

Converting Colors

XYZ(4.9018, 10.3446, 10.3971)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(4.9018, 10.3446, 10.3971)
contains.

XYZ(7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(7.0023, 11.3810,
10.4220)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006C55
RGB	0, 108, 85
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 33%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5765, 0.6667
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.21, 0.58
HSL	167°, 100%, 21%
HSV	167°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220
YIQ	73.0860, -56.9850, -30.0490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

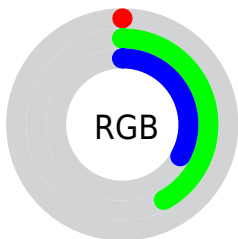
Format	Color
RYB	0, 60, 108
Decimal	27733
CIELab	40.21, -32.70, 5.44
CIELCh	40, 33.148, 170.563
Yxy	11.3810, 0.2431, 0.3951
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217813 (0xFF006C55)
YUV	73.0860, 5.8736, -64.0964
Hunter-Lab	33.7357, -21.9875, 5.2985

Details

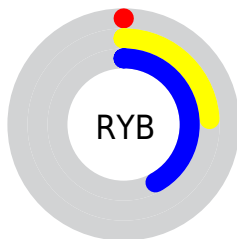
The XYZ color **7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **6.3395, 3.2504, 1.1046**, and the grayscale version is **6.3459, 6.6763, 7.2705**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **19.6916, 28.3073, 27.3477**, and **1.9470, 3.2811, 2.5382** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.0024, 11.3813, 10.4217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.2309, 11.4884, 10.9179**.

Distribution



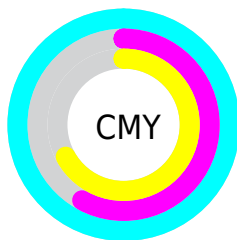
- Red (0%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 7.0023, 11.3810,
10.4220

■ 7.0023, 11.3810,
10.4220

162.2271,
200.2631, 204.2510

■ 3.5099, 6.3237,
5.5704

■ 19.6825, 28.3626,
27.2064

■ 1.4288, 3.0429,
2.5211

■ 29.6010, 41.0557,
39.9763

■ 0.2766, 1.1542,
0.8513

■ 42.3923, 57.0628,
56.2226

■ 0.0000, 0.0238,
0.0000


■ 58.4216, 76.7684,
76.3641


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 78.0544, 100.5568,
100.8191


■ 101.6560,


128.8125, 130.0062


 129.5918,
161.9198, 164.3440


 7.0023, 11.3810,
10.4220


 7.0023, 11.3810,
10.4220


 7.0024, 11.3813,
10.4217

 7.2309, 11.4884,
10.9179

 7.5137, 11.6231,
11.4316

 7.8988, 11.8102,
11.9660

 8.3974, 12.0555,
12.5217

 9.0193, 12.3639,
13.0991

■ 9.7731, 12.7400,
13.6990

■ 10.6666, 13.1878,
14.3218

■ 11.7072, 13.7110,
14.9679

■ 12.9014, 14.3131,
15.6378

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.7381, 11.3810, 5.9430



7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220



7.1703, 11.3810, 17.4157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220



12.4527, 11.3810, 28.5151



13.8896, 11.3810, 4.9377

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220



6.3395, 3.2504, 1.1046

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.5291, 11.3810, 8.4412



7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220



14.6211, 11.3810, 22.3503

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220



10.1056, 11.3810, 29.6417



15.8143, 11.3810, 14.5958



11.5617, 11.3810, 3.6053

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220



7.7830, 11.3810, 22.6351



15.8143, 11.3810, 14.5958



14.5526, 11.3810, 5.8265

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.0026, 11.3814, 10.4223



18.5869, 23.0823, 25.0510



5.7256, 10.9125, 1.8049



4.3730, 5.5238, 5.9784



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.0026, 11.3814, 10.4223



12.2498, 19.9634, 18.0677



5.3893, 6.4474, 15.1482



3.1556, 3.4814, 3.8030



8.3419, 13.5709, 12.3776



42.1796, 69.0190, 61.3522

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.3395, 3.2504, 1.1046



11.0901, 5.6903, 1.7336



6.6645, 4.1480, 0.4497



3.1237, 3.1264, 3.3818



7.5518, 3.8728, 1.2683



38.2094, 19.6257, 5.0397

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

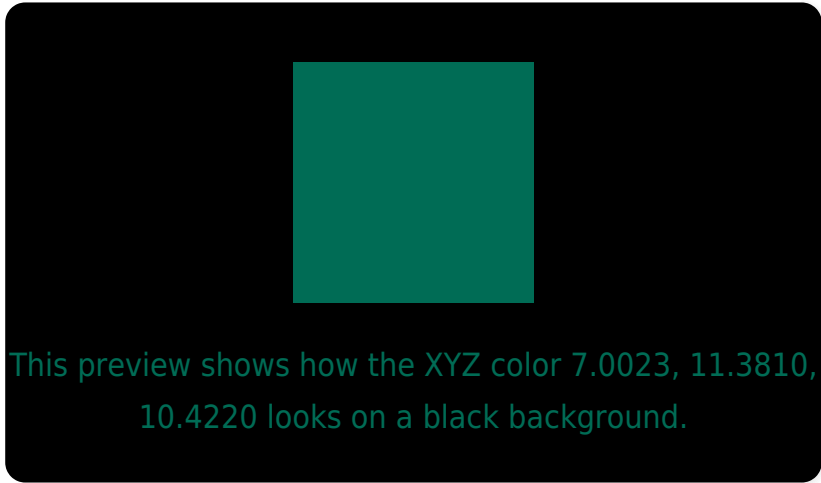
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 7.0023, 11.3810,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220

Protanopia

10.6334, 11.2648, 8.8216

Deuteranopia

11.4881, 11.2676, 11.0206



Tritanopia

8.5581, 11.4162, 17.3753

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220

Protanomaly

8.0614, 10.6078, 9.4072

Deuteranomaly

8.3509, 10.4473, 10.8089

Tritanomaly

7.8090, 11.2419, 14.5903

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220

Achromatopsia

6.3328, 6.6626, 7.2556

Achromatomaly

5.7941, 7.7722, 8.2160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 108, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 108, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 108, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 108, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 108, 85) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 108, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 108, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 108, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 108, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 108, 85)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 7.0023, 11.3810, 10.4220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 108, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 108,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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