

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.3872, 32.6070, 78.6611)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.3872, 32.6070, 78.6611)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.6050, 32.7744,  
79.0489)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD8AE6
RGB	173, 138, 230
RGB Percent	68%, 54%, 90%
CMY	0.3216, 0.4588, 0.0980
CMYK	0.25, 0.40, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	263°, 65%, 72%
HSV	263°, 40%, 90%
XYZ	40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489
YIQ	158.9530, -8.6720, 36.0320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

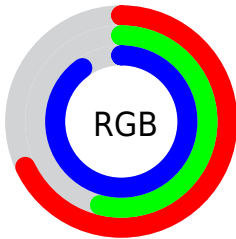
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">173, 138, 230</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11373286</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">63.98, 31.84, -41.86</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">64, 52.594, 307.260</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">32.7744, 0.2664, 0.2150</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289563366 (0xFFAD8AE6)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">158.9530, 35.0262, 12.3192</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">57.2489, 26.4192, -41.7929</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **55.3908, 70.0314, 34.6441**, and the grayscale version is **32.7821, 34.4893, 37.5589**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.5328, 61.7423, 102.8604**, and **18.5194, 13.7239, 41.7173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.6632, 25.3211, 77.9240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.5839, 41.8009, 80.4239**.

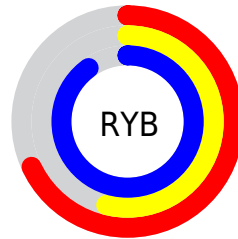
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (54%)

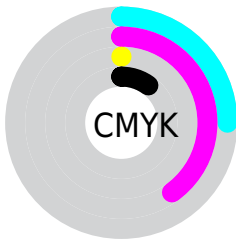
Blue (90%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (90%)

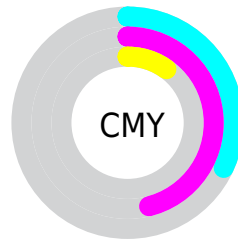


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (46%)


Yellow (10%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.6050, 32.7744,  
79.0489


 40.6050, 32.7744,  
79.0489


339.7579,  
314.6319, 511.3437

 28.1969, 21.9537,  
58.4145


 75.3624, 64.0232,  
133.8270

 18.6153, 13.8229,  
41.7250


 98.4424, 85.2200,  
168.8077

 11.4950, 7.9976,  
28.5621


 125.8104,  
110.6443, 209.4076

 6.4706, 4.0934,  
18.5071

157.8318,  
140.6805, 256.0453

 3.1766, 1.7259,  
11.1415

194.8718,  
175.7129, 309.1391

 1.2478, 0.4404,  
6.0467

237.2960,

 0.1436, 0.0000,

216.1261, 369.1078

2.8042

285.4695,  
262.3043, 436.3698

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9956

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.6050, 32.7744,  
79.0489

■ 40.6050, 32.7744,  
79.0489

■ 34.6632, 25.3211,  
77.9240

■ 47.5839, 41.8009,  
80.4239

■ 29.7001, 19.3427,  
77.0316

■ 55.6470, 52.4830,  
82.0608

■ 25.6561, 14.7357,  
76.3555

■ 64.8426, 64.9019,  
83.9732

■ 22.4630, 11.3806,  
75.8762

■ 75.2148, 79.1323,  
86.1733

■ 20.0410, 9.1365,  
75.5707

■ 86.8054, 95.2445,  
88.6724

■ 18.2607, 7.7638,  
75.3996

■ 91.2830, 98.4932,  
89.0635

■ 18.2605, 7.7637,  
75.3996

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.9877, 32.7744, 93.4501



40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489



46.2375, 32.7744, 53.9117

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489



36.9939, 32.7744, 9.7206



19.0401, 32.7744, 41.0983

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489



55.3908, 70.0314, 34.6441

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.7651, 32.7744, 22.1143



40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489



29.3839, 32.7744, 8.5727

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489



43.9325, 32.7744, 16.2335



23.2918, 32.7744, 12.0540



21.1255, 32.7744, 66.5554



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489



47.6731, 32.7744, 37.6738



23.2918, 32.7744, 12.0540



18.9697, 32.7744, 33.7689

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.6062, 32.7757, 79.0497



79.4191, 78.5865, 105.5906



44.5654, 50.7178, 82.3042



16.6629, 16.3651, 22.5305



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.6062, 32.7757, 79.0497



45.0116, 33.4892, 98.6994



52.2061, 38.7557, 79.5925



14.0985, 14.1530, 18.1331



10.4637, 4.4601, 42.6926



0.8740, 0.3815, 3.1595



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.5728, 38.9412, 56.4288



61.0116, 42.5012, 64.9429



45.5121, 64.9388, 34.1817



14.7505, 14.5174, 16.8865



21.3218, 10.6630, 15.8557

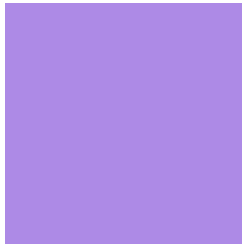


1.6205, 0.8059, 1.4082



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

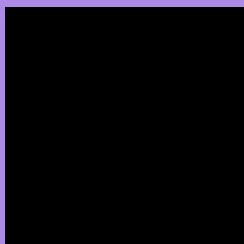
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.6050, 32.7744,

79.0489.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489

### Protanopia

35.2813, 33.0049, 88.5155

### Deuteranopia

33.8782, 33.0172, 77.2604



## Tritanopia

32.6270, 32.7139, 39.7167

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489

**Protanomaly**

36.8508, 32.7032, 85.2590

**Deuteranomaly**

35.7488, 32.5320, 77.7939

**Tritanomaly**

35.0279, 32.4976, 52.0034

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489

**Achromatopsia**

32.9542, 34.6704, 37.7561

**Achromatomaly**

35.1334, 33.5285, 50.5189

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 138, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 138, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 138, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 138, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 138, 230) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 138, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 138, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 138, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 138, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 138,  
230) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.6050, 32.7744, 79.0489 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 138, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
138, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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