

Converting Colors

XYZ(4.6600, 4.4350, 2.2342)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(4.6600, 4.4350, 2.2342)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C3823
RGB	76, 56, 35
RGB Percent	30%, 22%, 14%
CMY	0.7020, 0.7804, 0.8627
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.54, 0.70
HSL	31°, 37%, 22%
HSV	31°, 54%, 30%
XYZ	4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084
YIQ	59.5860, 18.6610, -2.2910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

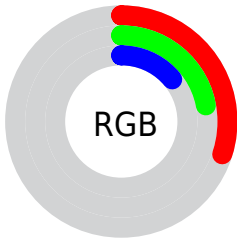
Format	Color
R_{YB}	74, 76, 35
Decimal	4995107
CIE Lab	25.22, 5.83, 16.52
CIE LCh	25, 17.522, 70.552
Yxy	4.4862, 0.4124, 0.3938
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283185187 (0xFF4C3823)
YUV	59.5860, -12.1209, 14.3951
Hunter-Lab	21.1807, 2.5263, 8.6446

Details

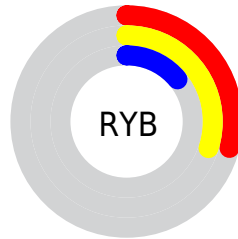
The XYZ color **4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **3.3637, 3.6112, 7.3571**, and the grayscale version is **4.2521, 4.4735, 4.8717**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **14.9024, 14.7153, 9.6443**, and **0.7090, 0.5792, 0.0744** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4.4242, 4.0999, 1.6196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **5.0099, 4.9093, 2.9308**.

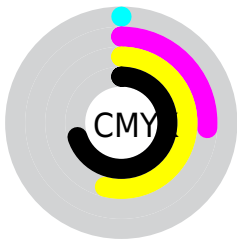
Distribution



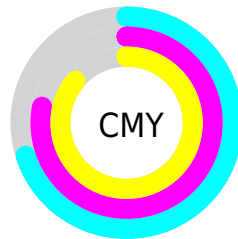
- Red (30%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 4.6980, 4.4862,
2.2084

■ 4.6980, 4.4862,
2.2084

141.8771,
144.7450, 125.5332

■ 2.1041, 1.9491,
0.6792

■ 14.9172, 14.6980,
9.6031

■ 0.6914, 0.5776,
0.0000

■ 23.2733, 23.1415,
16.3329

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 34.2808, 34.3225,
25.6423

■ 48.3050, 48.6255,
37.9499

■ 65.7115, 66.4349,
53.6743

■ 86.8654, 88.1350,

73.2339

112.1321,
114.1102, 97.0474

4.6980, 4.4862,
2.2084

4.6980, 4.4862,
2.2084

4.4242, 4.0999,
1.6196

5.0099, 4.9093,
2.9308

4.1861, 3.7487,
1.1555

5.3611, 5.3698,
3.7942

3.9819, 3.4313,
0.8067

5.7535, 5.8689,
4.8059

3.8047, 3.1446,
0.5386

6.1886, 6.4076,
5.9726

3.7037, 2.9830,
0.3806

6.6678, 6.9870,
7.3005

■ 7.1924, 7.6080,
8.7956

■ 7.7637, 8.2714,
10.4633

■ 8.3830, 8.9782,
12.3092

■ 9.0514, 9.7292,
14.3383

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



5.2962, 4.4862, 2.8921



4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084



4.0371, 4.4862, 2.1241

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084



3.1401, 4.4862, 5.5767



5.1380, 4.4862, 8.1765

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084



3.3637, 3.6112, 7.3571

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.4992, 4.4862, 9.3674



4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084



3.3754, 4.4862, 7.6305

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084



3.1816, 4.4862, 3.7778



3.8576, 4.4862, 9.1453



5.5677, 4.4862, 6.1892

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084



3.6543, 4.4862, 2.3871



3.8576, 4.4862, 9.1453



4.9380, 4.4862, 8.7037

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4.6981, 4.4864, 2.2085



10.5774, 10.9115, 9.8416



4.2831, 3.0192, 4.0346



2.7586, 2.8415, 2.5294



42.5813, 44.7988, 48.7859



3.1466, 3.3105, 3.6051

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4.6981, 4.4864, 2.2085



7.5578, 6.9230, 2.5131



5.8682, 6.8266, 2.5985



1.7461, 1.8199, 1.8050



6.7187, 5.3032, 0.6695



38.9001, 29.5948, 3.6621

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.3637, 3.6112, 7.3571



4.9282, 5.1993, 12.6613



2.5987, 2.0812, 7.1021



1.6674, 1.7683, 2.1084



3.5282, 3.2191, 13.0058



19.9999, 17.2593, 76.7726

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

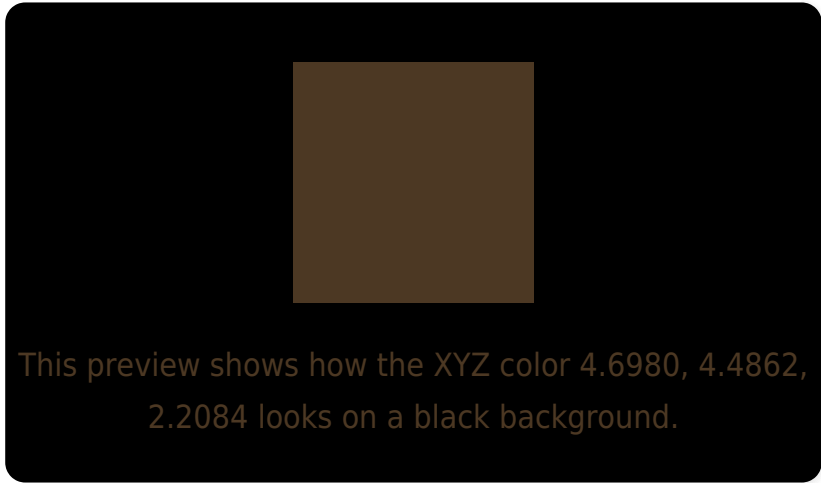
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084.

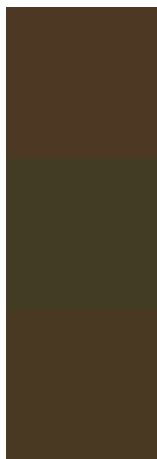


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084

Protanopia

4.1966, 4.5235, 2.4022

Deuteranopia

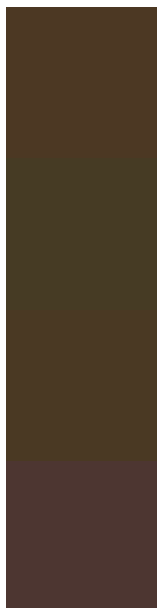
4.5142, 4.4641, 2.2138



Tritanopia

5.1535, 4.4613, 4.4604

Trichromacy



Original Color

4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084

Protanomaly

4.4082, 4.5574, 2.3164

Deuteranomaly

4.5905, 4.5035, 2.2174

Tritanomaly

4.9341, 4.4379, 3.5023

Monochromacy



Original Color

4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084

Achromatopsia

4.2949, 4.5186, 4.9208

Achromatomaly

4.4083, 4.5252, 3.7731

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 56, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 56, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 56, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 56, 35) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 56, 35) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 56, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 56, 35)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 56, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 56, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 56, 35)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 4.6980, 4.4862, 2.2084 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 56, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 56,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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