

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(39.6883, 33.4218,  
28.4040)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D08A8A
RGB	208, 138, 138
RGB Percent	82%, 54%, 54%
CMY	0.1843, 0.4588, 0.4588
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.34, 0.18
HSL	0°, 43%, 68%
HSV	0°, 34%, 82%
XYZ	39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040
YIQ	158.9300, 41.7200, 14.8400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

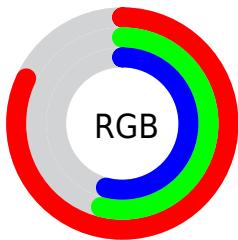
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	208, 138, 138
Decimal	13666954
CIE Lab	64.50, 26.73, 11.00
CIE LCh	65, 28.907, 22.373
Yxy	33.4218, 0.3910, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291857034 (0xFFD08A8A)
YUV	158.9300, -10.3185, 43.0344
Hunter-Lab	57.8116, 21.3720, 11.3377

# Details

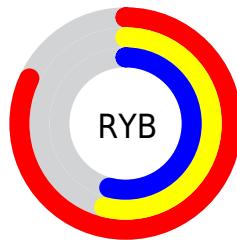
The XYZ color **39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **44.4214, 55.0670, 67.9622**, and the grayscale version is **32.9557, 34.6720, 37.7578**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.4936, 62.7209, 57.7338**, and **18.1185, 14.1964, 11.0177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.6205, 27.4698, 20.3164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.6176, 40.6351, 38.2022**.

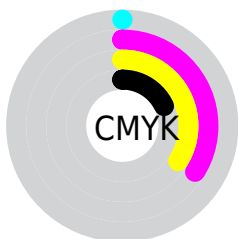
# Distribution



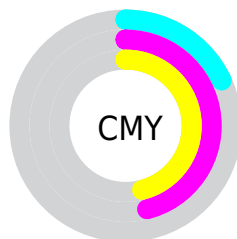
- Red (82%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (46%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 39.6883, 33.4218,  
28.4040


 39.6883, 33.4218,  
28.4040


335.9650,  
317.5461, 308.3648


 27.4787, 22.4498,  
18.3887


 73.9760, 65.0335,  
58.1596

 18.0715, 14.1878,  
11.0571


 96.7848, 86.4420,  
78.7371

 11.1014, 8.2514,  
5.9906


 123.8575,  
112.0980, 103.6724

 6.2028, 4.2562,  
2.7707

155.5592,  
142.3861, 133.3840

 3.0106, 1.8179,  
0.9788

192.2555,  
177.6905, 168.2905

 1.1594, 0.4983,  
0.0000

234.3117,

 0.0739, 0.0000,

218.3957, 208.8105

0.0000

282.0931,  
264.8861, 255.3624

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 39.6883, 33.4218,  
28.4040

■ 39.6883, 33.4218,  
28.4040

■ 35.6205, 27.4698,  
20.3164

■ 44.6176, 40.6351,  
38.2022

■ 32.3624, 22.7022,  
13.8397

■ 50.4512, 49.1713,  
49.7992

■ 29.8607, 19.0414,  
8.8665

■ 57.2321, 59.0936,  
63.2794

■ 28.0545, 16.3982,  
5.2760

■ 64.9997, 70.4597,  
78.7213

■ 26.8735, 14.6701,  
2.9287

■ 73.7914, 83.3243,  
96.1992

■ 26.2330, 13.7328,  
1.6557

■ 79.8224, 92.1499,  
108.1874

■ 26.0126, 13.4102,  
1.2174

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.3032, 33.4218, 39.4929



39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040



36.8643, 33.4218, 21.1896

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040



25.8842, 33.4218, 24.1991



30.7242, 33.4218, 63.8996

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040



44.4214, 55.0670, 67.9622

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.1616, 33.4218, 57.5327



39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040



24.5292, 33.4218, 33.4553

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040



28.8393, 33.4218, 19.1540



24.9757, 33.4218, 45.7495



34.8852, 33.4218, 61.7265



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040



34.2318, 33.4218, 18.7374



24.9757, 33.4218, 45.7495



29.4223, 33.4218, 62.6468

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.6892, 33.4234, 28.4047



83.6111, 83.2617, 86.1596



46.4862, 36.1412, 64.2003



17.5792, 17.3576, 17.8115



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.6892, 33.4234, 28.4047



58.3821, 46.3445, 36.0053



45.5436, 45.1322, 30.3561



11.8088, 11.8084, 12.2689



16.2125, 8.3580, 0.7588



0.9065, 0.4674, 0.0424

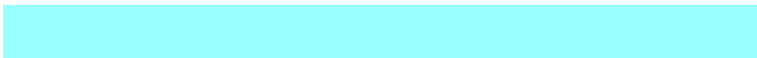


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.4214, 55.0670, 67.9622



66.9448, 85.5082, 107.5841



36.8102, 39.8448, 65.4252



12.1584, 13.4070, 15.1906



21.1520, 30.9506, 42.0517

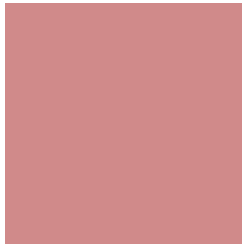


1.1827, 1.7306, 2.3513



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

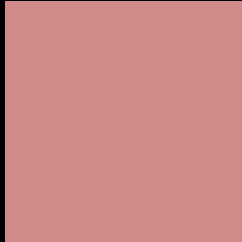
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.6883, 33.4218,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040

### Protanopia

32.1341, 33.5964, 32.8081

### Deuteranopia

34.3329, 33.6141, 27.9712



## Tritanopia

40.5066, 33.5532, 31.9452

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040

## Protanomaly

34.3719, 33.0922, 30.9614

## Deuteranomaly

36.0294, 33.3111, 28.1976

## Tritanomaly

40.2742, 33.4602, 30.7213

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040

## Achromatopsia

32.9542, 34.6704, 37.7561

## Achromatomaly

34.7840, 33.7147, 33.9524

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 138, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 138, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 138, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 138, 138) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 138, 138) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 138, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 138, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 138, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 138, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 138,  
138) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.6883, 33.4218, 28.4040 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 138, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
138, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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