

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.1308, 51.0112,  
102.3388)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.1308, 51.0112,  
102.3388)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	12CDFF
RGB	18, 205, 255
RGB Percent	7%, 80%, 100%
CMY	0.9292, 0.1961, 0.0000
CMYK	0.93, 0.20, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	193°, 100%, 54%
HSV	193°, 93%, 100%
XYZ	40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388
YIQ	154.7870, -127.5020, -24.0940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

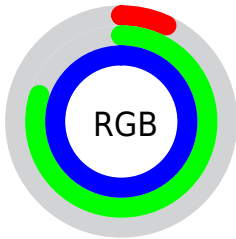
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	18, 123, 255
Decimal	1232383
CIE Lab	76.69, -24.41, -36.11
CIE LCh	77, 43.581, 235.945
Yxy	51.0112, 0.2074, 0.2636
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279422463 (0xFF12CDFF)
YUV	154.7870, 49.4050, -119.9622
Hunter-Lab	71.4221, -24.6928, -34.9595

# Details

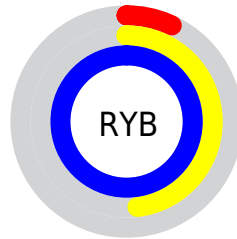
The XYZ color **40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **43.4199, 25.4443, 3.1973**, and the grayscale version is **30.8983, 32.5074, 35.4005**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.2812, 82.5916, 107.3196**, and **21.2597, 26.2104, 57.3647** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.9816, 49.0833, 102.0272**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.2109, 54.0282, 102.8115**.

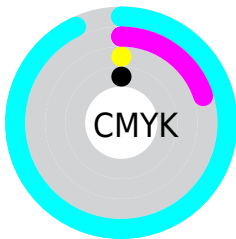
# Distribution



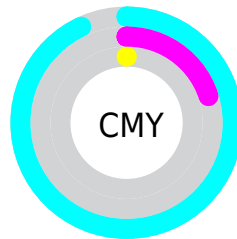
- Red (7%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



40.1308, 51.0112,  
102.3388

40.1308, 51.0112,  
102.3388

337.7995,  
390.6073, 588.9759

27.8252, 36.2175,  
77.6275

74.6457, 91.6713,  
166.4474

18.3337, 24.6022,  
57.2534

97.5858, 118.3066,  
206.6817

11.2910, 15.7810,  
40.7980

124.8013,  
149.6578, 252.9274

6.3316, 9.3693,  
27.8428

156.6578,  
186.1094, 305.6030

3.0903, 4.9828,  
17.9692

193.5205,  
228.0457, 365.1272

1.2017, 2.2372,  
10.7586

235.7548,

0.1077, 0.7402,

275.8512, 431.9184

5.7926

283.7260,  
329.9103, 506.3951

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.6527

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9195

■ 40.1308, 51.0112,  
102.3388

■ 40.1308, 51.0112,  
102.3388

■ 38.9816, 49.0833,  
102.0272

■ 42.2109, 54.0282,  
102.8115

■ 45.0035, 57.4780,  
103.3302

■ 48.6177, 61.4183,  
103.9002

■ 53.1426, 65.8957,  
104.5260

■ 58.6550, 70.9505,  
105.2111

■ 65.2236, 76.6185,  
105.9589

■ 72.9104, 82.9324,  
106.7725

■ 81.7729, 89.9225,  
107.6546

■ 91.8642, 97.6166,  
108.6079

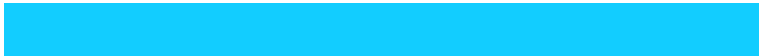
# Harmonies

## Analogous

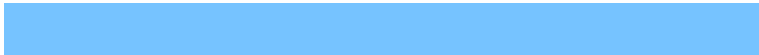
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.5704, 51.0112, 77.8901



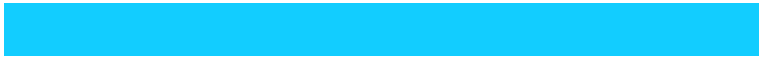
40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388



47.3711, 51.0112, 114.3205

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388



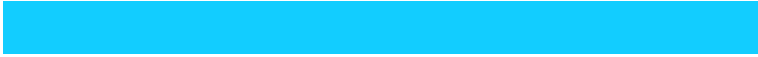
66.0968, 51.0112, 58.8187



41.8687, 51.0112, 23.8816

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388



43.4199, 25.4443, 3.1973

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.6155, 51.0112, 21.4267



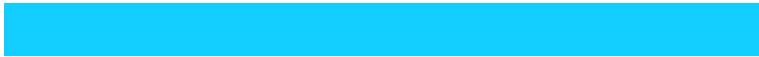
40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388



64.1981, 51.0112, 37.9392

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388



62.8544, 51.0112, 85.0744



57.9240, 51.0112, 25.7596



36.4910, 51.0112, 33.7835



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388



52.9754, 51.0112, 111.6961



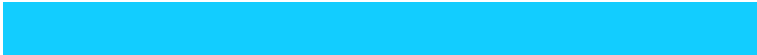
57.9240, 51.0112, 25.7596



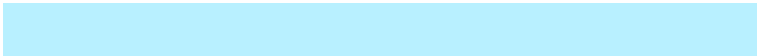
44.2551, 51.0112, 22.3046

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.1323, 51.0129, 102.3390



68.8621, 79.6423, 106.3508



36.9775, 72.0359, 17.0240



14.0531, 16.4772, 22.6897



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

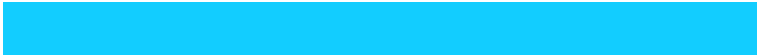


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

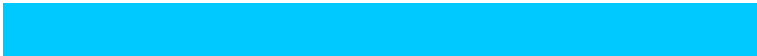


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.1323, 51.0129, 102.3390



38.9816, 49.0833, 102.0272



21.8843, 14.5168, 96.2563



18.2104, 19.7924, 23.1105



20.4812, 25.8719, 53.3489



2.0717, 2.6741, 5.2202



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.4769, 26.1023, 60.0315



51.8053, 25.4861, 57.5662



58.4727, 55.5500, 8.2150



18.6188, 18.2308, 21.8759



27.1261, 13.3398, 30.3784

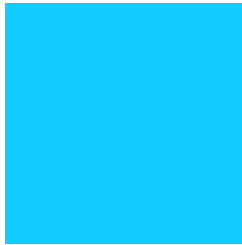


2.6803, 1.3145, 3.1639



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

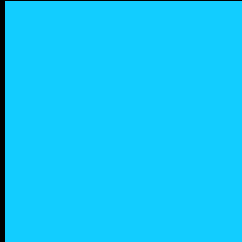
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

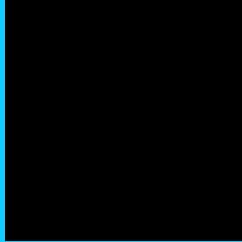
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.1308, 51.0112,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

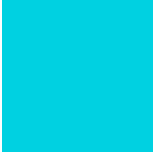
40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388

### Protanopia

50.8916, 50.4674, 90.2780

### Deuteranopia

51.3348, 50.4448, 101.6389



## **Tritanopia**

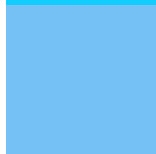
36.3911, 51.0372, 79.1673

# Trichromacy



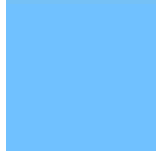
## Original Color

40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388



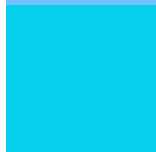
## Protanomaly

43.0406, 48.5757, 94.2963



## Deuteranomaly

43.8021, 48.8047, 101.7194



## Tritanomaly

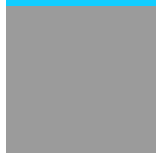
37.7838, 51.2131, 87.2506

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388



## Achromatopsia

31.1553, 32.7778, 35.6950



## Achromatomaly

30.1732, 36.6520, 54.7745

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 205, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 205, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 205, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 205, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 205, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 205, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(18, 205, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 205, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 205, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 205,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.1308, 51.0112, 102.3388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 205, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 205,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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