

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.3071, 29.2481, 96.9908)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.3071, 29.2481, 96.9908)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.2822, 29.2142,  
97.2817)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                       |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex         | A47BFE                      |
| RGB         | 164, 123, 254               |
| RGB Percent | 64%, 48%, 100%              |
| CMY         | 0.3568, 0.5176, 0.0039      |
| CMYK        | 0.35, 0.52, 0.00, 0.00      |
| HSL         | 259°, 98%, 74%              |
| HSV         | 259°, 52%, 100%             |
| XYZ         | 40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817   |
| YIQ         | 150.1930, -17.6150, 49.4330 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

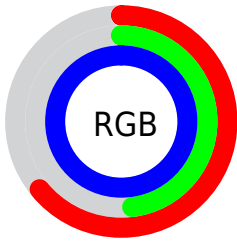
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                               |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">164, 123, 254</a>              |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">10779646</a>                   |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">60.97, 43.81, -59.92</a>       |
| CIElCh                              | <a href="#">61, 74.226, 306.169</a>        |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">29.2142, 0.2415, 0.1752</a>    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4288969726</a><br>(0xFFA47BFE) |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">150.1930, 51.1769, 12.1087</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">54.0502, 38.4437, -68.8775</a> |

# Details

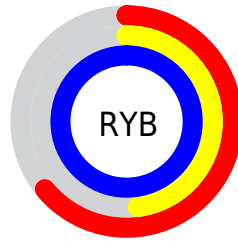
The XYZ color **40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. A complement of this color would be **66.4576, 86.4601, 31.9255**, and the grayscale version is **28.8673, 30.3707, 33.0737**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.6995, 53.8003, 101.6349**, and **18.4098, 11.8764, 53.5466** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.1729, 21.9788, 96.2077**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.7053, 38.3408, 98.6526**.

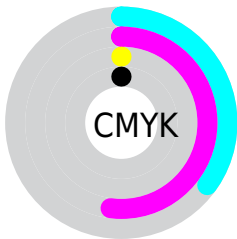
# Distribution



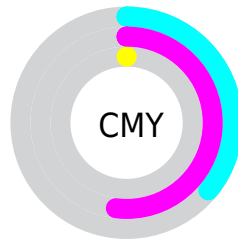
- Red (64%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 40.2822, 29.2142,  
97.2817


 40.2822, 29.2142,  
97.2817

338.4256,  
298.2243, 572.6140


 27.9438, 19.2429,  
73.4281


 74.8747, 58.4172,  
159.4357

 18.4236, 11.8459,  
53.8322


 97.8595, 78.4178,  
198.5732

 11.3560, 6.6389,  
38.0752


 125.1238,  
102.5302, 243.6425

 6.3759, 3.2373,  
25.7388

157.0330,  
131.1389, 295.0621

 3.1178, 1.2568,  
16.4043

193.9524,  
164.6283, 353.2505

 1.2164, 0.1074,  
9.6533

236.2474,

 0.1192, 0.0000,

203.3827, 418.6262

5.0671

284.2834,  
247.7865, 491.6079

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.2273

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6900

■ 40.2822, 29.2142,  
97.2817

■ 40.2822, 29.2142,  
97.2817

■ 34.1729, 21.9788,  
96.2077

■ 47.7053, 38.3408,  
98.6526

■ 29.2890, 16.4920,  
95.4060

■ 56.5152, 49.4806,  
100.3385

■ 25.5363, 12.5951,  
94.8517

■ 66.7832, 62.7489,  
102.3584

■ 22.8022, 10.0975,  
94.5137

■ 78.5748, 78.2509,  
104.7291

■ 21.1557, 8.8396,  
94.3577

■ 91.9512, 96.0851,  
107.4664

■ 94.8895, 99.9358,  
108.0548

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.8184, 29.2142, 119.8534



40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817



48.5420, 29.2142, 58.6159

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817



35.9986, 29.2142, 3.7051



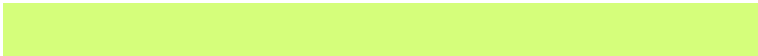
13.0541, 29.2142, 37.8963

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817



66.4576, 86.4601, 31.9255

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.9702, 29.2142, 14.7500



40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817



25.8123, 29.2142, 2.7827

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817



45.6934, 29.2142, 9.5632



18.1567, 29.2142, 5.2483



15.2757, 29.2142, 74.8509



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817



50.8223, 29.2142, 35.5107



18.1567, 29.2142, 5.2483



13.0141, 29.2142, 28.3745

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.2834, 29.2152, 97.2824



75.0229, 73.3292, 104.8076



50.2826, 59.8158, 102.6619



15.5175, 14.9844, 22.3244



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.2834, 29.2152, 97.2824



34.2380, 21.8972, 97.0298



56.9046, 37.7838, 98.0603



17.5379, 17.6535, 22.7331



11.2865, 4.7289, 49.7525



1.2059, 0.5156, 4.8492



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.9667, 40.0415, 67.5183



56.5873, 34.2236, 61.7079



51.4486, 78.7227, 31.2231



18.5364, 18.1979, 21.4421



25.6720, 12.7581, 22.7211

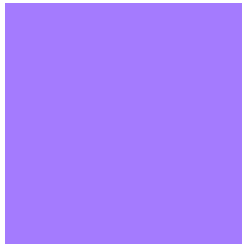


2.5489, 1.2619, 2.4721



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

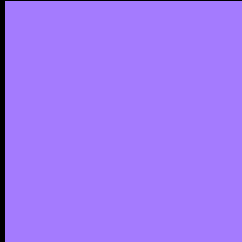
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

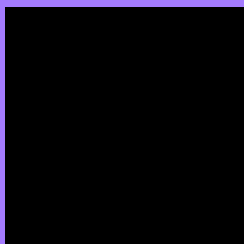
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.2822, 29.2142,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817

### Protanopia

32.6963, 29.3517, 98.5499

### Deuteranopia

30.5904, 29.5152, 93.7072



## Tritanopia

28.1069, 29.2654, 36.5151

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817



## Protanomaly

34.7393, 28.8933, 98.3537



## Deuteranomaly

32.7086, 28.5561, 95.0547



## Tritanomaly

31.4766, 28.6065, 54.3147

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817



## Achromatopsia

28.9890, 30.4987, 33.2131



## Achromatomaly

31.9728, 29.3556, 51.5580

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 123, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 123, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 123, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 123, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 123, 254) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 123, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 123, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 123, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 123, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 123,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.2822, 29.2142, 97.2817 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 123, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
123, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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