

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.8412, 33.1696, 98.9103)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.8412, 33.1696, 98.9103)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(39.8773, 33.2775,  
98.9292)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9290FF
RGB	146, 144, 255
RGB Percent	57%, 56%, 100%
CMY	0.4274, 0.4353, 0.0000
CMYK	0.43, 0.44, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	241°, 100%, 78%
HSV	241°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292
YIQ	157.2520, -34.4390, 34.9450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

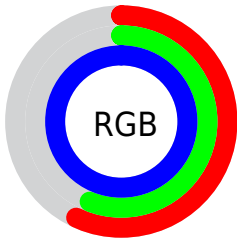
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	146, 144, 255
Decimal	9605375
CIE Lab	64.38, 27.82, -55.11
CIE LCh	64, 61.740, 296.786
Yxy	33.2775, 0.2317, 0.1934
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287795455 (0xFF9290FF)
YUV	157.2520, 48.1898, -9.8680
Hunter-Lab	57.6867, 22.4408, -61.2982

# Details

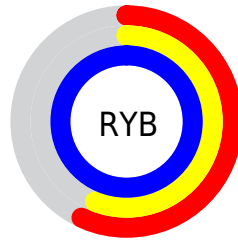
The XYZ color **39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **81.3013, 94.4159, 40.3255**, and the grayscale version is **31.9632, 33.6278, 36.6207**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.1459, 60.4455, 102.9467**, and **18.2202, 14.1573, 55.1984** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.4680, 24.3579, 97.5980**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.1359, 44.4461, 100.5970**.

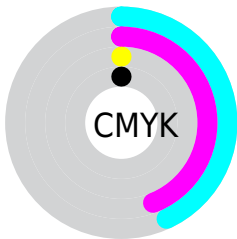
# Distribution



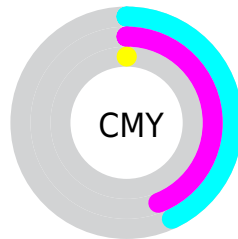
- Red (57%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 39.8773, 33.2775,  
98.9292

■ 39.8773, 33.2775,  
98.9292

336.7494,  
316.8983, 577.9714

■ 27.6267, 22.3391,  
74.7947

■ 74.2622, 64.8085,  
161.7239

■ 18.1834, 14.1063,  
54.9440

■ 97.1271, 86.1700,  
201.2212

■ 11.1823, 8.1946,  
38.9586

124.2609,  
111.7745, 246.6764

■ 6.2578, 4.2197,  
26.4199

156.0288,  
142.0067, 298.5082

■ 3.0446, 1.7972,  
16.9095

192.7963,  
177.2507, 357.1350

■ 1.1774, 0.4854,  
10.0087

234.9286,

■ 0.0884, 0.0000,

217.8910, 422.9755

5.2990

282.7912,  
264.3121, 496.4481

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.3620

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7656

■ 39.8773, 33.2775,  
98.9292

■ 39.8773, 33.2775,  
98.9292

■ 32.4680, 24.3579,  
97.5980

■ 49.1359, 44.4461,  
100.5970

■ 26.7805, 17.5318,  
96.5802

■ 60.3526, 57.9983,  
102.6216

■ 22.6772, 12.6295,  
95.8503

■ 73.6320, 74.0622,  
105.0223

■ 19.9978, 9.4533,  
95.3784

■ 89.0702, 92.7555,  
107.8168

■ 18.5480, 7.7629,  
95.1286

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 18.1076, 7.2497,  
95.0527

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6908, 33.2775, 109.2717



39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292



47.9886, 33.2775, 69.7567

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292



41.8242, 33.2775, 8.9443



17.5732, 33.2775, 33.5861

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292



81.3013, 94.4159, 40.3255

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.4876, 33.2775, 15.6550



39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292



32.5867, 33.2775, 6.2019

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292



49.2511, 33.2775, 18.4989



24.6050, 33.2775, 7.9180



18.8093, 33.2775, 62.7302



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292



51.1100, 33.2775, 48.4677



24.6050, 33.2775, 7.9180



17.8593, 33.2775, 26.2536

# Sweetspot

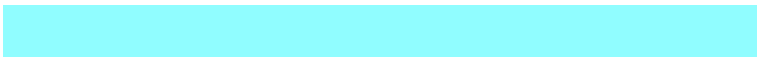
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.8785, 33.2786, 98.9293



74.3931, 74.9833, 105.1600



64.7247, 83.4948, 107.3125



15.2514, 15.2365, 22.3871



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.8785, 33.2786, 98.9293



33.4859, 25.5818, 97.7806



52.2055, 39.6334, 99.5062



17.0333, 17.3934, 22.7095



9.4747, 3.7949, 49.6677



0.9327, 0.3747, 4.8364



# Inverse Universe

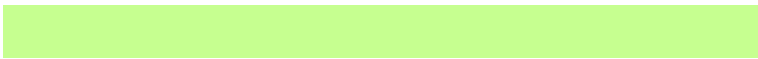
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.9428, 48.2989, 98.6154



65.9159, 42.3444, 97.3004



63.9911, 85.4921, 39.5154



18.7777, 18.2944, 22.7125



30.6043, 14.7310, 48.6942

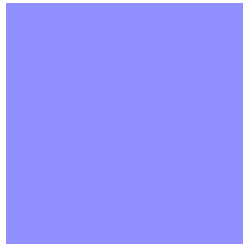


2.9842, 1.4360, 4.7641



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

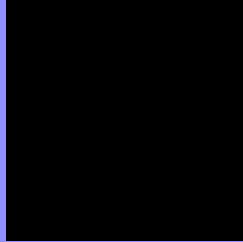
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.8773, 33.2775,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292

### Protanopia

36.3807, 33.5799, 99.1718

### Deuteranopia

34.4962, 33.4019, 96.7245



## Tritanopia

29.1156, 33.2958, 45.4496

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292

## Protanomaly

37.5605, 33.4683, 99.0881

## Deuteranomaly

36.0281, 33.1932, 97.4365

## Tritanomaly

32.2933, 32.7889, 61.7536

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292

## Achromatopsia

32.0474, 33.7164, 36.7171

## Achromatomaly

33.9907, 33.0790, 55.0455

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 144, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 144, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 144, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 144, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 144, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 144, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 144, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 144, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 144, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 144,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.8773, 33.2775, 98.9292 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 144, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
144, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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