

Converting Colors

XYZ(4.8747, 9.7135, 1.6180)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(4.8747, 9.7135, 1.6180)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	026700
RGB	2, 103, 0
RGB Percent	1%, 40%, 0%
CMY	0.9921, 0.5961, 1.0000
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 1.00, 0.60
HSL	119°, 100%, 20%
HSV	119°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179
YIQ	61.0590, -27.1330, -53.4450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

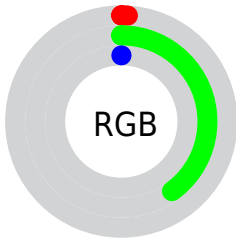
Format	Color
RYB	0, 103, 101
Decimal	157440
CIELab	37.32, -44.06, 42.77
CIELCh	37, 61.406, 135.856
Yxy	9.7134, 0.3008, 0.5993
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278347520 (0xFF026700)
YUV	61.0590, -30.1021, -51.7947
Hunter-Lab	31.1663, -26.6186, 18.7386

Details

The XYZ color **4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **7.8156, 3.7464, 13.1437**, and the grayscale version is **4.4885, 4.7223, 5.1426**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **15.2839, 25.1939, 7.9283**, and **1.3192, 2.6383, 0.4397** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4.8754, 9.7138, 1.6180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **5.0600, 9.8024, 1.9213**.

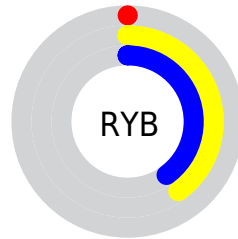
Distribution



Red (1%)

Green (40%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (40%)

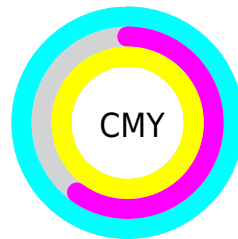


Cyan (98%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (99%)


Magenta (60%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 4.8753, 9.7134,
1.6179


 4.8753, 9.7134,
1.6179


 143.5821,
188.6141, 116.1291


 2.2083, 5.2093,
0.3035

 15.2988, 25.2550,
7.9671


 0.7471, 2.3706,
0.0000

 23.7859, 37.0614,
13.9784

 0.0000, 0.8107,
0.0000

 34.9438, 52.0706,
22.4390

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 49.1378, 70.6672,
33.7673


 66.7333, 93.2354,
48.3820


 88.0956, 120.1597,


66.7015


 113.5901,
151.8245, 89.1443


 4.8753, 9.7134,
1.6179


 4.8753, 9.7134,
1.6179


 4.8754, 9.7138,
1.6180

 5.0600, 9.8024,
1.9213

 5.3175, 9.9265,
2.3262

 5.7016, 10.1113,
2.9409

 6.2257, 10.3632,
3.7888

 6.9015, 10.6879,
4.8900

■ 7.7394, 11.0903,
6.2623

■ 8.7490, 11.5751,
7.9221

■ 9.9391, 12.1464,
9.8846

■ 11.3179, 12.8082,
12.1636

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.3545, 9.7134, 0.3692



4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179



3.7553, 9.7134, 6.1969

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179



7.5396, 9.7134, 47.3087



18.3365, 9.7134, 5.7785

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179



7.8156, 3.7464, 13.1437

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.4271, 9.7134, 16.6460



4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179



11.4052, 9.7134, 46.8652

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179



4.9781, 9.7134, 34.2367



15.6253, 9.7134, 33.2664



15.4043, 9.7134, 1.4932

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179



3.6543, 9.7134, 12.8891



15.6253, 9.7134, 33.2664



18.7231, 9.7134, 8.5581

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4.8755, 9.7138, 1.6181



15.4926, 20.6428, 13.9005



10.1097, 11.9155, 1.7672



3.6370, 4.9678, 3.1564



52.6788, 55.4222, 60.3547



5.6320, 5.9254, 6.4527

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4.8755, 9.7138, 1.6181



8.7177, 17.3867, 2.8965



5.3854, 9.9149, 4.4338



2.8017, 3.1449, 3.0338



6.1301, 12.2189, 2.0354



31.8854, 63.6835, 10.6116

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.8156, 3.7464, 13.1437



13.9824, 6.7018, 23.5337



6.2819, 3.1590, 3.8851



2.9309, 2.8864, 3.5346



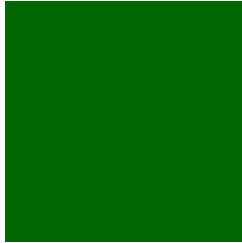
9.8292, 4.7113, 16.5357



51.1741, 24.5255, 86.2381

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

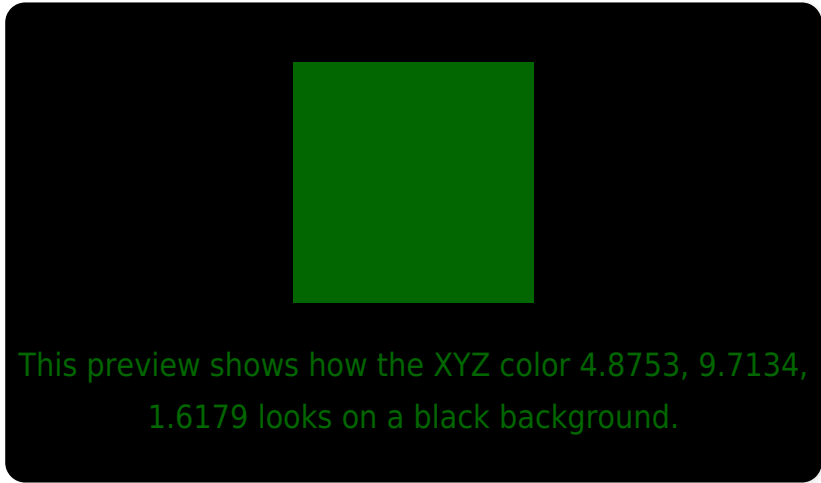
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

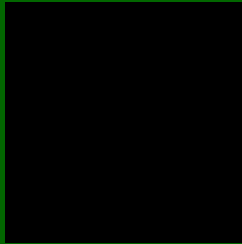
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179

Protanopia

8.6353, 9.6321, 1.4041

Deuteranopia

9.7936, 9.6239, 2.1005



Tritanopia

7.6273, 9.8586, 14.3329

Trichromacy



Original Color

4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179

Protanomaly

6.0287, 8.9187, 1.4037

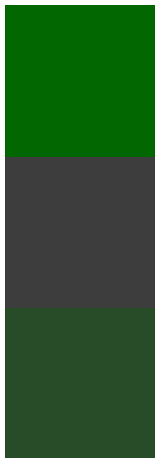
Deuteranomaly

6.3340, 8.6836, 1.7577

Tritanomaly

5.9241, 9.5639, 6.6880

Monochromacy



Original Color

4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179

Achromatopsia

4.4355, 4.6665, 5.0818

Achromatomaly

3.8257, 5.7665, 2.8309

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 103, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 103, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 103, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 103, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 103, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 103, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 103, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 103, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 103, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 103, 0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 4.8753, 9.7134, 1.6179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 103, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 103,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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