

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.2595, 40.8621,  
11.8962)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEA648
RGB	206, 166, 72
RGB Percent	81%, 65%, 28%
CMY	0.1922, 0.3490, 0.7176
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.65, 0.19
HSL	42°, 58%, 55%
HSV	42°, 65%, 81%
XYZ	40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962
YIQ	167.2440, 54.0140, -20.7540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

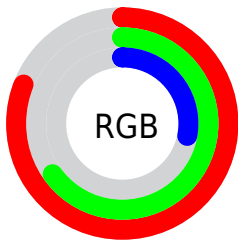
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	129, 206, 72
Decimal	13542984
CIELab	70.08, 4.47, 52.80
CIELCh	70, 52.989, 85.159
Yxy	40.8621, 0.4328, 0.4393
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291733064 (0xFFCEA648)
YUV	167.2440, -46.9553, 33.9890
Hunter-Lab	63.9235, 0.5546, 33.7125

# Details

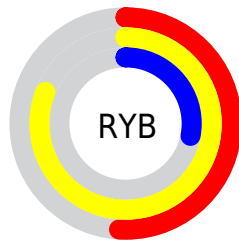
The XYZ color **40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **19.6071, 17.4217, 60.7215**, and the grayscale version is **37.0540, 38.9837, 42.4532**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.7345, 74.4281, 29.7067**, and **18.3312, 18.3710, 3.1101** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.6059, 38.4564, 8.5668**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.1935, 43.4687, 16.4304**.

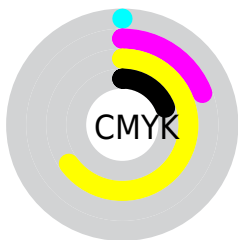
# Distribution



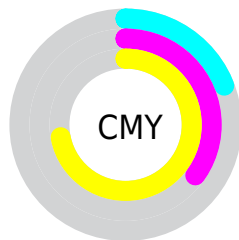
- Red (81%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



40.2595, 40.8621,  
11.8962

40.2595, 40.8621,  
11.8962

338.3318,  
349.7439, 214.6704

27.9260, 28.2113,  
6.5514

74.8403, 76.4745,  
29.9675

18.4101, 18.4850,  
3.1090

97.8184, 100.2050,  
43.5310

11.3463, 11.2988,  
1.1505

125.0754,  
128.3974, 60.6711

6.3693, 6.2682,  
0.0000

156.9767,  
161.4363, 81.8065

3.1137, 3.0088,  
0.0000

193.8877,  
199.7060, 107.3555

1.2142, 1.1363,  
0.0000

236.1736,

0.1175, 0.0088,

243.5909, 137.7368

0.0000

284.1998,  
293.4754, 173.3689

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.2595, 40.8621,  
11.8962

■ 40.2595, 40.8621,  
11.8962

■ 38.6059, 38.4564,  
8.5668

■ 42.1935, 43.4687,  
16.4304

■ 37.2057, 36.2347,  
6.3158

■ 44.4262, 46.2798,  
22.2741

■ 36.0304, 34.1861,  
4.9926

■ 46.9771, 49.3061,  
29.5233

■ 35.5048, 33.2245,  
4.5417

■ 49.8633, 52.5554,  
38.2641

■ 53.1006, 56.0351,  
48.5760

■ 56.7035, 59.7521,  
60.5324

■ 60.6858, 63.7130,  
74.2025

■ 65.0603, 67.9240,  
89.6512

■ 69.4502, 72.2353,  
104.8901

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.1415, 40.8621, 15.7206



40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962



32.1848, 40.8621, 13.7950

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962



25.6397, 40.8621, 67.9829



54.1589, 40.8621, 77.6492

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962



19.6071, 17.4217, 60.7215

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.3507, 40.8621, 103.0688



40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962



30.0862, 40.8621, 96.1866

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962



24.5050, 40.8621, 40.5900



37.4508, 40.8621, 110.8758



57.8906, 40.8621, 48.6361



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962



28.1937, 40.8621, 18.6378



37.4508, 40.8621, 110.8758



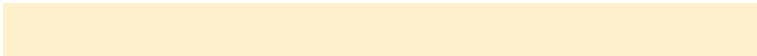
51.8724, 40.8621, 87.2669

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.2605, 40.8641, 11.8970



83.2339, 87.8092, 69.6887



30.7069, 18.9312, 17.4239



17.5018, 18.4551, 13.9246



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.2605, 40.8641, 11.8970



61.6138, 60.8616, 12.2543



41.8777, 54.2178, 14.3893



11.8602, 12.5093, 11.8689



21.9511, 20.6351, 2.8260



1.1967, 1.1931, 0.1672



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.6071, 17.4217, 60.7215



25.8705, 20.4316, 97.1879



18.5821, 11.7328, 59.6774



10.8702, 11.3807, 14.1942



7.9782, 4.9803, 36.4971



0.4784, 0.3906, 1.9051



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

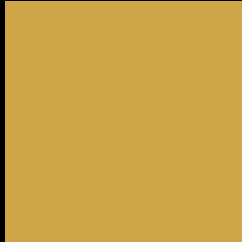
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.2595, 40.8621,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962

### Protanopia

37.4744, 41.0758, 12.4319

### Deuteranopia

41.7404, 40.8216, 11.9827



## Tritanopia

46.3969, 40.7502, 42.4660

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962

## Protanomaly

38.3423, 40.9663, 12.1898

## Deuteranomaly

41.0564, 40.7336, 12.0018

## Tritanomaly

43.3828, 40.5367, 27.7281

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962

## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

## Achromatomaly

37.0396, 39.1271, 27.4299

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 166, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 166, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 166, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 166, 72) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 166, 72) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 166, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 166, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 166, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 166, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 166,  
72) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.2595, 40.8621, 11.8962 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 166, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
166, 72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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