

Converting Colors

XYZ(4.1966, 7.7166, 18.5963)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(4.1966, 7.7166, 18.5963)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(7.3325, 9.3373,
18.8686)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005E77
RGB	0, 94, 119
RGB Percent	0%, 37%, 47%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6314, 0.5333
CMYK	1.00, 0.21, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	193°, 100%, 23%
HSV	193°, 100%, 47%
XYZ	7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686
YIQ	68.7440, -64.0490, -12.1530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

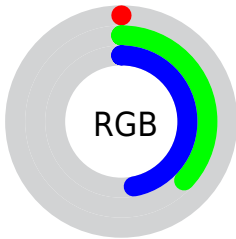
Format	Color
RYB	0, 53, 119
Decimal	24183
CIELab	36.63, -13.98, -20.77
CIELCh	37, 25.039, 236.047
Yxy	9.3373, 0.2063, 0.2627
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278214263 (0xFF005E77)
YUV	68.7440, 24.7762, -60.2885
Hunter-Lab	30.5570, -10.6416, -15.2210

Details

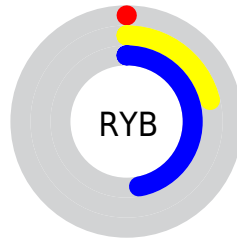
The XYZ color **7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **7.9559, 4.6180, 0.4725**, and the grayscale version is **5.5842, 5.8750, 6.3979**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **20.2256, 24.3826, 42.1684**, and **2.1624, 2.5561, 6.1738** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.3323, 9.3369, 18.8687**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.7090, 9.8670, 18.9512**.

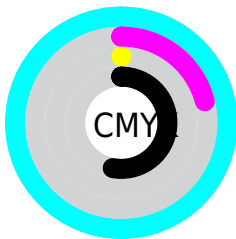
Distribution



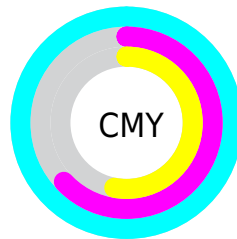
- Red (0%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

7.3325, 9.3373,
18.8686

7.3325, 9.3373,
18.8686

164.8838,
185.8746, 258.1209

3.7191, 4.9618,
11.3995

20.3372, 24.5413,
42.3457

1.5445, 2.2249,
6.2187

30.4592, 36.1387,
59.1908

0.3558, 0.7335,
2.9076

43.4815, 50.9122,
79.9983

0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0476

59.7693, 69.2461,
105.1867

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

79.6881, 91.5249,
135.1747

103.6033,

118.1330, 170.3807

131.8800,
149.4548, 211.2232

7.3325, 9.3373,
18.8686

7.3325, 9.3373,
18.8686

7.3323, 9.3369,
18.8687

7.7090, 9.8670,
18.9512

8.1642, 10.4479,
19.0393

8.7501, 11.1071,
19.1357

9.4813, 11.8521,
19.2409

10.3703, 12.6896,
19.3557

■ 11.4280, 13.6253,
19.4806

■ 12.6647, 14.6644,
19.6160

■ 14.0895, 15.8119,
19.7624

■ 15.7110, 17.0723,
19.9202

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.4876, 9.3373, 14.3286



7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686



8.6737, 9.3373, 21.0874

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686



12.1415, 9.3373, 10.7581



7.6459, 9.3373, 4.3246

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686



7.9559, 4.6180, 0.4725

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.0790, 9.3373, 3.8694



7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686



11.7858, 9.3373, 6.9006

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686



11.5427, 9.3373, 15.6295



10.6195, 9.3373, 4.6612



6.6534, 9.3373, 6.1531

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686



9.7122, 9.3373, 20.5906



10.6195, 9.3373, 4.6612



8.0870, 9.3373, 4.0334

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.3328, 9.3376, 18.8688



22.4949, 26.1083, 35.1069



6.7601, 13.2591, 3.0570



5.1451, 6.0329, 8.3000



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.3328, 9.3376, 18.8688



13.0292, 16.5181, 33.7547



3.9522, 2.5764, 17.7420



3.7212, 4.0309, 4.6722



7.7831, 9.9059, 20.0444



37.2954, 47.0073, 97.4679

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.6285, 4.7305, 10.9955



17.1902, 8.4498, 19.4204



10.7246, 10.1554, 1.3954



3.7953, 3.7454, 4.4487



10.2257, 5.0240, 11.6626



49.5117, 24.3548, 55.1514

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

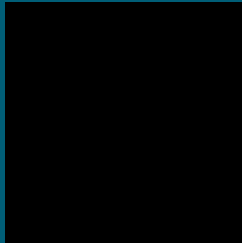
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686.

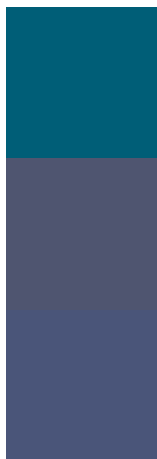


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.3325, 9.3373,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686

Protanopia

9.3976, 9.3291, 16.6346

Deuteranopia

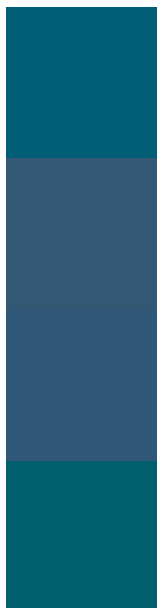
9.5237, 9.3333, 19.3887



Tritanopia

6.6311, 9.3450, 14.2862

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686

Protanomaly

7.8996, 8.8954, 17.5203

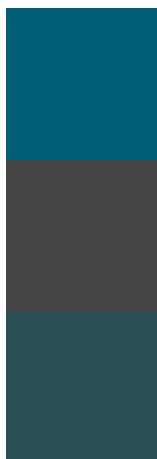
Deuteranomaly

8.0522, 8.9399, 19.0705

Tritanomaly

6.8525, 9.2885, 15.8997

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686

Achromatopsia

5.6565, 5.9511, 6.4808

Achromatomaly

5.4834, 6.6724, 10.0157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 94, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 94, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 94, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 94, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 94, 119) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 94, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 94, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 94, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 94, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 94, 119)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.3325, 9.3373, 18.8686 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 94, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 94,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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