

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.1306, 37.5116, 11.1890)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.1306, 37.5116, 11.1890)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.0015, 37.3965,  
11.2408)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D59948
RGB	213, 153, 72
RGB Percent	84%, 60%, 28%
CMY	0.1647, 0.4000, 0.7176
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.66, 0.16
HSL	34°, 63%, 56%
HSV	34°, 66%, 84%
XYZ	40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408
YIQ	161.7060, 61.7610, -12.4710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

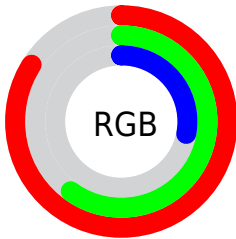
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	176, 213, 72
Decimal	13998408
CIELab	67.57, 14.47, 50.27
CIELCh	68, 52.310, 73.943
Yxy	37.3965, 0.4513, 0.4219
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292188488 (0xFFD59948)
YUV	161.7060, -44.2251, 44.9848
Hunter-Lab	61.1527, 9.7441, 31.9085

# Details

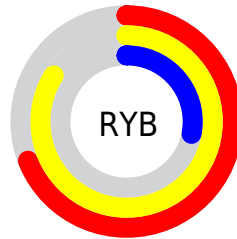
The XYZ color **40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **22.9335, 22.6832, 66.1200**, and the grayscale version is **34.3860, 36.1768, 39.3965**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.1909, 67.3409, 28.5255**, and **18.1953, 16.4198, 2.8264** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.9960, 34.3117, 7.7179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.3621, 40.8067, 16.0700**.

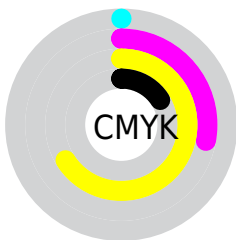
# Distribution



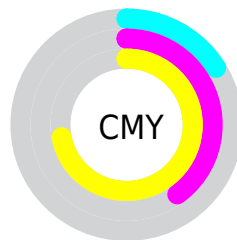
- Red (84%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (72%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.0015, 37.3965,  
11.2408


 40.0015, 37.3965,  
11.2408


337.2642,  
335.0240, 210.1086


 27.7239, 25.5146,  
6.1128


 74.4501, 71.1822,  
28.7480


 18.2570, 16.4609,  
2.8439


 97.3519, 93.8548,  
41.9644


 11.2355, 9.8509,  
1.0155


 124.5258,  
120.8931, 58.7139

 6.2939, 5.3002,  
0.0000

 156.3371,  
152.6815, 79.4152

 3.0670, 2.4245,  
0.0000

 193.1513,  
189.6044, 104.4868

 1.1893, 0.8384,  
0.0000

235.3336,

 0.0979, 0.0000,

232.0462, 134.3472

0.0000

283.2495,  
280.3912, 169.4149

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.0015, 37.3965,  
11.2408

■ 40.0015, 37.3965,  
11.2408

■ 37.9960, 34.3117,  
7.7179

■ 42.3621, 40.8067,  
16.0700

■ 36.3144, 31.5312,  
5.3608

■ 45.0999, 44.5504,  
22.3219

■ 34.9223, 29.0387,  
3.9971

■ 48.2380, 48.6421,  
30.1025

■ 34.4454, 28.1560,  
3.6192

■ 51.7966, 53.0935,  
39.5069

■ 55.7943, 57.9156,  
50.6223

■ 60.2485, 63.1188,  
63.5299

■ 65.1756, 68.7130,  
78.3055

■ 70.5911, 74.7076,  
95.0205

■ 75.0766, 80.5384,  
106.1963

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.8999, 37.3965, 17.0463



40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408



31.9422, 37.3965, 11.0622

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408



22.5345, 37.3965, 52.3658



47.4087, 37.3965, 81.7229

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408



22.9335, 22.6832, 66.1200

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.4074, 37.3965, 100.7034



40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408



25.5201, 37.3965, 79.8957

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408



22.6438, 37.3965, 29.6429



31.4311, 37.3965, 99.9309



52.5977, 37.3965, 54.2573



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408



27.5804, 37.3965, 13.8966



31.4311, 37.3965, 99.9309



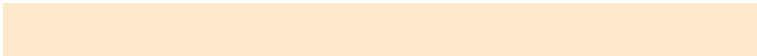
44.9102, 37.3965, 89.7000

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.0024, 37.3984, 11.2415



81.3629, 84.0674, 69.0651



33.9985, 20.4773, 24.3875



17.0517, 17.5549, 13.7745



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.0024, 37.3984, 11.2415



56.1362, 50.0039, 10.1279



49.7561, 60.8370, 15.2515



13.0097, 13.5936, 13.0988



21.1441, 17.4054, 2.2452



1.3566, 1.2124, 0.1625



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.9335, 22.6832, 66.1200



28.8184, 26.5342, 98.2105



17.7556, 11.2062, 64.1776



12.1727, 12.8687, 15.7799



9.6990, 7.6597, 39.4204

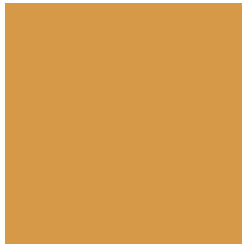


0.6661, 0.6242, 2.4047



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

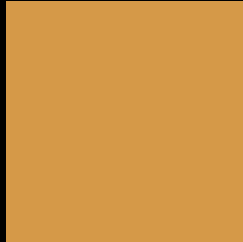
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.0015, 37.3965,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408

### Protanopia

34.2881, 37.4993, 12.2684

### Deuteranopia

38.3711, 37.5480, 11.1863



## Tritanopia

45.1031, 37.3731, 35.8469

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408

## Protanomaly

36.2630, 37.4671, 11.9772

## Deuteranomaly

39.0382, 37.6418, 11.1693

## Tritanomaly

42.7507, 37.0998, 24.3098

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408

## Achromatopsia

34.3422, 36.1307, 39.3463

## Achromatomaly

35.4166, 36.2050, 25.8905

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 153, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 153, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 153, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 153, 72) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 153, 72) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 153, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 153, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 153, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 153, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 153,  
72) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.0015, 37.3965, 11.2408 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 153, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
153, 72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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