

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.4730, 34.0345, 28.8628)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.4730, 34.0345, 28.8628)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.4712, 34.0310,  
28.8617)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D28B8B
RGB	210, 139, 139
RGB Percent	82%, 55%, 55%
CMY	0.1765, 0.4549, 0.4549
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.34, 0.18
HSL	0°, 44%, 68%
HSV	0°, 34%, 82%
XYZ	40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617
YIQ	160.2290, 42.3160, 15.0520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

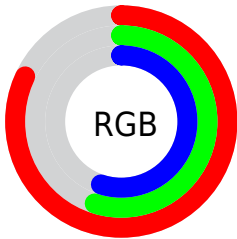
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	210, 139, 139
Decimal	13798283
CIE Lab	64.99, 27.08, 11.16
CIE LCh	65, 29.286, 22.396
Yxy	34.0310, 0.3915, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291988363 (0xFFD28B8B)
YUV	160.2290, -10.4659, 43.6492
Hunter-Lab	58.3361, 21.7478, 11.5016

# Details

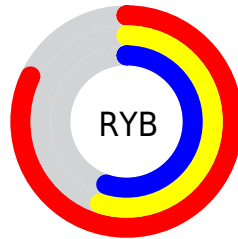
The XYZ color **40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **45.3260, 56.2333, 69.4380**, and the grayscale version is **33.5532, 35.3006, 38.4423**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.8244, 63.2057, 58.3889**, and **18.6193, 14.5707, 11.2823** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.3277, 27.9682, 20.6236**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.4952, 41.3829, 38.8481**.

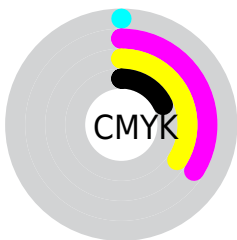
# Distribution



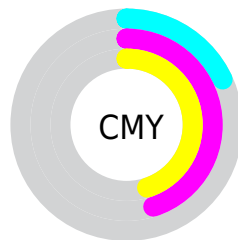
- Red (82%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 40.4712, 34.0310,  
28.8617


 40.4712, 34.0310,  
28.8617


339.2061,  
320.2703, 310.6023


 28.0920, 22.9174,  
18.7315


 75.1603, 65.9819,  
58.8968

 18.5358, 14.5325,  
11.3016


 98.2009, 87.5880,  
79.6389

 11.4374, 8.4920,  
6.1534

 125.5259,  
113.4603, 104.7554

 6.4313, 4.4113,  
2.8683

157.5008,  
143.9834, 134.6648

 3.1522, 1.9062,  
1.0278

194.4910,  
179.5415, 169.7856

 1.2347, 0.5521,  
0.0000

236.8616,

 0.1335, 0.0000,

220.5191, 210.5365

0.0000

284.9782,  
267.3005, 257.3359

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

40.4712, 34.0310,  
28.8617

40.4712, 34.0310,  
28.8617

36.3277, 27.9682,  
20.6236

45.4952, 41.3829,  
38.8481

33.0116, 23.1157,  
14.0314

51.4435, 50.0869,  
50.6730

30.4680, 19.3937,  
8.9752

58.3601, 60.2078,  
64.4232

28.6347, 16.7109,  
5.3309

66.2856, 71.8050,  
80.1790

27.4395, 14.9619,  
2.9552

75.2581, 84.9342,  
98.0163

■ 26.7951, 14.0189,  
1.6745

■ 80.3884, 92.4417,  
108.2138

■ 26.5785, 13.7020,  
1.2439

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.1044, 34.0310, 40.2254



40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617



37.5716, 34.0310, 21.4820

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617



26.3150, 34.0310, 24.5704



31.2802, 34.0310, 65.3012

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617



45.3260, 56.2333, 69.4380

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.6279, 34.0310, 58.7645



40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617



24.9286, 34.0310, 34.0538

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617



29.3418, 34.0310, 19.4076



25.3874, 34.0310, 46.6660



35.5474, 34.0310, 63.0606



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617



34.8705, 34.0310, 18.9776



25.3874, 34.0310, 46.6660



29.9453, 34.0310, 64.0159

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.4721, 34.0326, 28.8624



83.6111, 83.2617, 86.1596



47.4440, 36.8204, 65.5793



17.5792, 17.3576, 17.8115



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.4721, 34.0326, 28.8624



57.7607, 45.4353, 34.7701



46.4716, 46.0317, 30.8622



11.8088, 11.8084, 12.2689



16.2125, 8.3580, 0.7588



0.9065, 0.4674, 0.0424



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.3260, 56.2333, 69.4380



66.4685, 85.2626, 107.5618



37.5135, 40.6081, 66.8338



12.1584, 13.4070, 15.1906



21.1520, 30.9506, 42.0517



1.1827, 1.7306, 2.3513



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

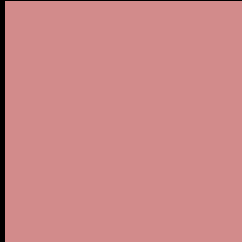
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.4712, 34.0310,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617

### Protanopia

32.5860, 34.0704, 33.2925

### Deuteranopia

34.7996, 34.0864, 28.4121



## Tritanopia

41.2977, 34.1640, 32.4346

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617

## Protanomaly

34.8396, 33.5603, 31.4296

## Deuteranomaly

36.7594, 33.9089, 28.6524

## Tritanomaly

41.0633, 34.0702, 31.2000

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617

## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819

## Achromatomaly

35.2558, 34.1884, 34.4466

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 139, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 139, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 139, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 139, 139) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 139, 139) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 139, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 139, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 139, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 139, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 139,  
139) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.4712, 34.0310, 28.8617 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 139, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
139, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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