

Converting Colors

XYZ(4.1836, 8.9714, 19.8645)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(4.1836, 8.9714, 19.8645)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(8.3631, 11.1056,
20.1152)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00677A
RGB	0, 103, 122
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 48%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5961, 0.5216
CMYK	1.00, 0.16, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	189°, 100%, 24%
HSV	189°, 100%, 48%
XYZ	8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152
YIQ	74.3690, -67.4870, -15.9270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

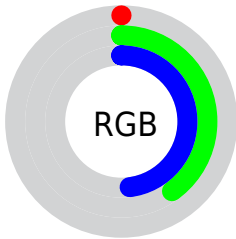
Format	Color
RYB	0, 56, 122
Decimal	26490
CIELab	39.76, -17.95, -17.77
CIELCh	40, 25.258, 224.722
Yxy	11.1056, 0.2113, 0.2806
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216570 (0xFF00677A)
YUV	74.3690, 23.4821, -65.2216
Hunter-Lab	33.3251, -13.5234, -12.4602

Details

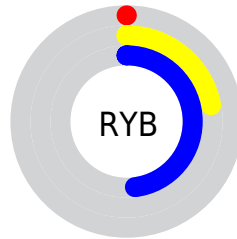
The XYZ color **8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **8.2594, 4.6040, 0.4538**, and the grayscale version is **6.5436, 6.8844, 7.4971**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.2562, 27.7450, 44.2267**, and **2.6168, 3.3094, 6.8042** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.3630, 11.1054, 20.1154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.7091, 11.5680, 20.1864**.

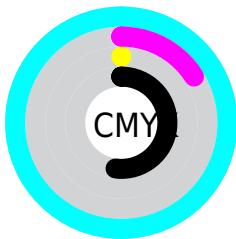
Distribution



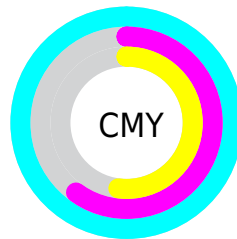
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.3631, 11.1056,
20.1152

■ 8.3631, 11.1056,
20.1152

172.8625,
198.3906, 265.1629

■ 4.3819, 6.1379,
12.2939

■ 22.3459, 27.8553,
44.4717

■ 1.9204, 2.9291,
6.8192

■ 33.0782, 40.4060,
61.8441

■ 0.5886, 1.0948,
3.2726

■ 46.7917, 56.2533,
83.2372

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.2354

■ 63.8515, 75.7814,
109.0696

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0080

■ 84.6232, 99.3748,
139.7598

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 109.4720,

127.4179, 175.7264

138.7633,
160.2950, 217.3879

8.3631, 11.1056,
20.1152

8.3631, 11.1056,
20.1152

8.3630, 11.1054,
20.1154

8.7091, 11.5680,
20.1864

9.1366, 12.0786,
20.2625

9.6990, 12.6652,
20.3460

10.4118, 13.3358,
20.4379

11.2881, 14.0973,
20.5387

■ 12.3398, 14.9557,
20.6490

■ 13.5775, 15.9167,
20.7692

■ 15.0110, 16.9853,
20.8999

■ 16.6494, 18.1662,
21.0415

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.6529, 11.1056, 14.6796



8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152



9.7027, 11.1056, 23.8135

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152



14.1024, 11.1056, 14.7814



9.7322, 11.1056, 5.0180

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152



8.2594, 4.6040, 0.4538

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.4570, 11.1056, 5.0313



8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152



14.1125, 11.1056, 9.8281

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152



13.0748, 11.1056, 20.2071



13.1011, 11.1056, 6.5489



8.3827, 11.1056, 6.5056

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152



10.8319, 11.1056, 24.2951



13.1011, 11.1056, 6.5489



10.2839, 11.1056, 4.8635

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.3635, 11.1060, 20.1155



23.7147, 27.8710, 36.5226



7.0716, 13.9641, 2.9084



5.2481, 6.2389, 8.3343



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.3635, 11.1060, 20.1155



14.6329, 19.3776, 35.3619



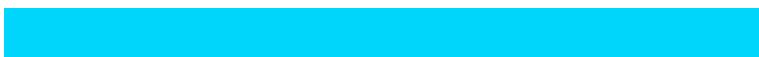
4.3665, 3.1121, 18.7832



4.0565, 4.4112, 5.0808



8.8000, 11.6823, 21.1764



41.4690, 54.7107, 100.8444

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.4746, 5.1173, 13.2679



18.3868, 8.9859, 23.1282



10.8444, 9.7739, 1.3155



4.1289, 4.0673, 4.8767



11.0251, 5.3862, 13.9552



52.3348, 25.5903, 65.2183

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

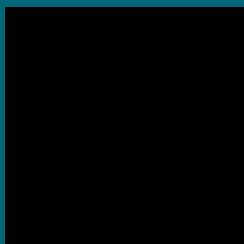
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152.

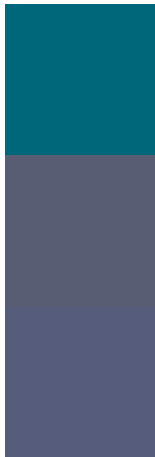


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.3631, 11.1056,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152

Protanopia

11.1287, 11.1904, 17.7931

Deuteranopia

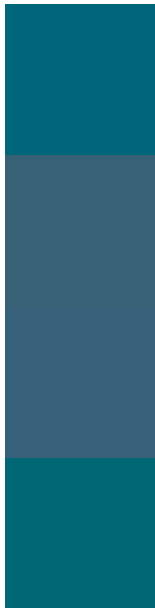
11.3030, 11.0880, 20.6132



Tritanopia

7.8749, 11.0705, 17.0510

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152

Protanomaly

9.2321, 10.7273, 18.7235

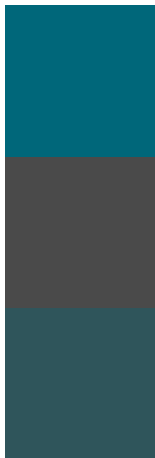
Deuteranomaly

9.3336, 10.6080, 20.2945

Tritanomaly

8.1027, 11.1616, 18.2503

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152

Achromatopsia

6.5089, 6.8478, 7.4573

Achromatomaly

6.3091, 7.8567, 11.0815

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 103, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 103, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 103, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 103, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 103, 122) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 103, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 103, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 103, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 103, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 103,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.3631, 11.1056, 20.1152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 103, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 103,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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