

Converting Colors

XYZ(4.8384, 9.5375, 2.0420)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(4.8384, 9.5375, 2.0420)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00660F
RGB	0, 102, 15
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 6%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6000, 0.9412
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.85, 0.60
HSL	129°, 100%, 20%
HSV	129°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378
YIQ	61.5840, -32.8650, -48.6810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

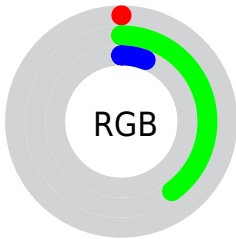
Format	Color
RYB	0, 89, 102
Decimal	26127
CIELab	37.00, -43.15, 38.28
CIELCh	37, 57.677, 138.422
Yxy	9.5372, 0.2947, 0.5811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216207 (0xFF00660F)
YUV	61.5840, -22.9659, -54.0092
Hunter-Lab	30.8824, -26.0828, 17.7053

Details

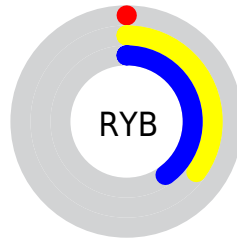
The XYZ color **4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **7.2001, 3.5131, 9.3158**, and the grayscale version is **4.5545, 4.7917, 5.2182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **15.2115, 24.8823, 9.1553**, and **1.2731, 2.5462, 0.4244** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4.8378, 9.5376, 2.0379**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **5.0411, 9.6336, 2.4418**.

Distribution



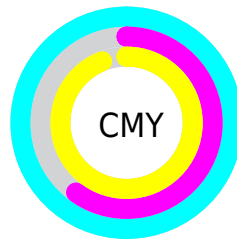
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (6%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (60%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 4.8376, 9.5372,
2.0378

 4.8376, 9.5372,
2.0378


143.2219,
187.3363, 122.9610


 2.1861, 5.0932,
0.5784

 15.2179, 24.9213,
9.1439


 0.7354, 2.3021,
0.0000


 23.6773, 36.6302,
15.6768

 0.0000, 0.7748,
0.0000

 34.8035, 51.5295,
24.7544


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 48.9617, 70.0037,
36.7952


 66.5172, 92.4370,
52.2177


 87.8356, 119.2140,


71.4405


 113.2820,
150.7190, 94.8821


 4.8376, 9.5372,
2.0378


 4.8376, 9.5372,
2.0378


 4.8378, 9.5376,
2.0379

 5.0411, 9.6336,
2.4418

 5.3145, 9.7626,
2.9997

 5.7068, 9.9491,
3.7269

 6.2297, 10.1991,
4.6357

 6.8936, 10.5176,
5.7373

■ 7.7078, 10.9094,
7.0418

■ 8.6810, 11.3785,
8.5587

■ 9.8209, 11.9288,
10.2970

■ 11.1350, 12.5641,
12.2650

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.0635, 9.5372, 0.6341



4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378



3.8650, 9.5372, 6.9168

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378



7.7555, 9.5372, 44.0156



17.2641, 9.5372, 5.3273

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378



7.2001, 3.5131, 9.3158

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.5921, 9.5372, 14.8519



4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378



11.4124, 9.5372, 42.4432

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378



5.2291, 9.5372, 33.1330



15.2322, 9.5372, 29.6637



14.4275, 9.5372, 1.5270

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378



3.8279, 9.5372, 13.5391



15.2322, 9.5372, 29.6637



17.6945, 9.5372, 7.7623

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4.8378, 9.5376, 2.0380



15.0653, 19.8781, 14.7647



8.8142, 11.5975, 1.7741



3.4304, 4.6298, 3.2916



51.1593, 53.8236, 58.6138



5.2251, 5.4972, 5.9864

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4.8378, 9.5376, 2.0380



8.4547, 16.7145, 3.4193



5.6942, 9.8802, 6.5478



2.8121, 3.1486, 3.1120



6.2025, 12.2446, 2.5618



32.1393, 63.7783, 12.2558

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.2001, 3.5131, 9.3158



12.5961, 6.1485, 16.1751



5.8200, 2.9611, 2.0484



2.9195, 2.8824, 3.4485



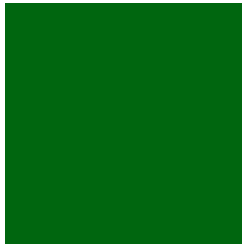
9.2361, 4.5074, 11.9075



47.9204, 23.4082, 60.7836

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

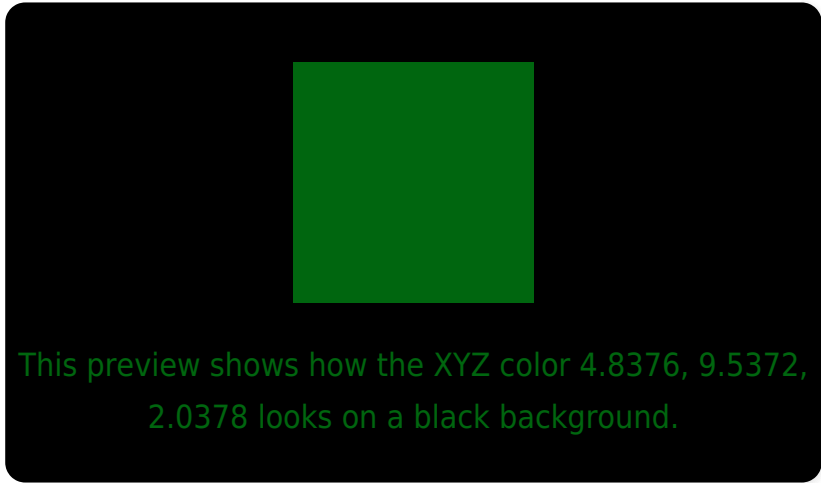
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378

Protanopia

8.5056, 9.4372, 1.6899

Deuteranopia

9.5864, 9.5123, 2.3081



Tritanopia

7.5367, 9.6773, 14.3026

Trichromacy



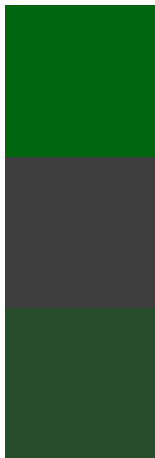
Original Color
4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378

Protanomaly
5.8801, 8.7050, 1.7181

Deuteranomaly
6.2552, 8.6355, 2.0962

Tritanomaly
5.9570, 9.4233, 7.4661

Monochromacy



Original Color
4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378

Achromatopsia
4.5787, 4.8172, 5.2459

Achromatomaly
3.9642, 5.9286, 3.4180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 102, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 102, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 102, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 102, 15) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 102, 15) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 102, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 102, 15)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 102, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102, 15)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 4.8376, 9.5372, 2.0378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 102, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 102,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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