

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.1065, 38.5961, 43.7075)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.1065, 38.5961, 43.7075)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(40.1712, 38.5210,  
43.8461)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAA0AB
RGB	186, 160, 171
RGB Percent	73%, 63%, 67%
CMY	0.2706, 0.3725, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.08, 0.27
HSL	335°, 16%, 68%
HSV	335°, 14%, 73%
XYZ	40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461
YIQ	169.0280, 11.9650, 8.9330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

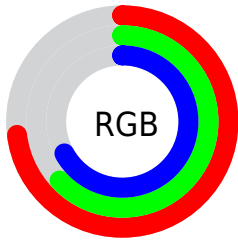
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	186, 160, 171
Decimal	12230827
CIELab	68.40, 11.42, -2.17
CIELCh	68, 11.627, 349.250
Yxy	38.5210, 0.3278, 0.3144
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290420907 (0xFFBAA0AB)
YUV	169.0280, 0.9722, 14.8844
Hunter-Lab	62.0653, 6.9183, 1.5602

# Details

The XYZ color **40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **39.7955, 45.6876, 47.2808**, and the grayscale version is **37.7180, 39.6823, 43.2140**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.6459, 72.9691, 82.1017**, and **18.3652, 17.0436, 19.7746** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.2033, 32.1559, 37.6797**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.7068, 45.8875, 50.6124**.

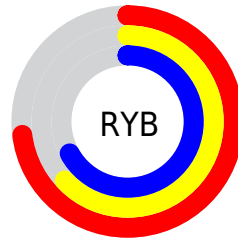
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (63%)

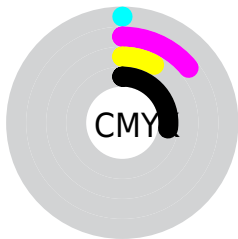
Blue (67%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (67%)

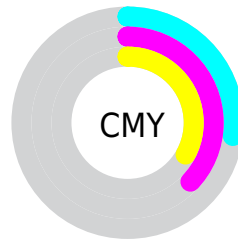


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (37%)


Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.1712, 38.5210,  
43.8461


 40.1712, 38.5210,  
43.8461


337.9667,  
339.8497, 378.1028

 27.8569, 26.3873,  
30.2132


 74.7068, 72.9060,  
82.2861

 18.3577, 17.1136,  
19.7471

 97.6588, 95.9261,  
107.9303

 11.3083, 10.3155,  
12.0291


124.8874,  
123.3438, 138.4154

 6.3434, 5.6087,  
6.6407

156.7579,  
155.5434, 174.1599

 3.0977, 2.6086,  
3.1634

193.6358,  
192.9094, 215.5824

 1.2056, 0.9310,  
1.1787

235.8863,

 0.1108, 0.0000,

235.8262, 263.1013

0.0000

283.8748,  
284.6782, 317.1353

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.1712, 38.5210,  
43.8461

■ 40.1712, 38.5210,  
43.8461

■ 36.2033, 32.1559,  
37.6797

■ 44.7068, 45.8875,  
50.6124

■ 32.7764, 26.7437,  
32.0935

■ 49.8288, 54.2912,  
57.9930

■ 29.8667, 22.2394,  
27.0697

■ 55.5589, 63.7722,  
66.0045

■ 27.4472, 18.5922,  
22.5890

■ 61.9168, 74.3671,  
74.6623

■ 25.4882, 15.7464,  
18.6306

■ 68.9213, 86.1107,  
83.9812

■ 23.9567, 13.6396,  
15.1720

■ 71.0624, 87.9802,  
92.1327

■ 22.8149, 12.2001,  
12.1887

■ 72.6639, 88.6208,  
100.5663

■ 22.0174, 11.3414,  
9.6529

■ 74.0599, 89.1792,  
107.9177

■ 21.6496, 10.9991,  
8.3180

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.3373, 38.5210, 48.8534



40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461



40.0281, 38.5210, 38.7149

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461



35.4679, 38.5210, 33.1495



34.3691, 38.5210, 50.0291

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461



39.7955, 45.6876, 47.2808

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.3980, 38.5210, 45.3454



40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461



34.0176, 38.5210, 35.7167

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461



37.2717, 38.5210, 32.8209



33.2715, 38.5210, 40.0954



35.9622, 38.5210, 52.6153



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461



39.3993, 38.5210, 35.8982



33.2715, 38.5210, 40.0954



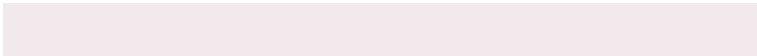
33.9614, 38.5210, 48.6306

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.1723, 38.5227, 43.8469



80.9546, 83.0450, 91.6222



39.0546, 37.7718, 51.6872



17.6824, 18.0510, 19.9637



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.1723, 38.5227, 43.8469



70.3250, 65.8138, 75.6617



39.4696, 38.7257, 38.6543



9.1580, 9.0736, 10.1795



14.6008, 7.4141, 5.7846



0.5458, 0.2738, 0.3676



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.1723, 38.5227, 43.8469



70.3250, 65.8138, 75.6617



40.5573, 45.4116, 53.0826



9.1580, 9.0736, 10.1795



14.6008, 7.4141, 5.7846

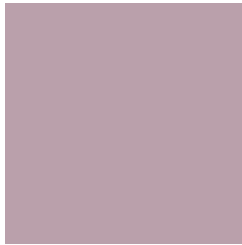


0.5458, 0.2738, 0.3676



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

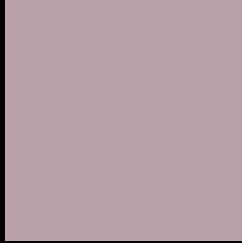
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.1712, 38.5210,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461

### Protanopia

37.5225, 38.6924, 46.0482

### Deuteranopia

39.3271, 38.6047, 43.9068



## Tritanopia

40.2669, 38.5593, 44.3501

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461

## Protanomaly

38.5946, 38.7209, 45.4841

## Deuteranomaly

39.6240, 38.4973, 43.8704

## Tritanomaly

40.2669, 38.5593, 44.3501

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461

## Achromatopsia

37.7116, 39.6755, 43.2066

## Achromatomaly

38.5711, 39.2887, 43.5808

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 160, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 160, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 160, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 160, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 160, 171) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 160, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 160, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 160, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 160, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 160,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.1712, 38.5210, 43.8461 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 160, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
160, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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