

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.4249, 28.7833, 8.3780)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.4249, 28.7833, 8.3780)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.3545, 28.8114,  
8.4353)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EA6D41
RGB	234, 109, 65
RGB Percent	92%, 43%, 25%
CMY	0.0824, 0.5725, 0.7451
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.72, 0.08
HSL	16°, 80%, 59%
HSV	16°, 72%, 92%
XYZ	40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353
YIQ	141.3590, 88.6240, 12.8160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

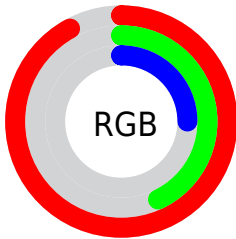
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	234, 124, 65
Decimal	15363393
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.61, 45.56, 46.83
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 65.340, 45.789
Yxy	28.8114, 0.5200, 0.3713
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293553473 (0xFFEA6D41)
YUV	141.3590, -37.6450, 81.2462
Hunter-Lab	53.6763, 40.2652, 28.2559

# Details

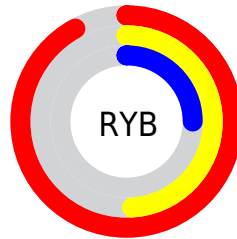
The XYZ color **40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **35.4432, 43.8882, 84.4446**, and the grayscale version is **25.5784, 26.9105, 29.3055**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.4317, 48.6922, 22.5912**, and **18.5286, 11.6395, 1.8004** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.1436, 25.2593, 5.0184**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.2108, 33.2059, 13.4519**.

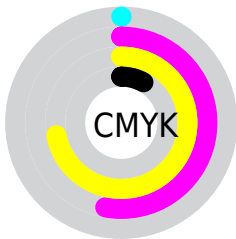
# Distribution



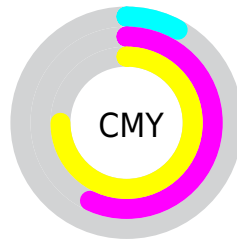
- Red (92%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (75%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.3545, 28.8114,  
8.4353


 40.3545, 28.8114,  
8.4353


338.7243,  
296.3241, 189.1678

 28.0005, 18.9382,  
4.2830


 74.9839, 57.7773,  
23.3676

 18.4665, 11.6256,  
1.7818


 97.9901, 77.6388,  
34.9846


 11.3871, 6.4893,  
0.4159


 125.2777,  
101.5985, 49.9270

 6.3971, 3.1448,  
0.0000

 157.2120,  
130.0408, 68.6133

 3.1309, 1.2078,  
0.0000

 194.1585,  
163.3501, 91.4619

 1.2234, 0.0681,  
0.0000

236.4825,

 0.1247, 0.0000,

201.9108, 118.8916

0.0000

284.5493,  
246.1074, 151.3207

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.3545, 28.8114,  
8.4353

■ 40.3545, 28.8114,  
8.4353

■ 38.1436, 25.2593,  
5.0184

■ 43.2108, 33.2059,  
13.4519

■ 36.5175, 22.4871,  
2.9967


■ 46.7611, 38.4898,  
20.2361

■ 35.5966, 20.8226,  
2.1430


■ 51.0512, 44.7119,  
28.9357


■ 56.1221, 51.9160,  
39.6827

■ 62.0118, 60.1431,  
52.5971

 68.7555, 69.4316,  
67.7897

 76.3865, 79.8182,  
85.3638

 84.9361, 91.3375,  
105.4160

 87.7415, 96.2323,  
108.5580

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.1929, 28.8114, 20.3321



40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353



31.5717, 28.8114, 4.4234

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353



14.4561, 28.8114, 21.2742



32.0497, 28.8114, 100.8720

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



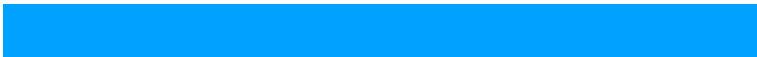
40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353



35.4432, 43.8882, 84.4446

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.5847, 28.8114, 101.5970



40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353



14.5319, 28.8114, 45.8192

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353



17.3075, 28.8114, 8.8188



17.5418, 28.8114, 77.9678



40.7660, 28.8114, 76.3153



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353



25.7772, 28.8114, 4.1095



17.5418, 28.8114, 77.9678



29.0570, 28.8114, 104.2177

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.3552, 28.8130, 8.4358



75.4595, 73.2235, 64.1284



45.3086, 25.0678, 52.1746



15.7117, 15.0619, 12.7514



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.3552, 28.8130, 8.4358



45.2508, 28.8390, 4.6314



53.6804, 55.4635, 12.8776



15.3844, 15.6917, 15.7367



20.0901, 11.8744, 1.2331



1.6536, 1.0845, 0.1222



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.4432, 43.8882, 84.4446



38.7008, 47.5833, 101.7525



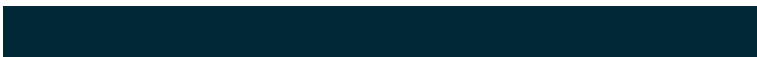
22.3152, 17.6322, 80.0686



15.1665, 16.4194, 19.2922



16.8576, 20.3623, 46.7848



1.4009, 1.7533, 3.6995



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.3545, 28.8114,

8.4353.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353

### Protanopia

26.6736, 29.0846, 11.2292

### Deuteranopia

29.5248, 28.8380, 8.0132



## Tritanopia

42.4116, 28.8812, 18.3782

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353

**Protanomaly**

30.3292, 27.9475, 10.0992

**Deuteranomaly**

32.9186, 28.3318, 8.1485

**Tritanomaly**

41.4354, 28.7784, 13.9606

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353

**Achromatopsia**

25.3171, 26.6356, 29.0061

**Achromatomaly**

28.5101, 26.0067, 19.1399

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 109, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 109, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 109, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 109, 65) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 109, 65) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 109, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 109, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 109, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 109, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 109,  
65) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.3545, 28.8114, 8.4353 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 109, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
109, 65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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