

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.1287, 30.4658, 22.2085)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.1287, 30.4658, 22.2085)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.1690, 30.4520,  
22.1730)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DD797A
RGB	221, 121, 122
RGB Percent	87%, 47%, 48%
CMY	0.1333, 0.5255, 0.5216
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.45, 0.13
HSL	359°, 60%, 67%
HSV	359°, 45%, 87%
XYZ	40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730
YIQ	151.0140, 59.2790, 21.5110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

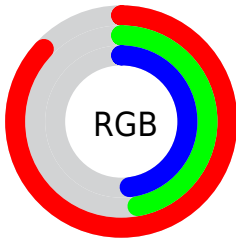
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	221, 121, 122
Decimal	14514554
CIE Lab	62.04, 38.83, 16.89
CIE LCh	62, 42.346, 23.506
Yxy	30.4520, 0.4329, 0.3282
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292704634 (0xFFDD797A)
YUV	151.0140, -14.3039, 61.3777
Hunter-Lab	55.1833, 33.3627, 14.8052

# Details

The XYZ color **40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **46.6614, 60.9458, 77.0182**, and the grayscale version is **29.4637, 30.9981, 33.7569**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.2100, 54.9759, 47.2716**, and **18.2930, 12.5427, 7.7602** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.5778, 25.2005, 15.0236**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.6821, 37.0589, 31.1360**.

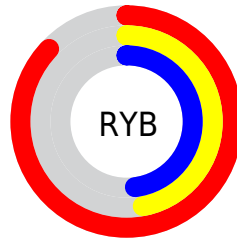
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (47%)

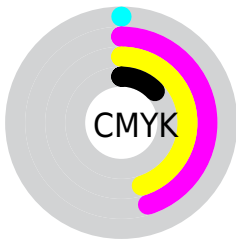
Blue (48%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (48%)

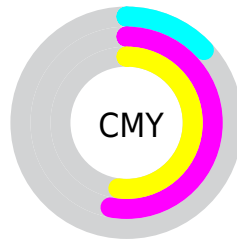


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (53%)


Yellow (52%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.1690, 30.4520,  
22.1730


 40.1690, 30.4520,  
22.1730

337.9576,  
304.0057, 276.4313

 27.8551, 20.1819,  
13.7845


 74.7035, 60.3763,  
47.9376

 18.3564, 12.5274,  
7.8339


 97.6548, 80.7992,  
66.1508

 11.3074, 7.1039,  
3.9026


 124.8827,  
105.3753, 88.4761

 6.3428, 3.5272,  
1.5721

156.7525,  
134.4888, 115.3319

 3.0973, 1.4128,  
0.2708

193.6295,  
168.5242, 147.1368

 1.2054, 0.2261,  
0.0000

235.8791,

 0.1106, 0.0000,

207.8659, 184.3093

0.0000

283.8667,  
252.8983, 227.2679

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.1690, 30.4520,  
22.1730

■ 40.1690, 30.4520,  
22.1730

■ 36.5778, 25.2005,  
15.0236

■ 44.6821, 37.0589,  
31.1360

■ 33.8429, 21.2063,  
9.5625

■ 50.1721, 45.1013,  
42.0227

■ 31.8937, 18.3657,  
5.6517


■ 56.6926, 54.6582,  
54.9366


■ 30.6474, 16.5564,  
3.1303

■ 64.2923, 65.8020,  
69.9732

■ 30.0029, 15.6283,  
1.8026

■ 73.0172, 78.6000,  
87.2220

 29.8308, 15.3769,  
1.4589

 82.9103, 93.1159,  
106.7674

 83.6287, 94.1121,  
108.3655

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.2193, 30.4520, 36.8251



40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730



35.9435, 30.4520, 13.8208

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730



21.0156, 30.4520, 17.8063



27.7250, 30.4520, 75.0005

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730



46.6614, 60.9458, 77.0182

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.9174, 30.4520, 65.2276



40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730



19.3849, 30.4520, 29.7410

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730



24.7993, 30.4520, 11.9378



20.0327, 30.4520, 47.2755



33.5259, 30.4520, 70.9457



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730



32.1593, 30.4520, 11.2873



20.0327, 30.4520, 47.2755



25.9499, 30.4520, 73.1424

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.1698, 30.4536, 22.1736



79.5225, 77.2288, 78.1862



49.2030, 34.0085, 72.3775



16.5667, 15.8640, 15.8356



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.1698, 30.4536, 22.1736



50.9463, 35.3766, 21.4921



47.5210, 45.2541, 24.3215



13.0613, 13.0536, 13.5840



17.3316, 8.9337, 0.8604



1.1247, 0.5795, 0.0657



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.1698, 30.4536, 22.1736



50.9463, 35.3766, 21.4921



35.8174, 39.0464, 74.0554



13.0613, 13.0536, 13.5840



17.3316, 8.9337, 0.8604

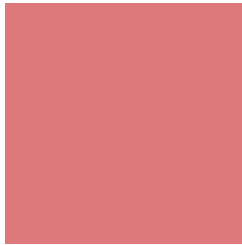


1.1247, 0.5795, 0.0657



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

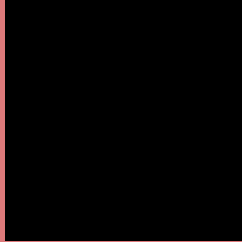
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.1690, 30.4520,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730

### Protanopia

29.0606, 30.6582, 27.6785

### Deuteranopia

31.1478, 30.4846, 21.3820



## Tritanopia

40.8031, 30.5475, 24.5146

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730

## Protanomaly

32.1517, 29.8072, 25.5315

## Deuteranomaly

33.8722, 30.1467, 21.4864

## Tritanomaly

40.6066, 30.4689, 23.4795

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730

## Achromatopsia

29.4150, 30.9469, 33.7012

## Achromatomaly

32.0162, 29.8797, 28.8909

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 121, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 121, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 121, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 121, 122) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 121, 122) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 121, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 121, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 121, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 121, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 121,  
122) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.1690, 30.4520, 22.1730 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 121, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
121, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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