

# Converting Colors

XYZ(39.9783, 49.2926, 85.5034)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(39.9783, 49.2926, 85.5034)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(39.8908, 49.1670,  
85.2296)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5EC7EA
RGB	94, 199, 234
RGB Percent	37%, 78%, 92%
CMY	0.6313, 0.2196, 0.0823
CMYK	0.60, 0.15, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	195°, 77%, 64%
HSV	195°, 60%, 92%
XYZ	39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296
YIQ	171.5950, -73.8150, -11.3750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

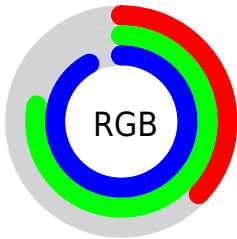
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	94, 154, 234
Decimal	6211562
CIE Lab	75.56, -20.28, -26.47
CIE LCh	76, 33.344, 232.538
Yxy	49.1670, 0.2289, 0.2821
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284401642 (0xFF5EC7EA)
YUV	171.5950, 30.7657, -68.0508
Hunter-Lab	70.1192, -21.1599, -22.9833

# Details

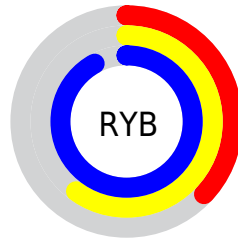
The XYZ color **39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **43.8039, 34.0030, 14.8460**, and the grayscale version is **38.8862, 40.9113, 44.5524**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.3276, 85.7086, 107.6026**, and **18.1738, 23.4716, 45.6921** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.5250, 45.4729, 84.6949**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.0386, 53.3431, 85.8180**.

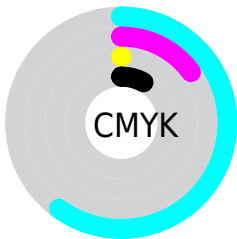
# Distribution



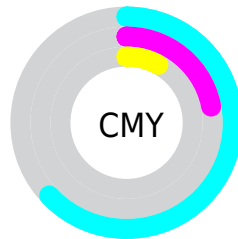
- Red (37%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 39.8908, 49.1670,  
85.2296

■ 39.8908, 49.1670,  
85.2296

336.8054,  
383.3994, 532.5519

■ 27.6372, 34.7520,  
63.4799

■ 74.2826, 88.9394,  
142.5709

■ 18.1914, 23.4719,  
45.7860

■ 97.1515, 115.0656,  
178.9996

■ 11.1880, 14.9423,  
31.7296

■ 124.2897,  
145.8643, 221.1583

■ 6.2617, 8.7789,  
20.8919

■ 156.0623,  
181.7200, 269.4657

■ 3.0470, 4.5973,  
12.8545

192.8349,  
223.0169, 324.3402

■ 1.1787, 2.0130,  
7.1989

234.9727,

■ 0.0894, 0.6150,

270.1395, 386.2003

3.5065

282.8411,  
323.4722, 455.4647

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.3587

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1092

■ 39.8908, 49.1670,  
85.2296

■ 39.8908, 49.1670,  
85.2296

■ 36.5250, 45.4729,  
84.6949

■ 44.0386, 53.3431,  
85.8180

■ 33.8680, 42.2191,  
84.2069

■ 49.0238, 58.0275,  
86.4594

■ 31.8397, 39.3646,  
83.7628

■ 54.9020, 63.2508,  
87.1578

■ 30.3041, 36.8383,  
83.3561

■ 61.7225, 69.0391,  
87.9156

■ 30.2791, 36.7959,  
83.3492

■ 69.5308, 75.4168,  
88.7350

■ 78.3695, 82.4065,  
89.6183

■ 87.2377, 89.4931,  
90.5188

■ 88.9873, 92.9924,  
91.1020

■ 90.7930, 96.6037,  
91.7039

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.6225, 49.1670, 67.6188



39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296



45.2102, 49.1670, 94.7088

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296



59.4884, 49.1670, 58.0623



42.3369, 49.1670, 27.9164

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296



43.8039, 34.0030, 14.8460

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.2871, 49.1670, 26.4504



39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296



58.5486, 49.1670, 41.5558

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296



56.7789, 49.1670, 76.9334



54.3133, 49.1670, 30.8692



37.9458, 49.1670, 35.4378



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296



49.3507, 49.1670, 93.9478



54.3133, 49.1670, 30.8692



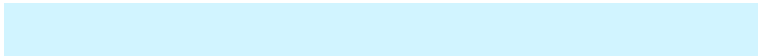
44.2072, 49.1670, 26.7778

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.8924, 49.1688, 85.2308



76.5807, 85.2058, 107.0179



37.8495, 62.7502, 30.0842



15.8336, 17.7739, 22.8461



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.8924, 49.1688, 85.2308



43.5030, 54.2248, 102.7813



27.6303, 24.6445, 81.1434



15.1803, 16.4470, 19.2968



17.1199, 20.8868, 46.8722



1.4196, 1.7907, 3.7057



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.2446, 29.6230, 57.2096



55.0398, 30.4259, 63.3584



55.8441, 58.0835, 18.8594



15.5446, 15.2457, 18.1529



23.4966, 11.6013, 24.2143

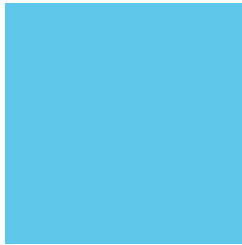


1.8831, 0.9262, 2.1015



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

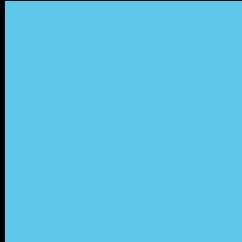
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296.



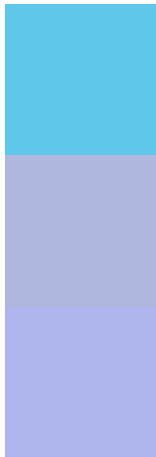
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 39.8908, 49.1670,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296

### Protanopia

48.1573, 48.4248, 76.6208

### Deuteranopia

49.8398, 48.7429, 87.6704



## Tritanopia

37.7059, 49.3293, 73.8639

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296

**Protanomaly**

43.9168, 48.0522, 79.6334

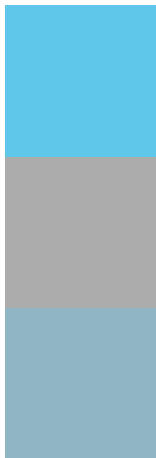
**Deuteranomaly**

45.1233, 48.1919, 87.0445

**Tritanomaly**

38.5576, 49.3288, 78.0102

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296

**Achromatopsia**

39.2122, 41.2543, 44.9259

**Achromatomaly**

38.0799, 43.3253, 57.9854

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 199, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 199, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 199, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 199, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 199, 234) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 199, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 199, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 199, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 199, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 199,  
234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 39.8908, 49.1670, 85.2296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 199, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 199,  
234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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