

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.3852, 37.8149, 26.5504)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.3852, 37.8149, 26.5504)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.4467, 37.7779,  
26.6328)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CB9B83
RGB	203, 155, 131
RGB Percent	80%, 61%, 51%
CMY	0.2039, 0.3921, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.35, 0.20
HSL	20°, 41%, 65%
HSV	20°, 35%, 80%
XYZ	40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328
YIQ	166.6160, 36.3120, 2.7120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

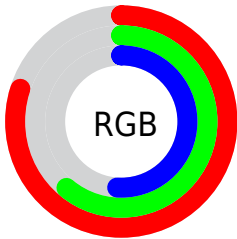
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	203, 167, 131
Decimal	13343619
CIE Lab	67.86, 14.63, 19.50
CIE LCh	68, 24.381, 53.118
Yxy	37.7779, 0.3857, 0.3603
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291533699 (0xFFCB9B83)
YUV	166.6160, -17.5587, 31.9088
Hunter-Lab	61.4637, 9.9018, 17.3337

# Details

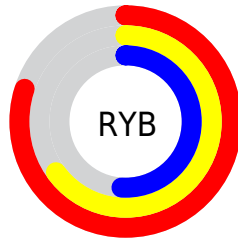
The XYZ color **40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **36.2591, 41.3759, 62.5753**, and the grayscale version is **36.6149, 38.5218, 41.9502**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.9383, 70.8139, 55.1716**, and **18.4681, 16.6978, 10.0342** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.0762, 33.0272, 19.3736**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.3411, 43.1448, 35.3973**.

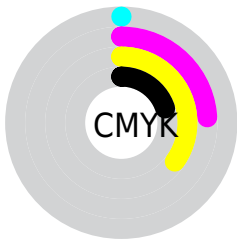
# Distribution



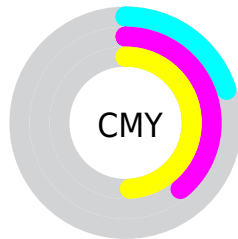
- Red (80%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (49%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.4467, 37.7779,  
26.6328


 40.4467, 37.7779,  
26.6328


339.1050,  
336.6663, 299.5785

 28.0728, 25.8104,  
17.0676


 75.1233, 71.7676,  
55.2906

 18.5213, 16.6818,  
10.1203

 98.1566, 94.5585,  
75.2204

 11.4268, 10.0079,  
5.3721


 125.4738,  
121.7260, 99.4420

 6.4241, 5.4042,  
2.4047

157.4402,  
153.6545, 128.3742

 3.1477, 2.4863,  
0.7890

194.4212,  
190.7284, 162.4354

 1.2324, 0.8698,  
0.0000

236.7821,

 0.1317, 0.0000,

233.3321, 202.0441

0.0000

284.8882,  
281.8499, 247.6190

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.4467, 37.7779,  
26.6328

■ 40.4467, 37.7779,  
26.6328

■ 37.0762, 33.0272,  
19.3736

■ 44.3411, 43.1448,  
35.3973

■ 34.2027, 28.8645,  
13.5314

■ 48.7790, 49.1441,  
45.7441

■ 31.8009, 25.2671,  
9.0121

■ 53.7823, 55.7983,  
57.7474

■ 29.8418, 22.2085,  
5.7090

■ 59.3710, 63.1267,  
71.4761

■ 28.2928, 19.6601,  
3.4987

■ 65.5639, 71.1482,  
86.9952

■ 27.1153, 17.5893,  
2.2302

■ 72.3791, 79.8807,  
104.3664

■ 26.6764, 16.7920,  
1.8352

■ 76.7804, 88.1201,  
107.5699

■ 78.4386, 91.4365,  
108.1226

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.0127, 37.7779, 33.4924



40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328



36.7846, 37.7779, 23.7396

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328



29.1652, 37.7779, 38.6901



38.8358, 37.7779, 63.3944

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328



36.2591, 41.3759, 62.5753

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.0430, 37.7779, 65.4456



40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328



29.6300, 37.7779, 49.8570

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328



30.4027, 37.7779, 29.8656



31.7199, 37.7779, 60.1250



42.0380, 37.7779, 54.9300



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328



34.2828, 37.7779, 24.0131



31.7199, 37.7779, 60.1250



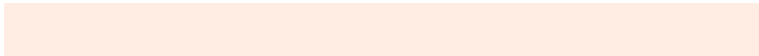
37.5812, 37.7779, 64.9114

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.4477, 37.7797, 26.6336



85.1806, 86.9681, 84.9339



40.8818, 32.1842, 46.7056



17.9897, 18.2916, 17.5998



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.4477, 37.7797, 26.6336



63.0867, 56.7328, 34.5553



47.3563, 51.5970, 28.9364



11.5128, 11.8146, 11.7531



17.0521, 10.8371, 1.1930



0.9494, 0.6984, 0.0848

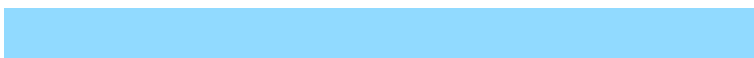


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.2591, 41.3759, 62.5753



54.9754, 63.6447, 103.9949



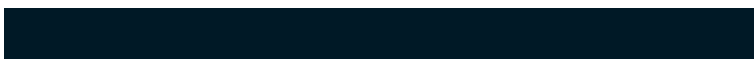
29.9624, 28.7824, 60.4764



11.2159, 12.0723, 14.3094



12.4890, 14.0019, 38.0007



0.7123, 0.8583, 1.9831



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

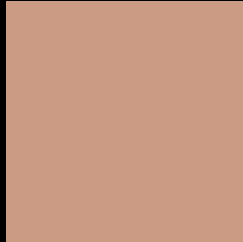
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

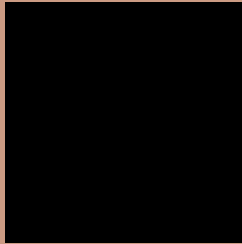
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.4467, 37.7779,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328

### Protanopia

35.5783, 37.8018, 28.7139

### Deuteranopia

38.6755, 37.8773, 26.3917



## Tritanopia

43.0418, 37.8637, 39.2223

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328

## Protanomaly

37.0555, 37.5253, 27.8443

## Deuteranomaly

39.2821, 37.9357, 26.3710

## Tritanomaly

41.9910, 37.6700, 34.3360

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328

## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

## Achromatomaly

37.7523, 38.2308, 35.9614

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 155, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 155, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 155, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 155, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 155, 131) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 155, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 155, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 155, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 155, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 155,  
131) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.4467, 37.7779, 26.6328 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 155, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
155, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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