

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.1268, 42.2165, 45.9738)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.1268, 42.2165, 45.9738)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(40.2316, 42.3268,  
46.0938)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEAEAE
RGB	174, 174, 174
RGB Percent	68%, 68%, 68%
CMY	0.3176, 0.3176, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	119°, 0%, 68%
HSV	119°, 0%, 68%
XYZ	40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938
YIQ	174.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

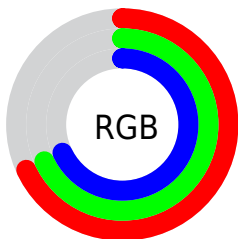
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	174, 174, 174
Decimal	11447982
CIELab	71.10, 0.00, -0.01
CIELCh	71, 0.009, 296.659
Yxy	42.3268, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289638062 (0xFFAEAEAE)
YUV	174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	65.0591, -3.4715, 3.5349

# Details

The XYZ color **40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **40.2332, 42.3279, 46.0962**, and the grayscale version is **40.2331, 42.3284, 46.0956**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.4753, 78.3538, 85.3273**, and **18.4984, 19.4618, 21.1939** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.0504, 39.8405, 37.5625**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.1269, 45.1583, 55.8075**.

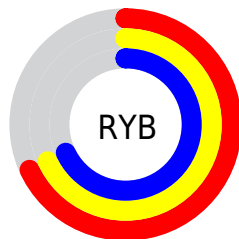
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (68%)

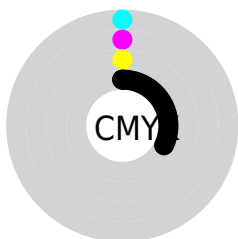
Blue (68%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (68%)

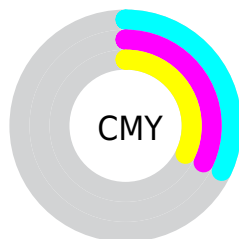


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 40.2316, 42.3268,  
46.0938

■ 40.2316, 42.3268,  
46.0938

338.2165,  
355.8359, 387.4742

■ 27.9042, 29.3573,  
31.9706

■ 74.7982, 78.6940,  
85.6951

■ 18.3935, 19.3513,  
21.0744

97.7680, 102.8604,  
112.0104

■ 11.3343, 11.9244,  
12.9867

125.0160,  
131.5280, 143.2267

■ 6.3611, 6.6922,  
7.2887

156.9076,  
165.0810, 179.7628

■ 3.1086, 3.2704,  
3.5622

193.8081,  
203.9039, 222.0370

■ 1.2115, 1.2745,  
1.3884

236.0828,

■ 0.1154, 0.1213,

248.3811, 270.4679

0.1326

284.0972,  
298.8969, 325.4741

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.2316, 42.3268,  
46.0938

■ 40.2316, 42.3268,  
46.0938

■ 35.0504, 39.8405,  
37.5625

■ 46.1269, 45.1583,  
55.8075

■ 30.5528, 37.6809,  
30.1657

■ 52.7583, 48.3417,  
66.7434

■ 26.7113, 35.8362,  
23.8566

■ 60.1511, 51.8905,  
78.9428

■ 23.4953, 34.2917,  
18.5840

■ 68.3285, 55.8157,  
92.4443

■ 20.8718, 33.0315,  
14.2923

■ 74.4269, 58.7538,  
102.0256

■ 18.8045, 32.0382,  
10.9210

■ 17.2533, 31.2927,  
8.4030

■ 16.1729, 30.7732,  
6.6618

■ 15.5100, 30.4541,  
5.6075

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.2302, 42.3268, 46.0946



40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938



40.2327, 42.3268, 46.0911

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938



40.2319, 42.3268, 46.0800



40.2276, 42.3268, 46.0862

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938



40.2332, 42.3279, 46.0962

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.2280, 42.3268, 46.0823



40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938



40.2305, 42.3268, 46.0787

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938



40.2328, 42.3268, 46.0831



40.2291, 42.3268, 46.0796



40.2279, 42.3268, 46.0903



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938



40.2331, 42.3268, 46.0885



40.2291, 42.3268, 46.0796



40.2277, 42.3268, 46.0849

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.2328, 42.3286, 46.0947



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



40.2335, 42.3290, 46.0948



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.2328, 42.3286, 46.0947



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



40.2329, 42.3287, 46.0955



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052



10.9977, 21.9666, 3.6603



0.3084, 0.6123, 0.1019

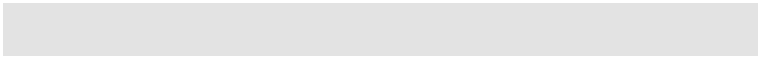


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.2332, 42.3279, 46.0962



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



40.2330, 42.3278, 46.0954



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052



17.9175, 8.5967, 29.7595



0.5010, 0.2405, 0.8280



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

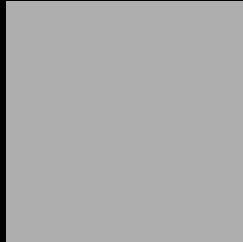
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

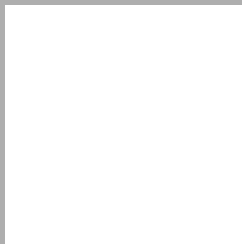


**XYZ 40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.2316, 42.3268,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938

### Protanopia

40.6179, 42.2514, 45.5497

### Deuteranopia

42.9757, 42.0476, 46.4084



## Tritanopia

41.5199, 42.2803, 52.4270

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938

## Protanomaly

40.3909, 42.1344, 45.5391

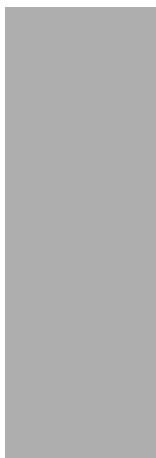
## Deuteranomaly

41.8798, 42.0349, 46.4637

## Tritanomaly

41.0663, 42.3785, 50.2714

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938

## Achromatopsia

40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938

## Achromatomaly

40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 174, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 174, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 174, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 174, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 174, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 174, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 174, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 174, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 174, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 174,  
174) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 174, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
174, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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