

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.1871, 40.6668,  
31.3226)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFA78E
RGB	191, 167, 142
RGB Percent	75%, 65%, 56%
CMY	0.2510, 0.3451, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.26, 0.25
HSL	31°, 28%, 65%
HSV	31°, 26%, 75%
XYZ	40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226
YIQ	171.3260, 22.3290, -2.6870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

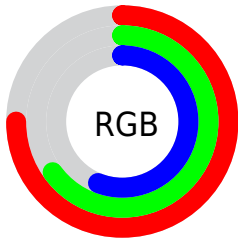
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	189, 191, 142
Decimal	12560270
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	69.94, 4.84, 16.15
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	70, 16.858, 73.320
Yxy	40.6668, 0.3582, 0.3625
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290750350 (0xFFBFA78E)
YUV	171.3260, -14.4577, 17.2541
Hunter-Lab	63.7705, 0.8892, 15.5175

# Details

The XYZ color **40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **34.1953, 36.7839, 54.5882**, and the grayscale version is **38.9361, 40.9638, 44.6096**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.7965, 76.1845, 62.9874**, and **18.3790, 18.3525, 12.6989** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.2224, 36.8389, 23.8553**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.5237, 44.8446, 40.1271**.

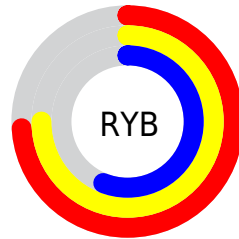
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (65%)

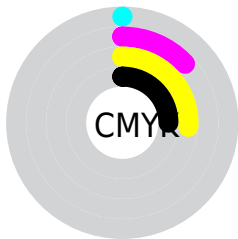
Blue (56%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (56%)

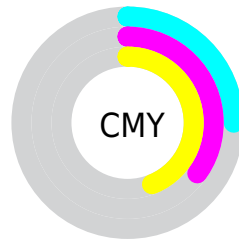


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (35%)


Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.1871, 40.6668,  
31.3226


 40.1871, 40.6668,  
31.3226


338.0324,  
348.9261, 322.4189


 27.8693, 28.0588,  
20.5841


 74.7309, 76.1778,  
62.8331

 18.3671, 18.3700,  
12.6321

 97.6876, 99.8497,  
84.4423

 11.3152, 11.2160,  
7.0479


 124.9213,  
127.9782, 110.5120

 6.3481, 6.2123,  
3.4132

156.7973,  
160.9480, 141.4609

 3.1005, 2.9746,  
1.3093

193.6811,  
199.1432, 177.7075

 1.2071, 1.1185,  
0.0694

235.9380,

 0.1120, 0.0000,

242.9484, 219.6703

0.0000

283.9333,  
292.7479, 267.7679

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.1871, 40.6668,  
31.3226

■ 40.1871, 40.6668,  
31.3226

■ 37.2224, 36.8389,  
23.8553

■ 43.5237, 44.8446,  
40.1271

■ 34.6112, 33.3451,  
17.6559

■ 47.2431, 49.3765,  
50.3284

■ 32.3383, 30.1766,  
12.6525

■ 51.3597, 54.2736,  
61.9855

■ 30.3859, 27.3216,  
8.7649

■ 55.8862, 59.5448,  
75.1533

■ 28.7340, 24.7676,  
5.9030

■ 60.8346, 65.1985,  
89.8839

■ 27.3602, 22.5008,  
3.9625

■ 65.9575, 71.1395,  
104.8627

■ 26.2367, 20.5051,  
2.8134

■ 68.5280, 76.2804,  
105.7195

■ 25.8037, 19.7118,  
2.4448

■ 71.2387, 81.7019,  
106.6231

■ 74.0918, 87.4080,  
107.5741

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.6203, 40.6668, 34.6989



40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226



37.4495, 40.6668, 31.1409

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226



33.7416, 40.6668, 47.8531



42.3872, 40.6668, 56.2097

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226



34.1953, 36.7839, 54.5882

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.8811, 40.6668, 60.6739



40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226



34.9391, 40.6668, 55.4782

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226



33.8148, 40.6668, 40.0815



37.1576, 40.6668, 60.3914



43.9311, 40.6668, 48.7603



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226



35.8257, 40.6668, 32.8131



37.1576, 40.6668, 60.3914



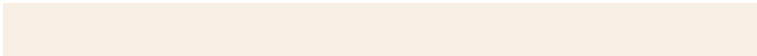
41.6244, 40.6668, 58.1465

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.1882, 40.6687, 31.3234



82.8996, 86.3659, 85.3814



38.0882, 33.1945, 40.7175



17.9769, 18.6897, 18.1224



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.1882, 40.6687, 31.3234



68.7978, 68.7597, 48.0100



44.9995, 50.2913, 32.9272



9.9218, 10.3195, 10.0456



17.0386, 13.1160, 1.6336



0.7327, 0.6444, 0.0858



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.1953, 36.7839, 54.5882



56.1758, 60.5784, 97.0111



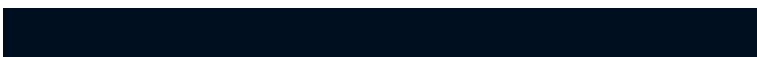
30.2328, 28.8590, 53.2674



9.3918, 9.9760, 12.1028



8.8638, 7.8394, 33.4389

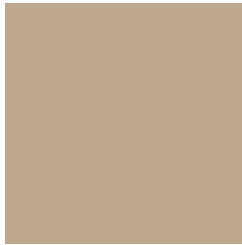


0.4127, 0.4381, 1.3317



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

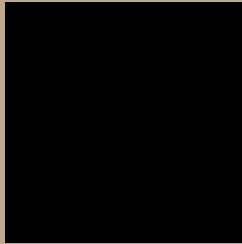
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.1871, 40.6668,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226

### Protanopia

38.4193, 40.8427, 32.2441

### Deuteranopia

41.4466, 40.5097, 31.2259



## Tritanopia

43.1639, 40.5379, 46.1071

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226

## Protanomaly

39.0998, 40.9230, 31.8247

## Deuteranomaly

40.8433, 40.4654, 31.2491

## Tritanomaly

42.1345, 40.6646, 40.2787

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226

## Achromatopsia

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

## Achromatomaly

39.0800, 40.7525, 39.0640

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 167, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 167, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 167, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 167, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 167, 142) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 167, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 167, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 167, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 167, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 167,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.1871, 40.6668, 31.3226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 167, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
167, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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