

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.5353, 38.0677, 42.4878)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.5353, 38.0677, 42.4878)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(40.3601, 37.8882,  
42.2317)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE9DA8
RGB	190, 157, 168
RGB Percent	75%, 62%, 66%
CMY	0.2549, 0.3843, 0.3412
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.12, 0.25
HSL	340°, 20%, 68%
HSV	340°, 17%, 75%
XYZ	40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317
YIQ	168.1210, 16.1370, 10.4170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

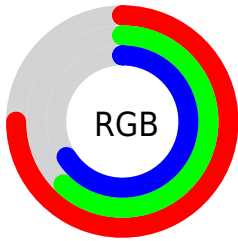
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	190, 157, 168
Decimal	12492200
CIE Lab	67.94, 14.01, -1.13
CIE LCh	68, 14.059, 355.371
Yxy	37.8882, 0.3350, 0.3145
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290682280 (0xFFBE9DA8)
YUV	168.1210, -0.0597, 19.1879
Hunter-Lab	61.5534, 9.3227, 2.4086

# Details

The XYZ color **40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **40.4563, 47.2508, 49.6382**, and the grayscale version is **37.2744, 39.2156, 42.7058**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.2205, 72.1888, 79.7813**, and **18.4598, 16.8033, 18.7934** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.2690, 31.5032, 35.3263**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.0683, 45.3223, 49.9110**.

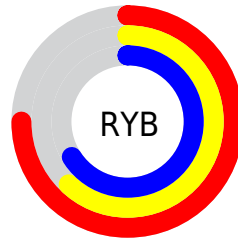
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (62%)

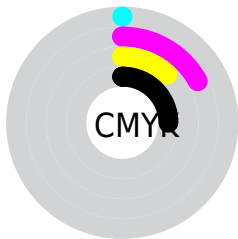
Blue (66%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (66%)

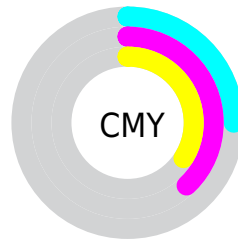


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



40.3601, 37.8882,  
42.2317

40.3601, 37.8882,  
42.2317

338.7475,  
337.1401, 371.2705

28.0049, 25.8959,  
28.9558

74.9924, 71.9367,  
79.8240

18.4698, 16.7458,  
18.8021

98.0002, 94.7618,  
104.9776

11.3895, 10.0534,  
11.3520

125.2896,  
121.9666, 134.9275

6.3987, 5.4344,  
6.1870

157.2259,  
153.9355, 170.0922

3.1319, 2.5043,  
2.8885

194.1745,  
191.0529, 210.8903

1.2239, 0.8788,  
1.0380

236.5007,

0.1251, 0.0000,

233.7032, 257.7404

0.0000

284.5699,  
282.2708, 311.0609

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

40.3601, 37.8882,  
42.2317

40.3601, 37.8882,  
42.2317

36.2690, 31.5032,  
35.3263

45.0683, 45.3223,  
49.9110

32.7654, 26.1150,  
29.1675

50.4149, 53.8449,  
58.3854

29.8221, 21.6740,  
23.7297

56.4244, 63.4993,  
67.6785

27.4085, 18.1248,  
18.9850

63.1189, 74.3251,  
77.8119

25.4907, 15.4059,  
14.9035

70.5195, 86.3600,  
88.8066

■ 24.0310, 13.4479,  
11.4527

■ 73.3260, 88.9995,  
98.9092

■ 22.9853, 12.1700,  
8.5968

■ 75.0455, 89.6873,  
107.9638

■ 22.2927, 11.4571,  
6.2928

■ 22.1417, 11.3098,  
5.7658

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.5776, 37.8882, 48.4700



40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317



39.9395, 37.8882, 36.3137

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317



34.2426, 37.8882, 31.3162



33.6783, 37.8882, 51.9587

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317



40.4563, 47.2508, 49.6382

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.3501, 37.8882, 46.6228



40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317



32.6665, 37.8882, 34.7919

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317



36.3514, 37.8882, 30.3931



31.9872, 37.8882, 40.2911



35.6739, 37.8882, 54.4353



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317



39.0420, 37.8882, 33.2754



31.9872, 37.8882, 40.2911



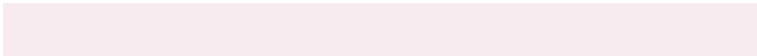
33.1422, 37.8882, 50.4153

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.3612, 37.8899, 42.2325



83.7800, 85.4826, 93.8262



39.9430, 37.4171, 53.8329



18.2516, 18.5395, 20.3704



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.3612, 37.8899, 42.2325



70.0620, 63.8402, 71.3927



40.3309, 39.4003, 37.3796



9.6578, 9.5874, 10.5870



14.7557, 7.5334, 4.0072



0.6090, 0.3075, 0.3201



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.3612, 37.8899, 42.2325



70.0620, 63.8402, 71.3927



40.4448, 45.3761, 55.3427



9.6578, 9.5874, 10.5870



14.7557, 7.5334, 4.0072

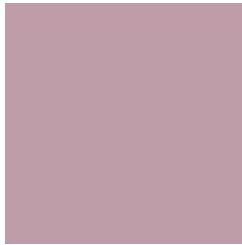


0.6090, 0.3075, 0.3201



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

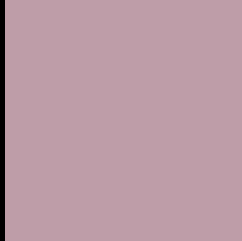
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

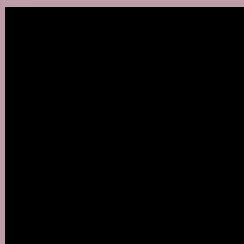
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.3601, 37.8882,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317

### Protanopia

36.9343, 38.1429, 44.9508

### Deuteranopia

38.7760, 38.1035, 41.8702



## Tritanopia

40.4536, 37.9257, 42.7244

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317

## Protanomaly

37.9502, 37.8949, 43.8423

## Deuteranomaly

39.3130, 38.1220, 41.8455

## Tritanomaly

40.4536, 37.9257, 42.7244

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317

## Achromatopsia

37.2190, 39.1572, 42.6422

## Achromatomaly

38.2478, 38.6082, 42.4820

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 157, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 157, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 157, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 157, 168) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

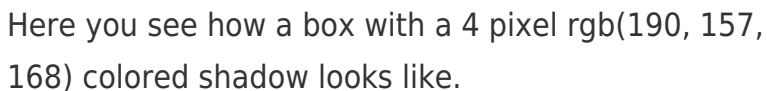
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 157, 168) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 157, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 157, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 157, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 157, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 157,  
168) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.3601, 37.8882, 42.2317 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 157, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
157, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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