67.1572, 18.6192



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151



42.1812, 67.1572, 128.7221



96.1875, 67.1572, 100.9988



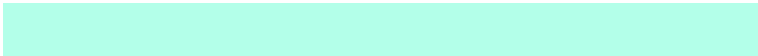
91.8517, 67.1572, 36.4035

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.6924, 67.1598, 50.9167



68.9823, 86.9431, 90.4425



34.7939, 65.5172, 10.8132



14.1629, 18.3097, 18.8463



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.6924, 67.1598, 50.9167



44.2638, 74.9215, 56.7002



35.5619, 45.2379, 91.6546



16.7843, 18.6729, 20.1484



21.8439, 36.8824, 28.2613



1.9638, 3.2592, 2.7155



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.0392, 19.4863, 7.3924



42.4234, 21.7334, 8.1617



38.0465, 21.2211, 2.0918



16.6926, 16.5599, 18.1278



20.9257, 10.7137, 4.3170

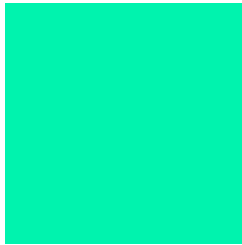


1.8815, 0.9586, 0.6022



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

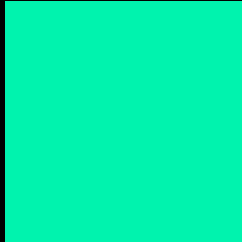
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

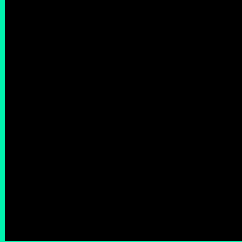
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151.



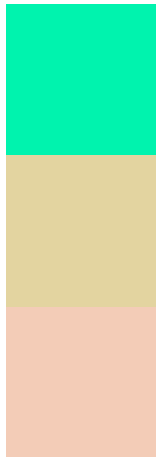
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.6906, 67.1572,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151

### Protanopia

61.5672, 65.9559, 42.7435

### Deuteranopia

67.1023, 65.6593, 53.9366



## Tritanopia

50.1029, 67.0554, 102.3978

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151



## Protanomaly

44.6808, 61.4213, 45.0979



## Deuteranomaly

46.8272, 60.4067, 52.3716



## Tritanomaly

45.1549, 66.6803, 81.0117

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151



## Achromatopsia

34.3422, 36.1307, 39.3463



## Achromatomaly

31.1073, 42.8983, 42.7171

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 243, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 243, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 243, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 243, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 243, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 243, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 243, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 243, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 243, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 243,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.6906, 67.1572, 50.9151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 243, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 243,  
174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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