

# Converting Colors

XYZ(40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(40.5362, 51.7286,  
31.5150)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A2CA89
RGB	162, 202, 137
RGB Percent	64%, 79%, 54%
CMY	0.3647, 0.2078, 0.4627
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.32, 0.21
HSL	97°, 38%, 66%
HSV	97°, 32%, 79%
XYZ	40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150
YIQ	182.6300, -2.9750, -28.6950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

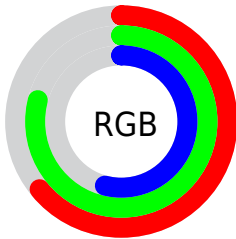
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">137, 202, 177</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10668681</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">77.12, -25.01, 28.25</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">77, 37.732, 131.517</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">51.7286, 0.3275, 0.4179</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288858761 (0xFFA2CA89)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">182.6300, -22.4956, -18.0925</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">71.9226, -25.2604, 24.3662</a>

# Details

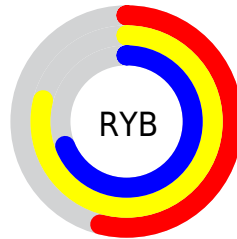
The XYZ color **40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **37.7399, 31.5041, 59.9717**, and the grayscale version is **44.9287, 47.2685, 51.4753**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.0774, 90.1870, 62.7938**, and **18.5763, 25.1029, 12.6704** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.8193, 49.9661, 24.4723**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.7768, 53.7328, 40.0004**.

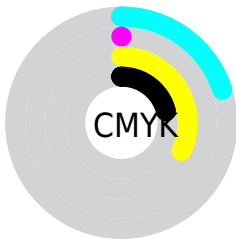
# Distribution



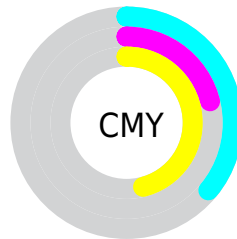
- Red (64%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 40.5362, 51.7286,  
31.5150

■ 40.5362, 51.7286,  
31.5150

339.4742,  
393.3880, 323.3283

■ 28.1429, 36.7888,  
20.7296

■ 75.2585, 92.7309,  
63.1390

■ 18.5744, 25.0440,  
12.7372

■ 98.3182, 119.5621,  
84.8147

■ 11.4654, 16.1098,  
7.1192

■ 125.6642,  
151.1259, 110.9576

■ 6.4503, 9.6019,  
3.4572

157.6616,  
187.8068, 141.9861

■ 3.1640, 5.1358,  
1.3326

194.6760,  
229.9890, 178.3190

■ 1.2411, 2.3272,  
0.0882

237.0727,

■ 0.1385, 0.7880,

278.0570, 220.3746

0.0000

285.2170,  
332.3952, 268.5715

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 40.5362, 51.7286,  
31.5150

■ 40.5362, 51.7286,  
31.5150

■ 36.8193, 49.9661,  
24.4723

■ 44.7768, 53.7328,  
40.0004

■ 33.5997, 48.4288,  
18.7888

■ 49.5579, 55.9813,  
49.9993

■ 30.8546, 47.1084,  
14.3773


■ 54.9007, 58.4847,  
61.5816


■ 28.5573, 45.9934,  
11.1396


■ 60.8237, 61.2515,  
74.8120


■ 26.6781, 45.0709,  
8.9625


■ 67.3447, 64.2892,  
89.7518

 25.1825, 44.3260,  
7.7109

 73.9603, 67.3974,  
103.7186

 24.2379, 43.8497,  
7.1864

 78.2467, 69.6071,  
103.9192

 80.4116, 70.7232,  
104.0205

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.4495, 51.7286, 25.6849



40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150



37.1533, 51.7286, 44.6492

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150



44.9004, 51.7286, 103.0055



64.0433, 51.7286, 48.7609

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150



37.7399, 31.5041, 59.9717

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.5247, 51.7286, 69.8741



40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150



51.9874, 51.7286, 104.8842

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150



39.4978, 51.7286, 86.9598



58.9422, 51.7286, 91.5970



60.2967, 51.7286, 33.8887



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150



36.5671, 51.7286, 57.3818



58.9422, 51.7286, 91.5970



64.3711, 51.7286, 55.2786

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



40.5375, 51.7308, 31.5161



85.6731, 95.6093, 88.4343



44.3999, 45.4154, 30.0936



18.0725, 20.3400, 18.3612



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

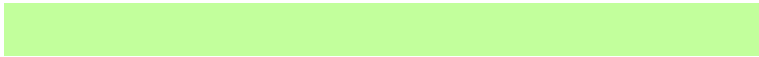


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



40.5375, 51.7308, 31.5161



63.9187, 85.3475, 44.3579



36.4345, 49.5601, 33.8323



11.4692, 12.7437, 11.9347



15.6886, 28.2631, 4.6284



0.8934, 1.5014, 0.2427



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.7399, 31.5041, 59.9717



58.4051, 45.5601, 100.3234



43.2117, 34.4120, 56.2939



11.2535, 11.1800, 14.1352



12.3401, 5.5691, 36.3808



0.7197, 0.3302, 1.8807



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

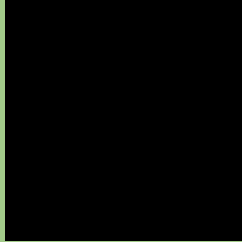
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 40.5362, 51.7286,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150

### Protanopia

47.7552, 51.4720, 29.2479

### Deuteranopia

52.2761, 51.2263, 32.3317



## Tritanopia

47.6887, 51.5782, 67.1166

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150

## Protanomaly

44.5811, 51.1236, 30.0724

## Deuteranomaly

47.0186, 50.7061, 32.1201

## Tritanomaly

44.5456, 51.2923, 51.8086

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150

## Achromatopsia

45.0092, 47.3531, 51.5676

## Achromatomaly

42.9756, 48.6940, 43.2102

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 202, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 202, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 202, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 202, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 202, 137) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 202, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 202, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 202, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 202, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 202,  
137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 40.5362, 51.7286, 31.5150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 202, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
202, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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