

Converting Colors

XYZ(4.8655, 10.9763, 7.4092)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(4.8655, 10.9763, 7.4092)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(6.8376, 12.0057,
7.4258)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007044
RGB	0, 112, 68
RGB Percent	0%, 44%, 27%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5608, 0.7333
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.39, 0.56
HSL	156°, 100%, 22%
HSV	156°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258
YIQ	73.4960, -52.6280, -37.4280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

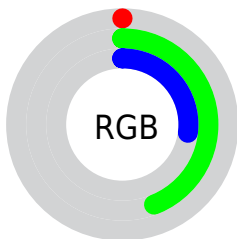
Format	Color
RYB	0, 70, 112
Decimal	28740
CIELab	41.23, -38.71, 16.95
CIELCh	41, 42.259, 156.352
Yxy	12.0057, 0.2603, 0.4570
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278218820 (0xFF007044)
YUV	73.4960, -2.7095, -64.4560
Hunter-Lab	34.6492, -25.4114, 11.5478

Details

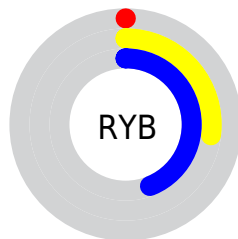
The XYZ color **6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **7.1372, 3.6270, 2.7077**, and the grayscale version is **6.4317, 6.7667, 7.3689**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.4137, 29.6111, 21.5219**, and **1.9424, 3.6210, 1.4607** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.8377, 12.0061, 7.4255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.1180, 12.1345, 8.1669**.

Distribution



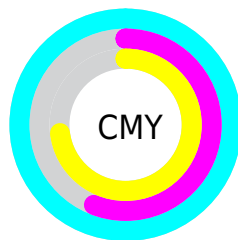
- Red (0%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

6.8376, 12.0057,
7.4258

6.8376, 12.0057,
7.4258

160.8817,
204.4430, 180.9193

3.4062, 6.7476,
3.6473

19.3537, 29.5055,
21.3521

1.3720, 3.3047,
1.4339

29.1691, 42.5159,
32.3370

0.2362, 1.2928,
0.1680

41.8432, 58.8793,
46.5612

0.0000, 0.1356,
0.0000

57.7414, 78.9799,
64.4431


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


77.2289, 103.2021,
86.4013


100.6713,


131.9305, 112.8544


 128.4337,
165.5493, 144.2209


 6.8376, 12.0057,
7.4258


 6.8376, 12.0057,
7.4258


 6.8377, 12.0061,
7.4255

 7.1180, 12.1345,
8.1669

 7.4669, 12.2970,
8.9646

 7.9341, 12.5194,
9.8228

 8.5319, 12.8078,
10.7429

 9.2714, 13.1680,
11.7266

■ 10.1621, 13.6049,
12.7753

■ 11.2127, 14.1229,
13.8903

■ 12.4315, 14.7263,
15.0731

■ 13.8258, 15.4188,
16.3248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.2757, 12.0057, 3.6741



6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258



6.5182, 12.0057, 15.0199

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258



12.0723, 12.0057, 37.8807



16.8165, 12.0057, 5.4297

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258



7.1372, 3.6270, 2.7077

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.2889, 12.0057, 11.3006



6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258



15.2525, 12.0057, 31.8037

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258



9.2164, 12.0057, 35.2849



17.6708, 12.0057, 21.0337



13.9290, 12.0057, 2.9330

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258



6.9210, 12.0057, 22.0353



17.6708, 12.0057, 21.0337



17.5148, 12.0057, 6.9440

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



6.8379, 12.0062, 7.4261



19.5403, 24.7321, 24.2414



6.8681, 12.1423, 1.9820



4.5439, 5.8674, 5.6679



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



6.8379, 12.0062, 7.4261



11.9505, 21.0666, 12.7220



7.5594, 10.4390, 16.9463



3.4221, 3.7940, 4.0292



7.8932, 13.8748, 8.5242



38.8866, 68.9433, 40.1837

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.1372, 3.6270, 2.7077



12.4800, 6.3481, 4.4523



6.8044, 3.6890, 0.3537



3.4337, 3.4212, 3.8108



8.2398, 4.1883, 3.0727



40.6474, 20.7043, 13.2074

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

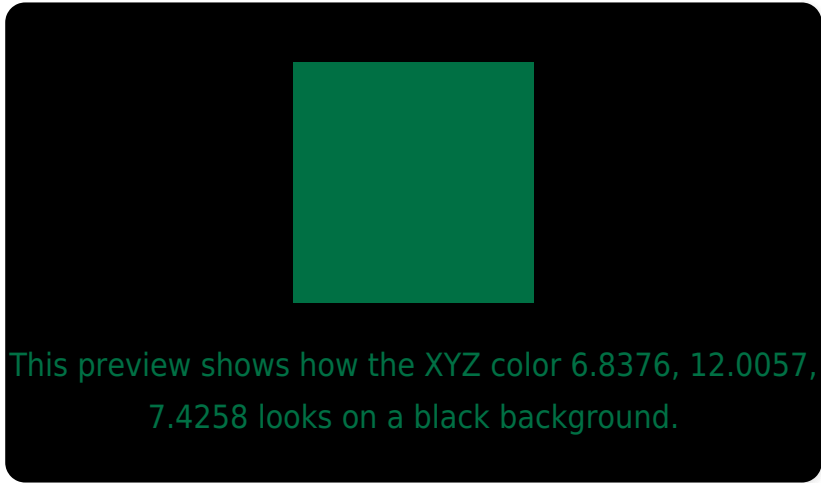
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 6.8376, 12.0057,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258

Protanopia

11.0881, 11.9614, 6.2818

Deuteranopia

12.1543, 11.9414, 7.7952



Tritanopia

9.1236, 11.9970, 18.0544

Trichromacy



Original Color

6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258

Protanomaly

7.9915, 11.0662, 6.5653

Deuteranomaly

8.4422, 10.9857, 7.6367

Tritanomaly

7.9681, 11.8136, 13.4156

Monochromacy



Original Color

6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258

Achromatopsia

6.3328, 6.6626, 7.2556

Achromatomaly

5.6722, 7.8522, 7.1779

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 112, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 112, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 112, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 112, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 112, 68) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 112, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 112, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 112, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 112, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 112, 68)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 6.8376, 12.0057, 7.4258 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 112, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 112,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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