

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.7446, 42.5200, 97.1740)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.7446, 42.5200, 97.1740)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(39.7170, 42.3934,  
97.3562)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CB3FB
RGB	108, 179, 251
RGB Percent	42%, 70%, 98%
CMY	0.5764, 0.2980, 0.0157
CMYK	0.57, 0.29, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	210°, 95%, 70%
HSV	210°, 57%, 98%
XYZ	39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562
YIQ	165.9790, -65.4280, 7.3400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

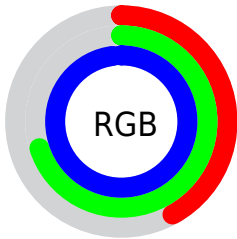
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	108, 155, 251
Decimal	7123963
CIE Lab	71.14, -1.80, -42.43
CIE LCh	71, 42.472, 267.570
Yxy	42.3934, 0.2213, 0.2362
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285314043 (0xFF6CB3FB)
YUV	165.9790, 41.9154, -50.8476
Hunter-Lab	65.1102, -5.0585, -43.0764

# Details

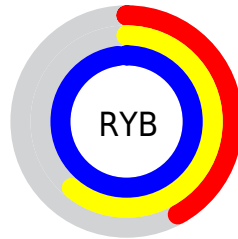
The XYZ color **39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **58.8135, 54.2369, 21.5582**, and the grayscale version is **36.0635, 37.9416, 41.3184**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.9068, 74.9615, 105.7085**, and **18.1263, 19.4859, 53.8447** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.6744, 36.2050, 96.4283**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.8733, 49.5020, 98.4047**.

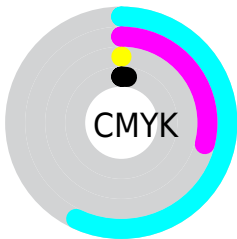
# Distribution



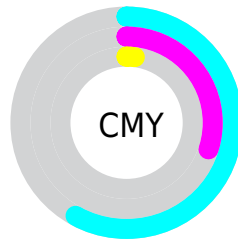
- Red (42%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 39.7170, 42.3934,  
97.3562

■ 39.7170, 42.3934,  
97.3562

336.0842,  
356.1111, 572.8568

■ 27.5012, 29.4095,  
73.4899

■ 74.0195, 78.7947,  
159.5393

■ 18.0885, 19.3908,  
53.8824

■ 96.8368, 102.9808,  
198.6931

■ 11.1136, 11.9530,  
38.1151

■ 123.9187,  
131.6698, 243.7799

■ 6.2112, 6.7117,  
25.7695

155.6306,  
165.2460, 295.2182

■ 3.0158, 3.2824,  
16.4271

192.3377,  
204.0938, 353.4265

■ 1.1621, 1.2809,  
9.6692

234.4054,

■ 0.0761, 0.1263,

248.5977, 418.8233

5.0775

282.1992,  
299.1420, 491.8272

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.2333

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6935

■ 39.7170, 42.3934,  
97.3562

■ 39.7170, 42.3934,  
97.3562

■ 34.6744, 36.2050,  
96.4283

■ 45.8733, 49.5020,  
98.4047

■ 30.6569, 30.8799,  
95.6122

■ 53.2132, 57.5735,  
99.5758

■ 27.5685, 26.3595,  
94.9025

■ 61.8057, 66.6529,  
100.8754

■ 25.2860, 22.5703,  
94.2914

■ 71.7129, 76.7802,  
102.3080

■ 24.6984, 21.5364,  
94.1228

■ 82.9924, 87.9933,  
103.8778

■ 94.3588, 99.6372,  
105.5263

■ 94.4127, 99.7451,  
105.5442

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.3992, 42.3934, 87.7112



39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562



46.9569, 42.3934, 90.2818

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562



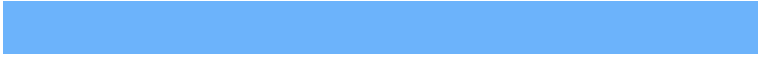
53.6652, 42.3934, 30.3081



29.8227, 42.3934, 28.1882

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562



58.8135, 54.2369, 21.5582

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.2926, 42.3934, 19.4277



39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562



48.0771, 42.3934, 20.3747

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562



55.5509, 42.3934, 47.8386



40.8759, 42.3934, 17.0547

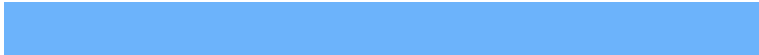


28.1220, 42.3934, 44.5196



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562



51.2481, 42.3934, 77.9279



40.8759, 42.3934, 17.0547



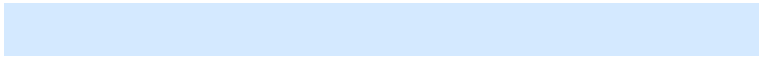
31.0233, 42.3934, 24.4651

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.7185, 42.3949, 97.3572



74.2885, 79.5409, 106.0453



48.8704, 75.4586, 54.9047



15.4350, 16.5544, 22.6317



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.7185, 42.3949, 97.3572



35.4408, 36.8877, 99.8598



28.9612, 20.8802, 93.7715



16.9949, 18.0666, 21.9768



13.1278, 11.6112, 49.5228



1.3218, 1.2873, 4.6220



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.2842, 34.4907, 46.4982



51.2664, 30.0501, 39.9938



76.9886, 90.5872, 27.6166



17.6040, 17.3689, 19.7702



22.9183, 11.5831, 11.5443

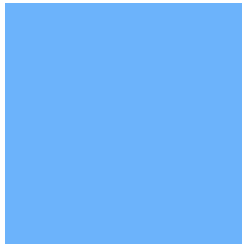


2.1761, 1.0942, 1.3508



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

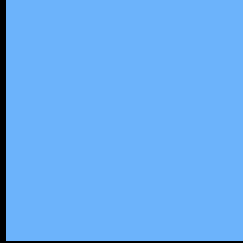
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

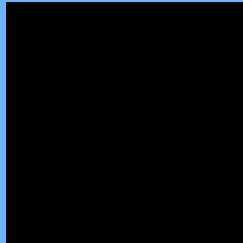
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

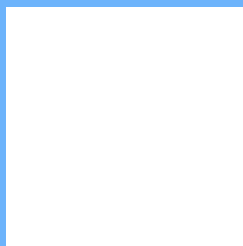
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.7170, 42.3934,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562

### Protanopia

43.4697, 42.1415, 91.4310

### Deuteranopia

43.4667, 42.2596, 98.7945



## Tritanopia

32.8825, 42.4021, 62.9512

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562

**Protanomaly**

41.9162, 42.1384, 93.9200

**Deuteranomaly**

41.9539, 42.3553, 98.0597

**Tritanomaly**

35.0911, 42.3520, 74.0354

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562

**Achromatopsia**

36.2450, 38.1326, 41.5264

**Achromatomaly**

36.3180, 39.1768, 58.4710

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 179, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 179, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 179, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 179, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 179, 251) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 179, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 179, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 179, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 179, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 179,  
251) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.7170, 42.3934, 97.3562 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 179, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
179, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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