

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.3494, 20.7961, 2.1039)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.3494, 20.7961, 2.1039)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	30

# Color

**XYZ(40.1887, 20.7130,  
2.1096)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FC0008
RGB	252, 0, 8
RGB Percent	99%, 0%, 3%
CMY	0.0118, 0.9997, 0.9686
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.97, 0.01
HSL	358°, 100%, 49%
HSV	358°, 100%, 99%
XYZ	40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096
YIQ	76.2600, 147.6240, 55.9120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

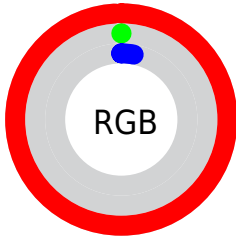
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">252, 0, 8</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16515080</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">52.63, 79.45, 64.62</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">53, 102.407, 39.123</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">20.7130, 0.6378, 0.3287</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294705160</a> (0xFFFC0008)
YUV	<a href="#">76.2600, -33.6522, 154.1240</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">45.5115, 77.9782, 29.1098</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0000**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **51.1504, 76.1564, 97.6454**, and the grayscale version is **6.9654, 7.3282, 7.9804**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.3201, 29.9846, 8.0489**, and **19.7672, 10.1903, 0.9251** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.1880, 20.7126, 2.1076**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.7643, 21.5087, 3.3989**.

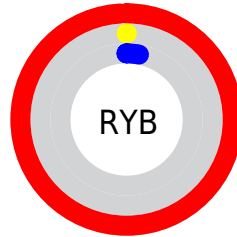
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (0%)

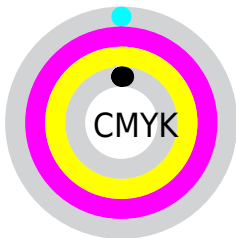
Blue (3%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (3%)

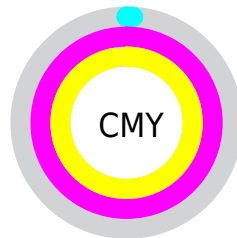


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (97%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (97%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.1887, 20.7130,  
2.1096


 40.1887, 20.7130,  
2.1096


338.0391,  
255.7493, 124.0561


 27.8706, 12.9144,  
0.6215


 74.7333, 44.6094,  
9.3383


 18.3681, 7.3696,  
0.0000


 97.6905, 61.4760,  
15.9550


 11.3159, 3.6943,  
0.0000


 124.9247, 82.1340,  
25.1314

 6.3486, 1.5041,  
0.0000

 156.8013,  
106.9678, 37.2858

 3.1008, 0.2916,  
0.0000

 193.6857,  
136.3618, 52.8370


 1.2073, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 235.9432,


 0.1121, 0.0000,


170.7005, 72.2034


0.0000


 283.9392,  
210.3682, 95.8036


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 40.1887, 20.7130,  
2.1096


 40.1887, 20.7130,  
2.1096


 40.1880, 20.7126,  
2.1076

 40.7643, 21.5087,  
3.3989

 42.0393, 23.3105,  
6.1305

 44.1999, 26.4163,  
10.5976

 47.3679, 31.0105,  
17.0237

 51.6461, 37.2477,  
25.5990

■ 57.1243, 45.2635,  
36.4911

■ 63.8836, 55.1793,  
49.8511

■ 71.9977, 67.1058,  
65.8174

■ 81.5348, 81.1452,  
84.5179

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.5585, 20.7130, 14.4848



40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096



27.9085, 20.7130, 0.0000

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096



6.0969, 20.7130, 7.4606



23.1099, 20.7130, 143.8313

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



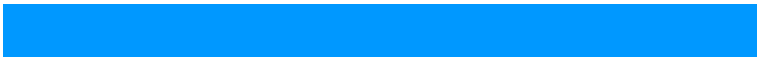
40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096



51.1504, 76.1564, 97.6454

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.2632, 20.7130, 133.4205



40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096



5.6142, 20.7130, 33.1688

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096



9.3993, 20.7130, 0.7901



7.7043, 20.7130, 83.3454



35.6104, 20.7130, 105.2990



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096



20.0017, 20.7130, 0.0000



7.7043, 20.7130, 83.3454



19.3758, 20.7130, 146.3697

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.1891, 20.7143, 2.1099



65.5912, 56.6326, 51.1410



54.7413, 26.1916, 94.2649



13.3773, 11.1502, 9.6399



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.1891, 20.7143, 2.1099



41.2840, 21.2776, 2.1616



46.5807, 33.5671, 4.0261



17.2668, 17.2341, 17.9945



20.9445, 10.7935, 1.1501



1.9474, 1.0027, 0.1462



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.1891, 20.7143, 2.1099



41.2840, 21.2776, 2.1616



26.1564, 24.1987, 95.3868



17.2668, 17.2341, 17.9945



20.9445, 10.7935, 1.1501



1.9474, 1.0027, 0.1462



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

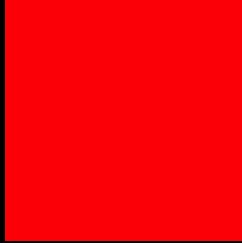
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.1887, 20.7130,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096

### Protanopia

19.2058, 21.1339, 4.5804

### Tritanopia

39.7307, 20.9368, 1.9472

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096

## Protanomaly

22.6463, 16.0223, 2.8187

## Tritanomaly

39.9709, 20.8575, 2.0053

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096

## Achromatopsia

6.8694, 7.2272, 7.8704

## Achromatomaly

12.4697, 7.9284, 4.0051

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 0, 8)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 0, 8)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 0, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 0, 8) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 0, 8) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 0, 8) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 0, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 0, 8); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 0, 8); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 0, 8) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.1887, 20.7130, 2.1096 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 0, 8) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252, 0,  
8) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor