

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.4928, 36.6363, 93.6625)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.4928, 36.6363, 93.6625)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.5088, 36.5740,  
93.7314)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	919CF8
RGB	145, 156, 248
RGB Percent	57%, 61%, 97%
CMY	0.4314, 0.3882, 0.0274
CMYK	0.42, 0.37, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	234°, 88%, 77%
HSV	234°, 42%, 97%
XYZ	40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314
YIQ	163.1990, -36.0880, 26.2800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

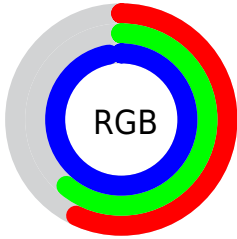
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	145, 155, 248
Decimal	9542904
CIE Lab	66.96, 18.71, -47.23
CIE LCh	67, 50.798, 291.608
Yxy	36.5740, 0.2372, 0.2141
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287732984 (0xFF919CF8)
YUV	163.1990, 41.8069, -15.9605
Hunter-Lab	60.4764, 13.7305, -49.5590

# Details

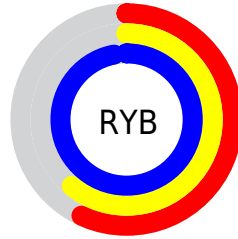
The XYZ color **40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **74.1079, 82.5711, 38.8218**, and the grayscale version is **34.7288, 36.5374, 39.7893**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.4537, 65.8697, 103.8721**, and **18.5754, 15.9886, 51.3973** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.2220, 27.7940, 92.4215**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.4299, 47.2040, 95.3137**.

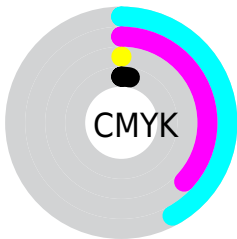
# Distribution



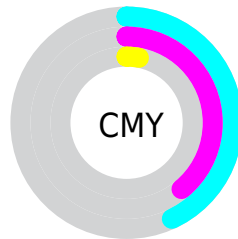
- Red (57%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 40.5088, 36.5740,  
93.7314

■ 40.5088, 36.5740,  
93.7314

339.3612,  
331.4625, 560.9759

■ 28.1214, 24.8778,  
70.4885

■ 75.2171, 69.9171,  
154.4913

■ 18.5581, 15.9861,  
51.4456

■ 98.2688, 92.3328,  
192.8454

■ 11.4536, 9.5143,  
36.1842

125.6059,  
119.0905, 237.0736

■ 6.4423, 5.0781,  
24.2857

157.5939,  
150.5746, 287.5945

■ 3.1590, 2.2932,  
15.3315

194.5980,  
187.1694, 344.8267

■ 1.2384, 0.7701,  
8.9032

236.9837,

■ 0.1364, 0.0000,

229.2594, 409.1886

4.5821

285.1163,  
277.2290, 481.0988

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.9498

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5242

■ 40.5088, 36.5740,  
93.7314

■ 40.5088, 36.5740,  
93.7314

■ 33.2220, 27.7940,  
92.4215

■ 49.4299, 47.2040,  
95.3137

■ 27.4658, 20.7540,  
91.3660

■ 60.0724, 59.7775,  
97.1797

■ 23.1311, 15.3382,  
90.5491

■ 72.5219, 74.3866,  
99.3434

■ 20.0920, 11.4151,  
89.9520

■ 86.8574, 91.1163,  
101.8170

■ 18.2005, 8.8322,  
89.5532

■ 93.9434, 99.5574,  
103.0728

■ 17.3236, 7.5377,  
89.3495

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



32.6448, 36.5740, 98.2752



40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314



47.7156, 36.5740, 72.4133

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314



44.7991, 36.5740, 14.9651



22.0690, 36.5740, 33.9458

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314



74.1079, 82.5711, 38.8218

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.3953, 36.5740, 18.8568



40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314



36.9699, 36.5740, 10.8679

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314



50.4363, 36.5740, 26.1521



29.5870, 36.5740, 11.9664



22.7274, 36.5740, 57.5809



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314



50.8016, 36.5740, 54.7666



29.5870, 36.5740, 11.9664



22.5138, 36.5740, 27.8795

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.5102, 36.5753, 93.7323



76.5666, 78.4353, 105.7118



60.3836, 79.2107, 91.4518



15.9957, 16.3286, 22.5586



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.5102, 36.5753, 93.7323



36.4189, 30.8541, 98.6437



46.9534, 37.2801, 93.5287



16.4322, 16.9412, 21.7892



9.4056, 4.1667, 48.2821



0.9186, 0.4809, 4.4876



# Inverse Universe

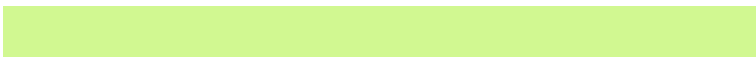
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.8388, 42.6092, 36.7877



53.7104, 38.4947, 29.8434



64.8374, 82.6651, 39.3285



17.3199, 17.2553, 18.2745



21.0395, 10.8315, 1.6506

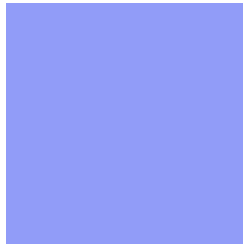


1.9726, 1.0128, 0.2792



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

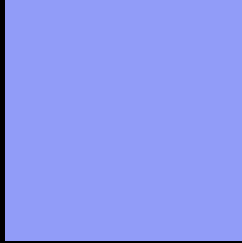
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.5088, 36.5740,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314

### Protanopia

39.0367, 36.7738, 96.3074

### Deuteranopia

37.7349, 36.6936, 93.0894



## Tritanopia

31.6373, 36.3840, 50.1551

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314

## Protanomaly

39.6451, 36.8493, 95.4656

## Deuteranomaly

38.5652, 36.6028, 93.0281

## Tritanomaly

34.3695, 36.1242, 64.1927

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314

## Achromatopsia

34.8123, 36.6253, 39.8849

## Achromatomaly

36.0187, 36.1046, 56.1094

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 156, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 156, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 156, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 156, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 156, 248) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 156, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 156, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 156, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 156, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 156,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.5088, 36.5740, 93.7314 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 156, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
156, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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