

Converting Colors

XYZ(40.4186, 38.3284, 79.9822)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(40.4186, 38.3284, 79.9822)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(40.5297, 38.4239,
80.1433)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9AA2E6
RGB	154, 162, 230
RGB Percent	60%, 64%, 90%
CMY	0.3961, 0.3647, 0.0980
CMYK	0.33, 0.30, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	234°, 60%, 75%
HSV	234°, 33%, 90%
XYZ	40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433
YIQ	167.3600, -26.5960, 19.4520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

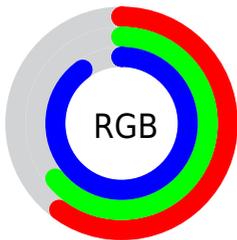
Format	Color
RYB	154, 161, 230
Decimal	10134246
CIELab	68.33, 12.84, -35.18
CIELCh	68, 37.449, 290.054
Yxy	38.4239, 0.2547, 0.2415
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288324326 (0xFF9AA2E6)
YUV	167.3600, 30.8815, -11.7167
Hunter-Lab	61.9870, 8.2335, -33.2654

Details

The XYZ color **40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **64.5880, 71.3995, 40.9506**, and the grayscale version is **36.7706, 38.6855, 42.1285**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.4412, 70.5473, 104.5648**, and **18.5800, 17.1342, 42.3724** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.2312, 29.7139, 78.8475**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.2627, 48.7556, 81.6779**.

Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (64%)

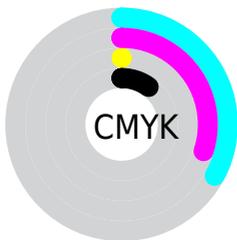
Blue (90%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (90%)

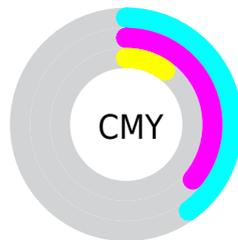


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 40.5297, 38.4239,
80.1433

■ 40.5297, 38.4239,
80.1433

339.4474,
339.4349, 515.1351

■ 28.1378, 26.3119,
59.3094

■ 75.2487, 72.7574,
135.3804

■ 18.5706, 17.0571,
42.4406

■ 98.3065, 95.7476,
170.6207

■ 11.4626, 10.2752,
29.1183

125.6503,
123.1327, 211.5002

■ 6.4484, 5.5818,
18.9240

157.6456,
155.2971, 258.4375

■ 3.1629, 2.5925,
11.4391

194.6575,
192.6251, 311.8511

■ 1.2405, 0.9229,
6.2451

237.0516,

■ 0.1380, 0.0000,

235.5011, 372.1596

2.9235

285.1931,
284.3096, 439.7814

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0557

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 40.5297, 38.4239,
80.1433

■ 40.5297, 38.4239,
80.1433

■ 33.2312, 29.7139,
78.8475

■ 49.2627, 48.7556,
81.6779

■ 27.2864, 22.5387,
77.7758

■ 59.4975, 60.7811,
83.4597

■ 22.6124, 16.8102,
76.9165

■ 71.3015, 74.5735,
85.4997

■ 19.1157, 12.4291,
76.2551

■ 84.7372, 90.2004,
87.8079

■ 16.6894, 9.2837,
75.7759

■ 91.2831, 98.4932,
89.0635

■ 15.2069, 7.2437,
75.4603

■ 14.6141, 6.3752,
75.3239

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.6057, 38.4239, 82.4387



40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433



45.8759, 38.4239, 66.2144

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433



44.2580, 38.4239, 21.6254



26.4929, 38.4239, 36.4984

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433



64.5880, 71.3995, 40.9506

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.5327, 38.4239, 24.3245



40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433



38.5052, 38.4239, 17.3909

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433



48.1832, 38.4239, 31.7022



32.7853, 38.4239, 18.2249



26.9106, 38.4239, 53.9300

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433



48.1920, 38.4239, 53.8620



32.7853, 38.4239, 18.2249



26.9047, 38.4239, 31.7500

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.5310, 38.4254, 80.1442



79.4314, 81.7774, 106.2059



54.6932, 68.6921, 78.8769



16.5670, 16.9952, 22.6572



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



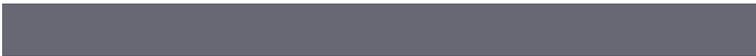
40.5310, 38.4254, 80.1442



44.4153, 40.4492, 100.0743



45.4000, 38.9095, 79.9810



13.7043, 14.1300, 18.1494



8.3155, 3.6931, 42.6577



0.6558, 0.3556, 3.1660

Inverse Universe

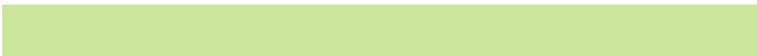
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.7114, 42.5442, 39.7230



59.3083, 46.7133, 40.8882



58.1821, 71.3266, 41.2742



14.4383, 14.3925, 15.2427



18.5908, 9.5705, 1.4742



1.3947, 0.7156, 0.2188

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

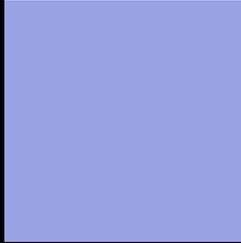
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

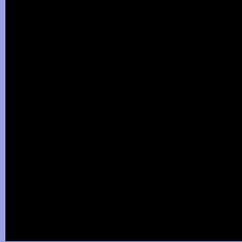
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.5297, 38.4239,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433

Protanopia

39.6950, 38.4881, 81.6807

Deuteranopia

39.4124, 38.3751, 80.1928



Tritanopia

34.7162, 38.5158, 50.9520

Trichromacy



Original Color

40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433

Protanomaly

39.9154, 38.3535, 80.9005

Deuteranomaly

39.7745, 38.2971, 80.1586

Tritanomaly

36.7580, 38.5182, 60.7557

Monochromacy



Original Color

40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433

Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822

Achromatomaly

37.6497, 38.3094, 54.1253

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 162, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 162, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 162, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 162, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 162, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 162, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 162, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 162, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 162, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 162,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.5297, 38.4239, 80.1433 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 162, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
162, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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