

Converting Colors

XYZ(4.8513, 7.9933, 5.6505)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(4.8513, 7.9933, 5.6505)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	125B3D
RGB	18, 91, 61
RGB Percent	7%, 36%, 24%
CMY	0.9294, 0.6431, 0.7608
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.33, 0.64
HSL	155°, 67%, 21%
HSV	155°, 80%, 36%
XYZ	4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942
YIQ	65.7530, -33.8780, -24.8060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

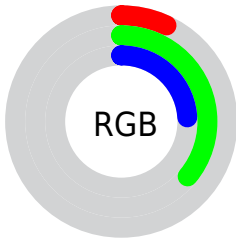
Format	Color
RYB	18, 64, 91
Decimal	1203005
CIELab	33.87, -29.74, 11.20
CIELCh	34, 31.776, 159.367
Yxy	7.9477, 0.2616, 0.4302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279393085 (0xFF125B3D)
YUV	65.7530, -2.3432, -41.8794
Hunter-Lab	28.1917, -18.7358, 7.7587

Details

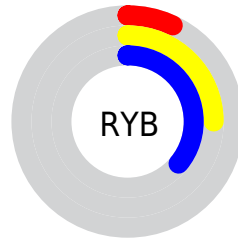
The XYZ color **4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **5.0644, 2.8702, 3.0834**, and the grayscale version is **5.1475, 5.4156, 5.8975**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **15.2574, 21.9060, 17.8921**, and **1.0182, 1.8484, 0.9192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4.5977, 7.8379, 5.1757**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **5.1425, 8.0955, 6.2533**.

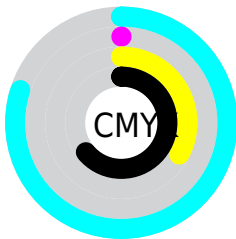
Distribution



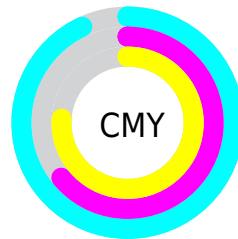
- Red (7%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 4.8328, 7.9477,
5.6942

■ 4.8328, 7.9477,
5.6942

143.1760,
175.3212, 165.5202

■ 2.1832, 4.0615,
2.5943

■ 15.2076, 21.8559,
17.7594

■ 0.7339, 1.7080,
0.8895

■ 23.6635, 32.6466,
27.5617

■ 0.0000, 0.4288,
0.0000

■ 34.7856, 46.5076,
40.4353

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 48.9392, 63.8234,
56.7986

■ 66.4897, 84.9782,
77.0702

■ 87.8024, 110.3565,

101.6686

113.2427,
140.3427, 131.0125

4.8328, 7.9477,
5.6942

4.8328, 7.9477,
5.6942

4.5977, 7.8379,
5.1757

5.1425, 8.0955,
6.2533

4.3978, 7.7451,
4.7046

5.5339, 8.2844,
6.8534

6.0136, 8.5180,
7.4958

6.5872, 8.7991,
8.1814

7.2601, 9.1306,
8.9111

■ 8.0371, 9.5147,
9.6858

■ 8.9226, 9.9540,
10.5063

■ 9.9208, 10.4505,
11.3735

■ 11.0359, 11.0062,
12.2881

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



5.6223, 7.9477, 3.1540



4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942



4.7075, 7.9477, 10.3109

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942



8.1125, 7.9477, 21.9900



10.4510, 7.9477, 3.8835

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942



5.0644, 2.8702, 3.0834

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.3646, 7.9477, 7.1843



4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942



9.8842, 7.9477, 18.3911

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942



6.4341, 7.9477, 21.0947



11.1426, 7.9477, 12.4936



8.7970, 7.9477, 2.4225

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942



4.9946, 7.9477, 14.2624



11.1426, 7.9477, 12.4936



10.8656, 7.9477, 4.7501

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4.8330, 7.9480, 5.6944



13.1179, 15.9588, 15.9513



5.0891, 8.1647, 1.8800



3.0985, 3.8217, 3.7832



46.7556, 49.1905, 53.5685



4.1094, 4.3234, 4.7081

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4.8330, 7.9480, 5.6944



7.5931, 13.2781, 8.1278



5.3799, 7.3681, 11.0366



2.3548, 2.6060, 2.7631



6.4805, 11.4534, 6.8079



35.0385, 62.5396, 34.9164

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.0644, 2.8702, 3.0834



8.0243, 4.1433, 3.5052



4.7521, 2.9246, 0.8863



2.3656, 2.3618, 2.6356



6.8618, 3.4825, 2.7994



37.1543, 18.9020, 13.1119

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

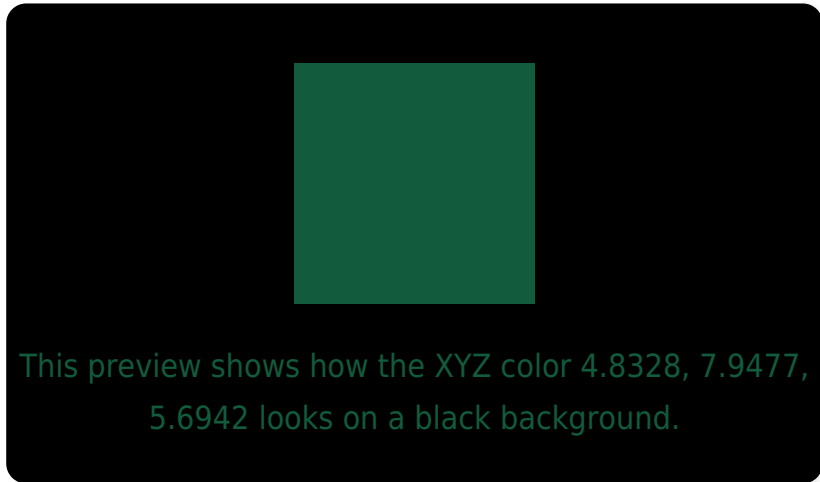
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942

Protanopia

7.3475, 7.8559, 4.8705

Deuteranopia

7.9235, 7.8144, 5.9412



Tritanopia

6.1217, 7.9819, 11.8077

Trichromacy



Original Color

4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942

Protanomaly

5.7814, 7.4841, 5.1428

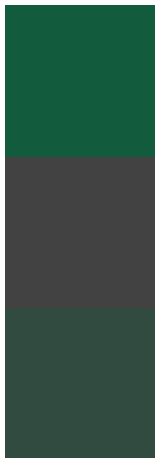
Deuteranomaly

6.0196, 7.3676, 5.8074

Tritanomaly

5.5194, 7.8499, 9.2069

Monochromacy



Original Color

4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942

Achromatopsia

5.1784, 5.4480, 5.9329

Achromatomaly

4.7081, 6.0553, 5.7711

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 91, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 91, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 91, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 91, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 91, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 91, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(18, 91, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 91, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 91, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 91, 61)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 4.8328, 7.9477, 5.6942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 91, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 91,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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