

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.4621, 28.6483, 39.9875)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.4621, 28.6483, 39.9875)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.5008, 28.6745,  
39.9593)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D670A7
RGB	214, 112, 167
RGB Percent	84%, 44%, 65%
CMY	0.1608, 0.5608, 0.3451
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.22, 0.16
HSL	328°, 55%, 64%
HSV	328°, 48%, 84%
XYZ	40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593
YIQ	148.7680, 43.1370, 38.7290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

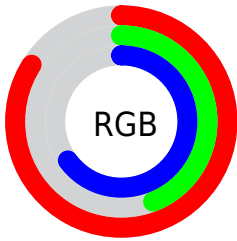
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	214, 112, 167
Decimal	14053543
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	60.49, 46.54, -11.31
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 47.893, 346.345
Yxy	28.6745, 0.3711, 0.2627
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292243623 (0xFFD670A7)
YUV	148.7680, 8.9884, 57.2085
Hunter-Lab	53.5486, 41.2962, -6.7597

# Details

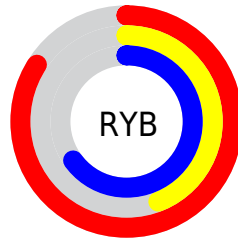
The XYZ color **40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **36.9880, 54.0420, 41.2852**, and the grayscale version is **28.4212, 29.9014, 32.5626**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.0610, 53.8064, 75.9057**, and **18.5631, 11.5338, 17.4675** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.5369, 24.1502, 34.6438**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.0970, 34.3515, 45.8292**.

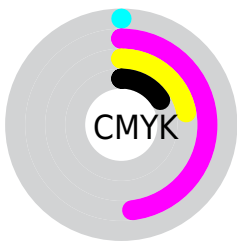
# Distribution



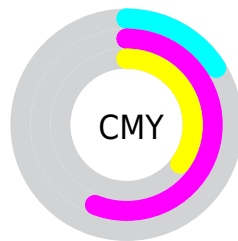
- Red (84%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 40.5008, 28.6745,  
39.9593


 40.5008, 28.6745,  
39.9593


339.3282,  
295.6760, 361.4990


 28.1152, 18.8347,  
27.1933


 75.2050, 57.5595,  
76.3379


 18.5534, 11.5509,  
17.4847


 98.2543, 77.3736,  
100.7876

 11.4501, 6.4387,  
10.4151


 125.5889,  
101.2812, 129.9690

 6.4400, 3.1136,  
5.5658

 157.5741,  
129.6667, 164.3005

 3.1576, 1.1913,  
2.5184

194.5752,  
162.9145, 204.2007

 1.2376, 0.0546,  
0.8499

236.9578,

 0.1358, 0.0000,

201.4091, 250.0881

0.0000

285.0870,  
245.5348, 302.3814

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.5008, 28.6745,  
39.9593

■ 40.5008, 28.6745,  
39.9593

■ 37.5369, 24.1502,  
34.6438

■ 44.0970, 34.3515,  
45.8292

■ 35.1608, 20.6931,  
29.8593

■ 48.3608, 41.2504,  
52.2717

■ 33.3261, 18.2124,  
25.5828


■ 53.3280, 49.4399,  
59.3063


■ 31.9772, 16.5999,  
21.7877


■ 59.0307, 58.9824,  
66.9504


■ 31.0379, 15.7056,  
18.4400

■ 65.4993, 69.9362,  
75.2210

 30.8486, 15.5430,  
17.7110

 72.7621, 82.3560,  
84.1341

 78.6364, 91.8741,  
92.9684

 80.1096, 92.4634,  
100.7261

 81.5417, 93.0362,  
108.2678

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.7818, 28.6745, 61.0794



40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593



40.3131, 28.6745, 22.5943

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593



24.0467, 28.6745, 8.6352



19.8503, 28.6745, 62.8630

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593



36.9880, 54.0420, 41.2852

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3724, 28.6745, 41.8055



40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593



19.5328, 28.6745, 13.1358

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593



30.1552, 28.6745, 8.4609



17.2657, 28.6745, 23.8607



24.5456, 28.6745, 77.3092



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593



37.9832, 28.6745, 15.0906



17.2657, 28.6745, 23.8607



18.7637, 28.6745, 56.0294

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.5016, 28.6759, 39.9599



82.1633, 78.2851, 92.0927



32.0140, 23.7040, 66.5067



17.2042, 16.1190, 19.1924



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.5016, 28.6759, 39.9599



55.8577, 35.9683, 51.5878



36.7436, 27.1727, 20.1704



12.7004, 12.5317, 14.3627



18.6990, 9.4159, 10.9849



1.1694, 0.5846, 0.8816



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.5016, 28.6759, 39.9599



55.8577, 35.9683, 51.5878



42.2259, 56.1371, 68.8673



12.7004, 12.5317, 14.3627



18.6990, 9.4159, 10.9849



1.1694, 0.5846, 0.8816



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

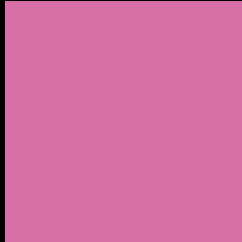
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

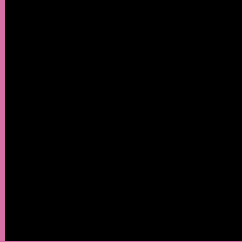
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.5008, 28.6745,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593

### Protanopia

29.3024, 29.0758, 52.2119

### Deuteranopia

29.3315, 28.7269, 38.1813



## Tritanopia

37.1911, 28.6931, 24.0002

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593



## Protanomaly

32.0379, 28.0038, 47.4328



## Deuteranomaly

32.4963, 28.0269, 38.8189



## Tritanomaly

38.1077, 28.5245, 29.0885

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593



## Achromatopsia

28.5667, 30.0544, 32.7292



## Achromatomaly

32.0385, 28.8929, 35.3408

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 112, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 112, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 112, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 112, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 112, 167) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 112, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 112, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 112, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 112, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 112,  
167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.5008, 28.6745, 39.9593 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 112, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
112, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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