

Converting Colors

XYZ(4.6479, 9.9252, 10.0083)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(4.6479, 9.9252, 10.0083)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(6.7543, 10.9482,
10.1447)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006A54
RGB	0, 106, 84
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 33%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5843, 0.6706
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.21, 0.58
HSL	168°, 100%, 21%
HSV	168°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447
YIQ	71.7980, -56.1140, -29.3140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

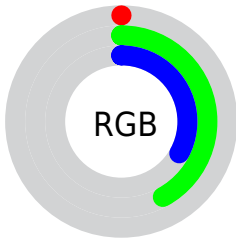
Format	Color
RYB	0, 59, 106
Decimal	27220
CIELab	39.49, -32.09, 5.01
CIELCh	39, 32.481, 171.128
Yxy	10.9482, 0.2425, 0.3932
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217300 (0xFF006A54)
YUV	71.7980, 6.0156, -62.9668
Hunter-Lab	33.0881, -21.4667, 4.9835

Details

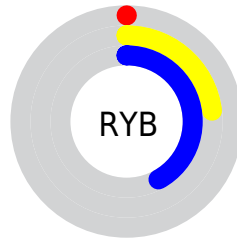
The XYZ color **6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **6.0891, 3.1224, 1.0413**, and the grayscale version is **6.1225, 6.4413, 7.0146**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.1330, 27.5249, 26.4947**, and **1.8793, 3.1726, 2.4328** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.7544, 10.9485, 10.1446**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **6.9750, 11.0521, 10.6123**.

Distribution



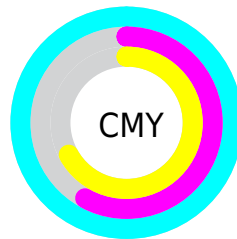
- Red (0%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

6.7543, 10.9482,
10.1447

6.7543, 10.9482,
10.1447

160.1959,
197.3118, 202.2239

3.3539, 6.0320,
5.3881

19.1868, 27.5643,
26.6794

1.3435, 2.8646,
2.4141

28.9497, 40.0331,
39.2946

0.2155, 1.0614,
0.7941

41.5640, 55.7881,
55.3664


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


57.3952, 75.2139,
75.3134


76.8087, 98.6947,
99.5541


100.1697,


126.6151, 128.5071


 127.8436,
159.3593, 162.5908


 6.7543, 10.9482,
10.1447


 6.7543, 10.9482,
10.1447


 6.7544, 10.9485,
10.1446

 6.9750, 11.0521,
10.6123

 7.2461, 11.1814,
11.0963

 7.6152, 11.3610,
11.5992

 8.0929, 11.5962,
12.1217

 8.6886, 11.8919,
12.6644

■ 9.4104, 12.2523,
13.2278

■ 10.2659, 12.6812,
13.8123

■ 11.2620, 13.1823,
14.4183

■ 12.4050, 13.7589,
15.0463

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.4421, 10.9482, 5.8095



6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447



6.9314, 10.9482, 16.8543

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447



12.0100, 10.9482, 27.2098



13.2995, 10.9482, 4.7467

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447



6.0891, 3.1224, 1.0413

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.8821, 10.9482, 8.0582



6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447



14.0676, 10.9482, 21.2785

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447



9.7658, 10.9482, 28.3896



15.1815, 10.9482, 13.8928



11.0735, 10.9482, 3.4990

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447



7.5283, 10.9482, 21.8221



15.1815, 10.9482, 13.8928



13.9368, 10.9482, 5.5856

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.7546, 10.9486, 10.1450



17.8813, 22.1873, 24.1527



5.5070, 10.4903, 1.7348



4.0774, 5.1415, 5.5841



52.6788, 55.4222, 60.3547



5.6320, 5.9254, 6.4527

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.7546, 10.9486, 10.1450



11.8121, 19.1976, 17.5841



5.1841, 6.2055, 14.5607



3.1562, 3.4817, 3.8065



8.3700, 13.5821, 12.5252



42.3280, 69.0783, 62.1336

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.0891, 3.1224, 1.0413



10.6483, 5.4644, 1.6290



6.4094, 3.9949, 0.4335



3.1231, 3.1261, 3.3786



7.5450, 3.8701, 1.2326



38.1799, 19.6139, 4.8840

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.7543, 10.9482,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447

Protanopia

10.2909, 10.9612, 8.5945

Deuteranopia

11.1265, 10.9600, 10.7616



Tritanopia

8.2163, 10.9575, 16.7209

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447

Protanomaly

7.8023, 10.3387, 9.1738

Deuteranomaly

8.1499, 10.2121, 10.5584

Tritanomaly

7.4877, 10.7888, 13.9997

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447

Achromatopsia

6.1596, 6.4803, 7.0571

Achromatomaly

5.6015, 7.4433, 7.9789

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 106, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 106, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 106, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 106, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 106, 84) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 106, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 106, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 106, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106, 84)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.7543, 10.9482, 10.1447 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 106, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 106,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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