

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.2483, 36.5477, 51.5035)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.2483, 36.5477, 51.5035)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(40.2617, 36.6419,  
51.4049)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B999BA
RGB	185, 153, 186
RGB Percent	73%, 60%, 73%
CMY	0.2745, 0.4000, 0.2706
CMYK	0.01, 0.18, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	298°, 19%, 66%
HSV	298°, 18%, 73%
XYZ	40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049
YIQ	166.3300, 8.4790, 17.0470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

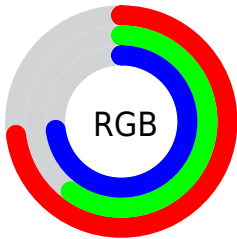
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	185, 153, 186
Decimal	12163514
CIE Lab	67.01, 17.72, -12.62
CIE LCh	67, 21.751, 324.549
Yxy	36.6419, 0.3138, 0.2856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290353594 (0xFFB999BA)
YUV	166.3300, 9.6973, 16.3736
Hunter-Lab	60.5326, 12.7928, -7.9769

# Details

The XYZ color **40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **36.6364, 44.2887, 36.7564**, and the grayscale version is **36.3577, 38.2511, 41.6555**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.6155, 69.7372, 93.5324**, and **18.5007, 16.1017, 24.3232** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.3162, 30.9518, 50.4624**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.6844, 43.2845, 52.5072**.

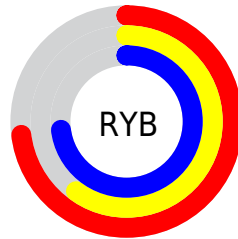
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (60%)

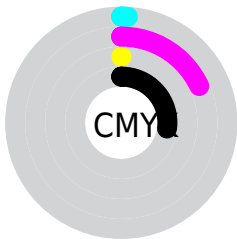
Blue (73%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (73%)

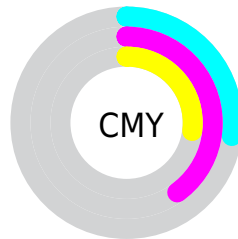


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 40.2617, 36.6419,  
51.4049

■ 40.2617, 36.6419,  
51.4049

338.3409,  
331.7575, 409.0262

■ 27.9278, 24.9304,  
36.1520

■ 74.8437, 70.0217,  
93.6706

■ 18.4114, 16.0252,  
24.2610

■ 97.8224, 92.4587,  
121.5205

■ 11.3472, 9.5420,  
15.3133

125.0801,  
119.2397, 154.4065

■ 6.3699, 5.0963,  
8.8905

156.9822,  
150.7490, 192.7470

■ 3.1141, 2.3039,  
4.5740

193.8939,  
187.3710, 236.9608

■ 1.2144, 0.7758,  
1.9452

236.1807,

■ 0.1177, 0.0000,

229.4902, 287.4662

0.5213

284.2079,  
277.4909, 344.6818

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.2617, 36.6419,  
51.4049

■ 40.2617, 36.6419,  
51.4049

■ 37.3162, 30.9518,  
50.4624

■ 43.6844, 43.2845,  
52.5072

■ 34.8228, 26.1657,  
49.6700

■ 47.6017, 50.9159,  
53.7737

■ 32.7590, 22.2377,  
49.0206

■ 52.0337, 59.5762,  
55.2118

■ 31.0988, 19.1165,  
48.5056

■ 56.9990, 69.3020,  
56.8273

■ 29.8138, 16.7447,  
48.1156

■ 62.5147, 80.1280,  
58.6262

■ 28.8717, 15.0580,  
47.8396

■ 65.4564, 85.8052,  
59.5670

■ 28.2348, 13.9808,  
47.6653

■ 65.5959, 85.8771,  
59.5735

■ 27.8459, 13.3990,  
47.5735

■ 65.7359, 85.9493,  
59.5801

■ 27.7706, 13.2924,  
47.5569

■ 65.8765, 86.0218,  
59.5867

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.5332, 36.6419, 58.8361



40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049



41.5404, 36.6419, 41.6498

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049



35.4339, 36.6419, 24.3898



29.3631, 36.6419, 47.9419

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049



36.6364, 44.2887, 36.7564

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.8790, 36.6419, 38.1937



40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049



32.2541, 36.6419, 25.5324

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049



38.6425, 36.6419, 26.8372



29.9048, 36.6419, 30.2488



31.2714, 36.6419, 56.6257



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049



41.3439, 36.6419, 35.4993



29.9048, 36.6419, 30.2488



29.0337, 36.6419, 44.6433

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.2628, 36.6435, 51.4057



80.9775, 81.9526, 95.7519



33.5735, 33.4635, 51.1445



17.7260, 17.8399, 21.0517



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.2628, 36.6435, 51.4057



70.9541, 62.5018, 92.5258



38.9547, 36.1482, 43.2539



9.3533, 9.1485, 11.3523



18.6950, 8.9488, 31.9950



0.6675, 0.3198, 1.1283



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.4749, 35.5563, 35.4615



65.0336, 60.1946, 58.5957



37.8022, 44.7331, 43.8847



9.0153, 9.0165, 9.4282



13.6492, 7.0334, 0.7735



0.4849, 0.2494, 0.0470



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

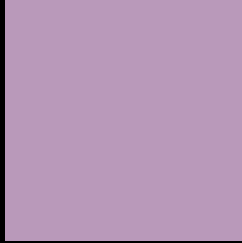
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

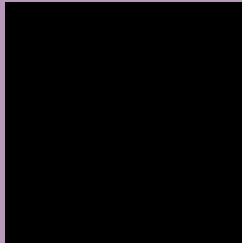
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.2617, 36.6419,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049

### Protanopia

36.3394, 36.8145, 55.0598

### Deuteranopia

37.5173, 36.7341, 51.0120



## Tritanopia

38.2478, 36.5492, 42.0846

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049

## Protanomaly

37.6288, 36.7295, 53.8214

## Deuteranomaly

38.4931, 36.7307, 50.9599

## Tritanomaly

38.9876, 36.6051, 45.5681

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049

## Achromatopsia

36.2450, 38.1326, 41.5264

## Achromatomaly

37.5213, 37.3911, 44.7748

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 153, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 153, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 153, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 153, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 153, 186) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 153, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 153, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 153, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 153, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 153,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.2617, 36.6419, 51.4049 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 153, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
153, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor