

Converting Colors

XYZ(4.0952, 9.3892, 16.4925)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(4.0952, 9.3892, 16.4925)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.0233, 11.4558,
16.8272)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006A6F
RGB	0, 106, 111
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 44%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5843, 0.5647
CMYK	1.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	183°, 100%, 22%
HSV	183°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272
YIQ	74.8760, -64.7810, -20.9170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

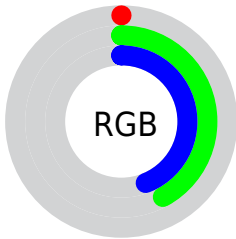
Format	Color
RYB	0, 54, 111
Decimal	27247
CIELab	40.34, -23.50, -10.19
CIELCh	40, 25.616, 203.451
Yxy	11.4558, 0.2210, 0.3155
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217327 (0xFF006A6F)
YUV	74.8760, 17.8091, -65.6663
Hunter-Lab	33.8464, -16.9178, -5.7843

Details

The XYZ color **8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **6.6101, 3.4884, 0.3253**, and the grayscale version is **6.6437, 6.9896, 7.6117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **21.7394, 28.5939, 39.0237**, and **2.4103, 3.3850, 5.2290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.0234, 11.4560, 16.8274**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.2147, 11.6314, 16.8512**.

Distribution



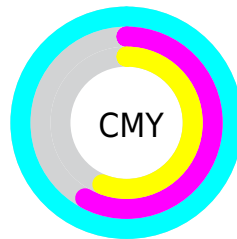
- Red (0%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.0233, 11.4558,
16.8272

8.0233, 11.4558,
16.8272

170.2808,
200.7685, 246.1848

4.1618, 6.3743,
9.9507

21.6891, 28.5000,
38.8150

1.7941, 3.0740,
5.2611

32.2241, 41.2315,
54.7634

0.5141, 1.1705,
2.3399

45.7143, 57.2817,
74.5728

0.0000, 0.0374,
0.7534

62.5250, 77.0351,
98.6619

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

83.0217, 100.8761,
127.4491

107.5697,

129.1891, 161.3529

136.5342,
162.3584, 200.7919

8.0233, 11.4558,
16.8272

8.0233, 11.4558,
16.8272

8.0234, 11.4560,
16.8274

8.2147, 11.6314,
16.8512

8.4627, 11.8364,
16.8777

8.8167, 12.0965,
16.9093

9.2886, 12.4178,
16.9464

9.8887, 12.8057,
16.9897

■ 10.6264, 13.2650,
17.0394

■ 11.5100, 13.7999,
17.0961

■ 12.5473, 14.4145,
17.1601

■ 13.7455, 15.1125,
17.2316

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.8114, 11.4558, 11.3814



8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272



8.9626, 11.4558, 22.1993

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272



13.8977, 11.4558, 19.3214



11.2862, 11.4558, 5.0137

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272



6.6101, 3.4884, 0.3253

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.0720, 11.4558, 6.1066



8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272



14.6829, 11.4558, 13.6332

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272



12.3180, 11.4558, 23.8936



14.3653, 11.4558, 8.9439



9.5739, 11.4558, 5.4338

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272



9.9361, 11.4558, 24.5258



14.3653, 11.4558, 8.9439



11.8997, 11.4558, 5.2037

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.0237, 11.4562, 16.8275



20.4690, 24.6261, 30.6043



5.7050, 11.3772, 2.0020



4.7880, 5.8383, 7.3443



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.0237, 11.4562, 16.8275



14.3421, 20.4635, 30.1237



4.0889, 3.5866, 15.5159



3.4627, 3.7907, 4.3034



9.4495, 13.4893, 19.8273



46.8983, 66.8485, 98.7104

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.1574, 4.4205, 14.0067



16.3847, 7.9099, 25.0141



8.1303, 6.5288, 0.8321



3.5082, 3.4510, 4.2030



10.7880, 5.2076, 16.4914



53.6521, 25.9062, 81.6890

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

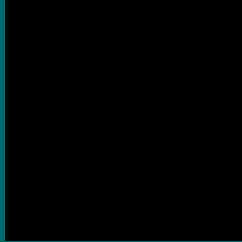
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.0233, 11.4558,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272

Protanopia

11.1175, 11.3846, 14.7082

Deuteranopia

11.6709, 11.4765, 17.5197



Tritanopia

8.3573, 11.6085, 17.7198

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272

Protanomaly

8.8850, 10.7576, 15.5180

Deuteranomaly

9.2118, 10.8883, 17.2389

Tritanomaly

8.2348, 11.5519, 17.4185

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272

Achromatopsia

6.6877, 7.0360, 7.6622

Achromatomaly

6.3082, 7.9885, 10.4420

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 106, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 106, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 106, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 106, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 106, 111) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 106, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 106, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 106, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.0233, 11.4558, 16.8272 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 106, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 106,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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