

Converting Colors

XYZ(40.1816, 41.9845, 45.4454)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(40.1816, 41.9845, 45.4454)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(40.1656, 42.0182,
45.5285)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFADAD
RGB	175, 173, 173
RGB Percent	69%, 68%, 68%
CMY	0.3137, 0.3216, 0.3216
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.31
HSL	0°, 1%, 68%
HSV	0°, 1%, 69%
XYZ	40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285
YIQ	173.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

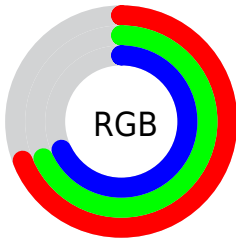
Format	Color
RYB	175, 173, 173
Decimal	11513261
CIELab	70.88, 0.71, 0.24
CIELCh	71, 0.753, 18.810
Yxy	42.0182, 0.3145, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289703341 (0xFFAFADAD)
YUV	173.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296
Hunter-Lab	64.8214, -2.8328, 3.7316

Details

The XYZ color **40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **40.3015, 42.6389, 46.6641**, and the grayscale version is **40.0280, 42.1126, 45.8606**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.3801, 77.9112, 84.5169**, and **18.4569, 19.2662, 20.8351** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.4478, 35.1170, 36.1414**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.5459, 49.8883, 56.2318**.

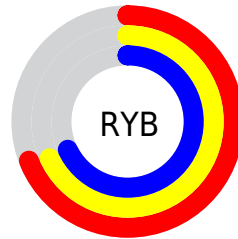
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (68%)

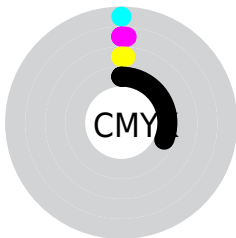
Blue (68%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (68%)

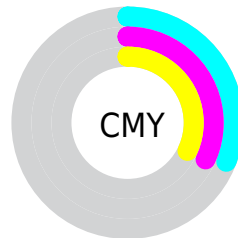


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.1656, 42.0182,
45.5285

■ 40.1656, 42.0182,
45.5285

337.9435,
354.5584, 385.1322

■ 27.8525, 29.1155,
31.5279

■ 74.6984, 78.2272,
84.8398

■ 18.3544, 19.1682,
20.7394

97.6487, 102.3023,
110.9875

■ 11.3059, 11.7919,
12.7442

124.8755,
130.8703, 142.0214

■ 6.3418, 6.6021,
7.1240

156.7441,
164.3157, 178.3600

■ 3.0966, 3.2146,
3.4602

193.6198,
203.0228, 220.4219

■ 1.2051, 1.2447,
1.3341

235.8680,

■ 0.1104, 0.0978,

247.3760, 268.6255

0.0895

283.8542,
297.7597, 323.3894

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 40.1656, 42.0182,
45.5285

■ 40.1656, 42.0182,
45.5285

■ 35.4478, 35.1170,
36.1414

■ 45.5459, 49.8883,
56.2318

■ 31.3635, 29.1420,
28.0170

■ 51.6092, 58.7569,
68.2966

■ 27.8867, 24.0556,
21.1025

■ 58.3794, 68.6593,
81.7691

■ 24.9886, 19.8152,
15.3398

■ 65.8784, 79.6273,
96.6928

■ 22.6377, 16.3751,
10.6665

■ 71.4895, 87.8541,
107.7974

■ 20.7996, 13.6849,
7.0141

■ 19.4362, 11.6889,
4.3063

■ 18.5037, 10.3233,
2.4562

■ 17.9507, 9.5129,
1.3609

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.1739, 42.0182, 45.8848



40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285



40.0960, 42.0182, 45.2332

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285



39.7560, 42.0182, 45.2976



39.8903, 42.0182, 46.4311

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285



40.3015, 42.6389, 46.6641

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.7785, 42.0182, 46.2720



40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285



39.7011, 42.0182, 45.6169

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285



39.8594, 42.0182, 45.1004



39.7093, 42.0182, 45.9736



40.0148, 42.0182, 46.4071

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285



40.0242, 42.0182, 45.1102



39.7093, 42.0182, 45.9736



39.8500, 42.0182, 46.3972

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.1668, 42.0200, 45.5294



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



40.3613, 42.0969, 46.5564



16.2198, 17.0645, 18.5832



84.5950, 89.0005, 96.9216

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.1668, 42.0200, 45.5294



72.0497, 75.4212, 81.7662



40.3587, 42.4039, 45.5934



8.8901, 9.3102, 10.0973



12.6631, 6.5316, 0.5933



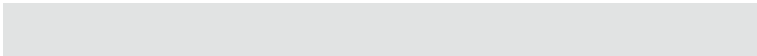
0.3526, 0.1823, 0.0166

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.3015, 42.6389, 46.6641



72.2645, 76.4085, 83.5764



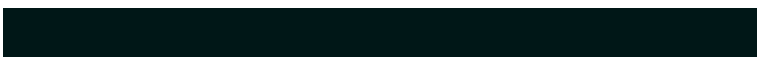
40.1081, 42.2521, 46.5997



8.9143, 9.4214, 10.3014



16.4840, 24.1019, 32.8278



0.4589, 0.6711, 0.9133

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

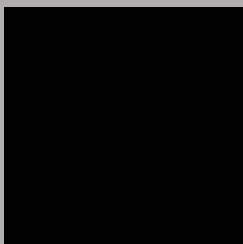
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

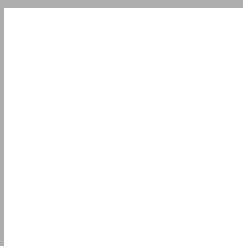
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285.

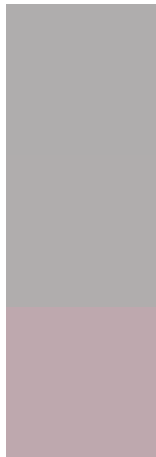


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.1656, 42.0182,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285

Protanopia

40.3909, 42.1344, 45.5391

Deuteranopia

42.8778, 42.0084, 45.8929



Tritanopia

41.4513, 41.9757, 51.8163

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285

Protanomaly

40.3909, 42.1344, 45.5391

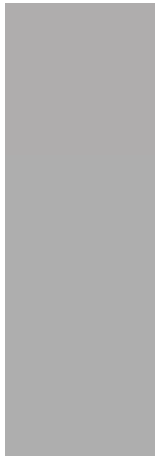
Deuteranomaly

42.0223, 42.1197, 45.9595

Tritanomaly

40.9975, 42.0713, 49.6758

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285

Achromatopsia

40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938

Achromatomaly

40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 173, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 173, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 173, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 173, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 173, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 173, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 173, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 173, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 173, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 173,  
173) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.1656, 42.0182, 45.5285 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 173, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
173, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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