

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.7167, 30.8739, 51.9795)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.7167, 30.8739, 51.9795)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(39.6694, 30.8482,  
52.0076)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C480BD
RGB	196, 128, 189
RGB Percent	77%, 50%, 74%
CMY	0.2314, 0.4980, 0.2588
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.04, 0.23
HSL	306°, 37%, 64%
HSV	306°, 35%, 77%
XYZ	39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076
YIQ	155.2860, 20.9470, 33.3870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

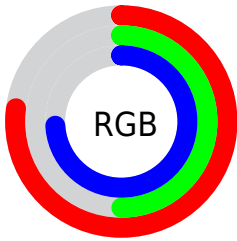
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	196, 128, 189
Decimal	12878013
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.38, 35.82, -21.20
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 41.622, 329.377
Yxy	30.8482, 0.3238, 0.2518
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291068093 (0xFFC480BD)
YUV	155.2860, 16.6210, 35.7062
Hunter-Lab	55.5412, 30.2938, -16.6391

# Details

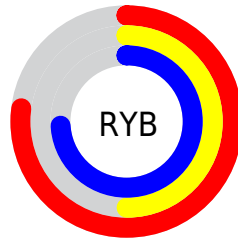
The XYZ color **39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **33.0164, 45.8193, 30.0273**, and the grayscale version is **31.2053, 32.8305, 35.7524**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.0824, 61.1193, 94.2788**, and **18.0823, 12.7480, 24.8001** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.1384, 26.1337, 50.0910**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.6992, 36.5543, 54.1061**.

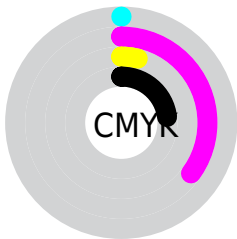
# Distribution



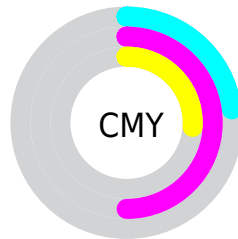
- Red (77%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 39.6694, 30.8482,  
52.0076


 39.6694, 30.8482,  
52.0076

335.8865,  
305.8384, 411.4237

 27.4639, 20.4833,  
36.6288


 73.9474, 61.0010,  
94.5691

 18.0603, 12.7468,  
24.6267

 96.7506, 81.5577,  
122.5890

 11.0933, 7.2544,  
15.5827


 123.8171,  
106.2804, 155.6597

 6.1974, 3.6217,  
9.0782

155.5123,  
135.5535, 194.1997

 3.0073, 1.4643,  
4.6947

192.2014,  
169.7615, 238.6275

 1.1576, 0.2634,  
2.0137

234.2500,

 0.0725, 0.0000,

209.2887, 289.3618

0.5637

282.0232,  
254.5195, 346.8210

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 39.6694, 30.8482,  
52.0076

■ 39.6694, 30.8482,  
52.0076

■ 37.1384, 26.1337,  
50.0910

■ 42.6992, 36.5543,  
54.1061

■ 35.0746, 22.3494,  
48.3448

■ 46.2512, 43.3003,  
56.3935

■ 33.4477, 19.4340,  
46.7592

■ 50.3506, 51.1364,  
58.8785

■ 32.2222, 17.3167,  
45.3222

■ 55.0205, 60.1083,  
61.5688

■ 31.3573, 15.9157,  
44.0202

■ 60.2822, 70.2591,  
64.4718

■ 30.8034, 15.1319,  
42.8366

■ 66.1563, 81.6296,  
67.5942

■ 30.5842, 14.8635,  
42.2393

■ 69.3197, 87.5737,  
69.8284

■ 69.5620, 87.6706,  
71.1043

■ 69.8075, 87.7688,  
72.3968

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.9641, 30.8482, 68.5414



39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076



41.5462, 30.8482, 33.9269

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076



29.4382, 30.8482, 11.1312



20.8545, 30.8482, 51.2295

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076



33.0164, 45.8193, 30.0273

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.7642, 30.8482, 33.2522



39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076



24.3190, 30.8482, 13.1529

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076



35.1940, 30.8482, 13.3343



20.9485, 30.8482, 20.1299



24.1394, 30.8482, 68.0001



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076



40.7774, 30.8482, 24.3076



20.9485, 30.8482, 20.1299



20.2394, 30.8482, 44.9738

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.6704, 30.8496, 52.0082



87.0280, 84.6278, 104.1551



27.6439, 24.5597, 55.5087



18.4044, 17.6875, 22.1573



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.6704, 30.8496, 52.0082



68.1394, 48.9385, 91.4220



36.4185, 29.5488, 34.8839



10.4512, 10.2291, 12.4664



19.6700, 9.5578, 27.2381



0.8630, 0.4182, 1.2460



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.6704, 30.8496, 52.0082



68.1394, 48.9385, 91.4220



35.7858, 46.9270, 44.6107



10.4512, 10.2291, 12.4664



19.6700, 9.5578, 27.2381

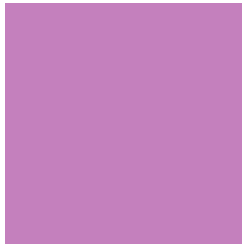


0.8630, 0.4182, 1.2460



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

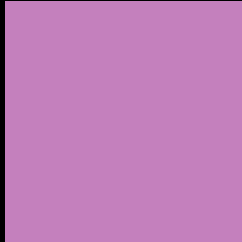
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

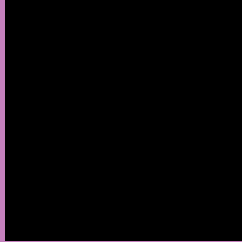
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.6694, 30.8482,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076

### Protanopia

31.7586, 31.0536, 62.0777

### Deuteranopia

31.7413, 31.0722, 50.2235



## Tritanopia

35.5565, 30.7913, 31.6730

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076

## Protanomaly

33.7383, 30.3414, 58.1111

## Deuteranomaly

34.1137, 30.7019, 50.5824

## Tritanomaly

36.9014, 30.7211, 38.1673

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076

## Achromatopsia

31.1553, 32.7778, 35.6950

## Achromatomaly

33.6780, 31.5869, 40.8811

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 128, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 128, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 128, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 128, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 128, 189) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 128, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 128, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 128, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 128, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 128,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.6694, 30.8482, 52.0076 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 128, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
128, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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