

Converting Colors

XYZ(4.7514, 20.6847, 39.9902)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(4.7514, 20.6847, 39.9902)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(19.6278, 28.2429,
40.4933)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A1A6
RGB	0, 161, 166
RGB Percent	0%, 63%, 65%
CMY	0.9999, 0.3686, 0.3490
CMYK	1.00, 0.03, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	182°, 100%, 33%
HSV	182°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933
YIQ	113.4310, -97.5610, -32.5770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

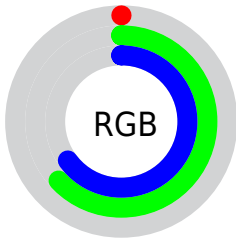
Format	Color
RYB	0, 82, 166
Decimal	41382
CIELab	60.11, -32.51, -12.61
CIELCh	60, 34.870, 201.194
Yxy	28.2429, 0.2221, 0.3196
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278231462 (0xFF00A1A6)
YUV	113.4310, 25.9165, -99.4790
Hunter-Lab	53.1440, -27.0763, -7.9754

Details

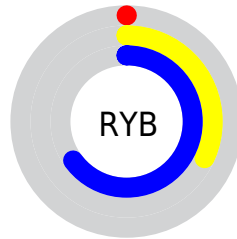
The XYZ color **19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **15.7808, 8.2163, 0.7550**, and the grayscale version is **15.7731, 16.5946, 18.0715**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.2231, 56.7119, 77.1277**, and **8.5059, 12.1522, 17.8169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.6281, 28.2434, 40.4939**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.9405, 28.5346, 40.5337**.

Distribution



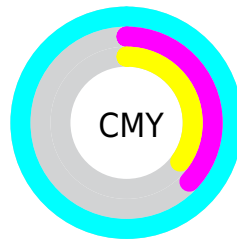
- Red (0%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.6278, 28.2429,
40.4933

■ 19.6278, 28.2429,
40.4933

■ 242.7651,
293.6258, 363.8121

■ 12.2315, 18.5088,
27.6067

■ 42.3010, 56.8720,
77.1594

■ 6.9748, 11.3159,
17.7929

■ 58.3086, 76.5359,
101.7759

■ 3.4926, 6.2797,
10.6335

■ 77.9173, 100.2784,
131.1395

■ 1.4193, 3.0159,
5.7099

■ 101.4925,
128.4841, 165.6687

■ 0.2699, 1.1401,
2.6036

■ 129.3995,
161.5373, 205.7820

■ 0.0000, 0.0119,
0.8943

■ 162.0037,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

199.8223, 251.8980

0.0000

199.6705,
243.7237, 304.4352

■ 19.6278, 28.2429,
40.4933

■ 19.6278, 28.2429,
40.4933

■ 19.6281, 28.2434,
40.4939

■ 19.9405, 28.5346,
40.5337

■ 20.4383, 28.9218,
40.5821

■ 21.1990, 29.4450,
40.6430

■ 22.2565, 30.1216,
40.7179

■ 23.6395, 30.9666,
40.8081

■ 25.3736, 31.9932,
40.9149

■ 27.4817, 33.2130,
41.0392

■ 29.9847, 34.6370,
41.1821

■ 32.9021, 36.2751,
41.3446

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.2423, 28.2429, 27.1492



19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933



21.8290, 28.2429, 54.0849

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933



34.0824, 28.2429, 48.8157



28.1759, 28.2429, 12.3304

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933



15.7808, 8.2163, 0.7550

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.5738, 28.2429, 15.3306



19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933



36.2228, 28.2429, 34.6596

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933



30.0591, 28.2429, 59.7396



35.6422, 28.2429, 22.7130



23.8668, 28.2429, 13.0900

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933



24.1780, 28.2429, 60.2853



35.6422, 28.2429, 22.7130



29.6991, 28.2429, 12.8933

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.6287, 28.2439, 40.4940



49.6368, 60.1404, 74.4674



13.6521, 27.2791, 4.6262



10.7453, 13.2495, 16.6432



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.6287, 28.2439, 40.4940



35.5933, 51.1996, 73.4818



9.7703, 8.5273, 37.2079



7.7279, 8.4927, 9.6503



15.2269, 21.9139, 31.4028



0.3762, 0.5447, 0.7660

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.1597, 10.6810, 34.6130



40.2015, 19.3776, 62.7392



19.0366, 14.7279, 1.8403



7.8320, 7.6627, 9.4325



17.1864, 8.2833, 26.8569



0.4211, 0.2027, 0.6688

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

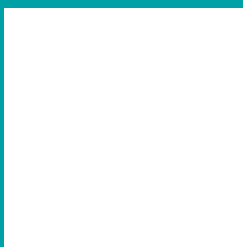
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933.

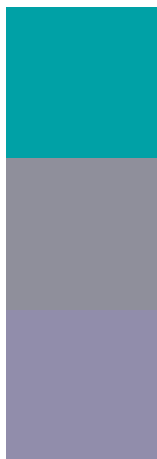


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.6278, 28.2429,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933

Protanopia

27.0665, 27.8511, 34.9596

Deuteranopia

28.5526, 28.0098, 42.4296



Tritanopia

20.4903, 28.3529, 43.9279

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933

Protanomaly

21.4787, 26.5400, 36.7916

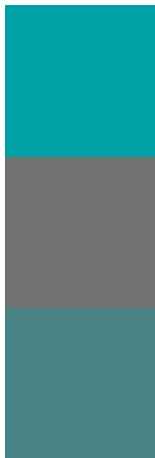
Deuteranomaly

22.1650, 26.3197, 41.4481

Tritanomaly

20.0235, 28.1454, 42.4075

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933

Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

Achromatomaly

14.8200, 19.0089, 24.7178

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 161, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 161, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 161, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 161, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 161, 166) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 161, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 161, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 161, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 161, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 161,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.6278, 28.2429, 40.4933 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 161, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 161,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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